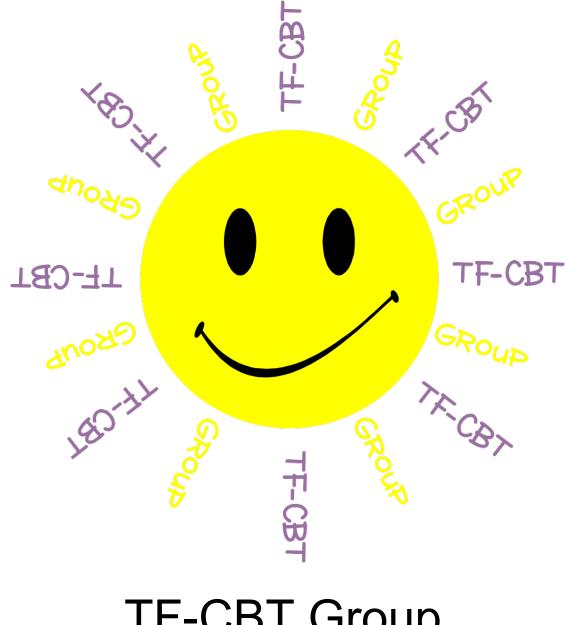
### OUHSC Child Trauma Services Program



TF-CBT Group Curriculum



### Acknowledgment

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The current TF-CBT Group Curriculum Manual was developed and refined through many years of application of the treatment. Amanda Mitten, Natalie Gallo, Hannah Frye, Melissa Bernstein, and Saba Shahid contributed significantly to previous revisions of the manual. We wish to also thank Lindsey Peters, Kate Theimer, and Ashley Galsky for their assistance. This manual and work is dedicated to the families who have cared for children with a trauma history with whom we have worked.

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TF-CBT Group Session 1: Introduction to Group

### **Rationale**

A primary goal for this session is to begin building therapeutic rapport with children and caregivers and establishing a supportive group environment. Because trauma-impacted children may experience heightened difficulty coping with unknown situations, it is important to provide group participants with information about the purpose and structure of the group. This session also provides the first opportunity to establish group as a safe and helpful place to talk about traumatic experiences and reactions. Group leaders begin demonstrating their knowledge about and comfort with the topic of childhood trauma.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will demonstrate an understanding of the group purpose, format, and rules.
- 2. Caregivers will enhance their understanding of the personal impact of parenting a child impacted by trauma.
- 3. Caregivers will learn the possible impacts and manifestations of trauma in children.

#### **Child Objectives**

- 1. Child will demonstrate an understanding of the group purpose, format, and rules.
- 2. Children will learn the possible impacts of trauma and stress on children.
- 3. Children will learn diaphragmatic breathing to assist in relaxation and coping.
- 4. Children will learn about safe and appropriate people to communicate with about their traumatic experiences.
- 5. Children will begin gradual exposure by identifying their trauma type and innocuous personal information to group leaders.

| Children's Group: Littles      |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Children's folders             | Belly Breaths handout  |
| Group Rules poster             | Person outline on butcher paper                                  |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Toy ball (medium-sized and soft)                                 |
| Tape/stick tack                | Materials folders and decorating items                           |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | PTSD Symptom Images handout                                      |
| A Terrible Thing Happened book |  |
| Children's Group: Middles      |  |
| Children's folders             | Belly Breaths handout  |
| Group Rules poster             | Person outline on butcher paper                                  |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Toy ball (medium-sized and soft)                                 |
| Tape/stick tack                | Materials folders and decorating items                           |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | PTSD Symptom Images handout                                      |
| Healing Days book              |  |
| Children's Group: Bigs         |  |
| Children's folders             | Belly Breaths handout  |
| Group Rules poster             | Toy ball (medium-sized and soft)                                 |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Materials folders and decorating items                           |
| Tape/stick tack                | PTSD Symptom Images handout                                      |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | Healing Days book, if needed                                     |
| Caregivers' Group              |  |
| Materials folders              | Child TF-CBT workbook pages – Belly Breaths, Feel Better<br>Plan |
| Pens/Pencils                   | Homework 1   |
| Name tags                      |  |

#### Materials



| Session 1 Children's Group – Littles (5-7)   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
|--|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 1. Introduction/Orientation  | Time       | 10 minutes                    | Lead Therapist        |  |  |  |
| Begin in a small group with children, caregivers, and their contact therapist to introduce the group.  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| Explain group rationale  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| • TF-CBT group is to help children who have gone through scary, upsetting and traumatic  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| experiences.   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Children and families will learn ways to cope with tough feelings, thoughts and memories of<br/>their upsetting experiences.</li> </ul> |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Parents and other care<br/>difficult experiences.</li> </ul>  | -          |                               | eir children and fam  | llies heal from their                      |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain group logistics, includin</li> </ul>  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| • This is the first of 7 gro   |            |                               | ld groups.            |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>First 5 weeks will have</li> </ul>  |            |                               | -                     |  |  |  |
| • 6:20-6:30 – Tra  |            | group and Caregivers' G       | Bloup                 |  |  |  |
| • 6:30-6:50 – Co   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
|  |            | nart reviews and check-       | out                   |  |  |  |
| ○ Weeks 6-12+:   |            |                               | our                   |  |  |  |
|  | eduled a   | according to family pref      | erence to begin indi  | vidualized work                            |  |  |
|  |            | eks 6 and 7 will be held      |                       |  |  |  |
| Divide into the separate child-ca  | aregiver   | groups                        |                       |  |  |  |
| 2. Introduce group rules   | Time       | 5 minutes                     | Lead Therapist        |  |  |  |
| Review the group rules poster.   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain the definition of "careging"</li> </ul>   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Review confidentiality and duty</li> </ul>  | •          |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain and assign group speci</li> </ul>   | al helpei  | ſS                            |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain the "road map" chart</li> </ul>   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Children will be rewarded</li> </ul>  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Each child will have a c</li> </ul>   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Every 15 minutes, grou<br/>been following group ru</li> </ul>   | p leader   | s will move anead one s       | space the car of eac  | ch child who has                           |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Children whose cars m<br/>able to pick a prize from</li> </ul>  | ake it to  |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain the behavior place</li> </ul>   |            |                               |                       | 6551011.                                   |  |  |
|  |            | es not follow group rule      |                       | e reminder                                 |  |  |
|  |            | does not follow group         |                       |  |  |  |
|  |            | nt and it will be sent to the |                       |  |  |  |
| the rules.   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| The third time a   | a child do | pes not follow the rules,     | they will go with a t | herapist to a 5-                           |  |  |
| minute time-   | out outs   | ide of the group room d       | oor.                  |  |  |  |
|  |            | does not following the r      |                       | will be called to talk                     |  |  |
|  |            | de if the child can remai     |                       |  |  |  |
| The fifth time a child does not for  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| session, they will meet with the   | caregive   | er and counselor to ens       | ure that they know t  | the rules the child                        |  |  |
| must follow to remain ingroup.   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| 3. Activity: Ice Breaker   | Time       | 10 minutes                    | Lead Therapist        |  |  |  |
| The Ball Game:   | TIME       |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Before the children sit, have the</li> </ul>  | m stand    | arm's length apart in a       | circle. The theranis  | t leading this                             |  |  |
| activity should have a soft medi   | um-size    | d toy ball. Explain that t    |                       |  |  |  |
| game in which everyone is goin   |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Identify the rules of the game: T<br/>to another group member.</li> </ul>   | he perso   | on with the ball has to s     | ay their name and g   | gently toss the ball                       |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Have a therapist start the game</li> </ul>  |            | ing the ball and saying       | his or her name. Th   | etherapist                                 |  |  |
| should then toss the ball to a ch  |            | a and gently to the l         | oll to onother        | n in the group                             |  |  |
| The child should say his or her  |            |                               |                       |  |  |  |
| The game finishes after everyor  | ie nas h   | au the chance to say th       | ien name at least tw  | /O TIMES.<br>Child Trauma Services Program |  |  |

| 4.          | Introduction to trauma  | Time                                | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |  |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
|             | <ul> <li>Remind the children that everyone in this group has gone through a scary or upsetting experience called a trauma.</li> <li>Share that not every child has gone through the same types of upsetting experiences.</li> <li>Emphasize that children can go through different types of traumatic experiences. For example, some children may have experienced something like a fire or a tornado, being hurt in an accident or by another person, or seeing or knowing someone you care about get hurt ordie.</li> </ul>   |                                     |   |   |  |  |
| <u>Acti</u> | have gone through traumatic ex  | g that yo<br>kperience<br>s and ref | es like each of the child<br>lections by group memb | tory that was written for children who<br>ren in thisgroup.<br>ers about experiencing similar reactions |  |  |
| 5.          | Identifying PTSD Symptoms   | Time                                | 15 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |  |
|             | <ul> <li>Tell kids that we are going to create an image to help teach their caregivers about how kids feel and react after trauma. Remind them that they just learned some ways in the book we read.</li> <li>Get out the butcher paper with the outline of a kid and the visual PTSD symptom cards. Let kids take turns drawing a card, therapists should read the description, then the child can stick the card on the figure.</li> <li>Normalize that kids can have different feelings and reactions. Educate that it is tough to be a kid, play and have fun after trauma, but we are going to learn ways to feel better.</li> </ul> |                                     |   |   |  |  |
| 6.          | Decorating and Check Out  | Time                                | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |  |
| •           | In the event of dysregulation, ha<br>favorite part of group this evenin<br>If time allows, encourage the chi<br>some of their favorite things.<br>Prepare for combined time.  | g.                                  |   |   |  |  |

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| Session 1 Children's  | Group – Middle  | s (7-9)   |                              |  |  |
|---|---|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Introduction/Orientation   | <b>Time</b> 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |                              |  |  |
| Begin in a small group with children, ca  |   | -   | aroup                        |  |  |
| Explain group rationale   |   |   |                              |  |  |
| • TF-CBT group is to help children who have gone through scary, upsetting and traumatic |   |   |                              |  |  |
| experiences.  |   |   |                              |  |  |
| their upsetting experie   |   |   |                              |  |  |
| difficult experiences.  | egivers will learn ways to he                                 | elp their children and fam                            | ilies heal from their        |  |  |
| Explain group logistics, includi  |   |   |                              |  |  |
|   | oup sessions. There will be<br>the following schedule:        | 5 child groups.                                       |                              |  |  |
|   | hildren's group and Caregiv                                   | ers' Group  |                              |  |  |
|   | ransition to family groups                                    |   |                              |  |  |
|   | ombined family groups   |   |                              |  |  |
|   | ehavior chart reviews and c                                   | heck-out  |                              |  |  |
| • Weeks 6-12+:  |   |   |                              |  |  |
|   | cheduled according to family                                  |   |                              |  |  |
|   | up for weeks 6 and 7 will be                                  | e held for 1 hour at typica                           | l group time                 |  |  |
| Divide into the separate child-o  |   | Lood Therewist  |                              |  |  |
| 2. Introduce group rules  | <b>Time</b> 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |                              |  |  |
| Review the group rules poster.  |   |   |                              |  |  |
| Explain the definition of "careg  |   | -   |                              |  |  |
| Review confidentiality and duty   |   | S   |                              |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Explain and assign group spec</li> <li>Explain the "read man" short</li> </ul> | ciai neipers  |   |                              |  |  |
| Explain the "road map" chart     Children will be reward                                | dad for following the rules d                                 |   |                              |  |  |
|   | ded for following the rules d<br>car that will move along the |   |                              |  |  |
|   | up leaders will move ahead                                    |   | ch child who has             |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Children whose cars n</li> </ul>   | nake it to the end of the roa<br>m the treasure trunk at the  | d by the end of the group<br>end of the family groups | o session will be<br>ession. |  |  |
|   | olan for children who do not                                  |   |                              |  |  |
|   | a child does not follow grou                                  |   |                              |  |  |
|   | me a child does not follow g                                  |   |                              |  |  |
|   | checkpoint and it will be se                                  | nt to the pit stop until they                         | begin following              |  |  |
| the rules.  | a shild doop not follow the                                   | rules they will go with a t                           | boropiet to a 5              |  |  |
|   | a child does not follow the<br>e-out outside of the group ro  |   | inerapist to a 5-            |  |  |
|   | e a child does not following                                  |   | will be called to talk       |  |  |
|   | and decide if the child can                                   |   |                              |  |  |
| • The fifth time a child does not   |   |   | Before the next group        |  |  |
| session, they will meet with the  |   |   |                              |  |  |
| must follow to remain ingroup.  |   |   |                              |  |  |
|   |   |   |                              |  |  |
| 3. Activity: Ice Breaker  | Time 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |                              |  |  |
| The Ball Game:  |   |   |                              |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Before the children sit, have th</li> </ul>                                    | em stand arm's length apa                                     | rt in a circle. The therapis                          | t leading this               |  |  |
| activity should have a soft med   |   |   |                              |  |  |
| game in which everyone is goi   |   |   |                              |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Identify the rules of the game:</li> </ul>                                     | The person with the ball ha                                   | s to say their name and g                             | gently toss the ball         |  |  |
| to another group member.  |   |   |                              |  |  |
| Have a therapist start the gam  |   | aying his or her name. Th                             | etherapist                   |  |  |
| should then toss the ball to a c  |   | <b>the hell t</b> e                                   | n in the arrest              |  |  |
| <ul> <li>The child should say his or her</li> </ul>                                     |   |   |                              |  |  |
| <ul> <li>I he game finishes after</li> </ul>  | er everyone has had the ch                                    | ance to say their name a                              | i least two times.           |  |  |

FCBT

|    | Introduction to trauma  | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
|    | <ul> <li>Remind the children that everyone in this group has gone through a scary or upsetting experience called a trauma.</li> <li>Share that not every child has gone through the same types of upsetting experiences.</li> <li>Emphasize that children can go through different types of traumatic experiences. For example, some children may have experienced something like a fire or a tornado, being hurt in an accident or by another person, or seeing or knowing someone you care about get hurt ordie.</li> </ul>   |  |  |   |   |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>vity: "Healing Days" Book</li> <li>Introduce the book by explaining who have gone through trauma</li> <li>Read pages 1-12, ending prior</li> <li>Allow time for questions and refit their traumatic experiences.</li> <li>Normalize the reactions and shift reduce these reactions.</li> <li>Explain that you are good together in today's ses</li> </ul>  | atic exper<br>to the inf<br>flections<br>are that t<br>ving to tea | riences like each of the e<br>troduction of "Fight, Flig<br>by group members abou  | children in thisgrou<br>ht, Freeze" on page<br>it experiencing simi<br>s children learn way | p.<br>e13.<br>lar reactions after<br>rs to manage and |  |  |
| 5. | Identifying PTSD Symptoms   | Time   | 15 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Tell kids that we are going to create an image to help teach their caregivers about how kids feel and react after trauma. Remind them that they just learned some ways in the book we read.</li> <li>Get out the butcher paper with the outline of a kid and the visual PTSD symptom cards. Let kids take turns drawing a card, therapists should read the description, then the child can stick the card on the figure.</li> <li>Normalize that kids can have different feelings and reactions. Educate that it is tough to be a kid, play and have fun after trauma, but we are going to learn ways to feel better.</li> </ul> |  |  |   |   |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Get out the butcher paper with<br/>turns drawing a card, therapists<br/>figure.</li> <li>Normalize that kids can have d</li> </ul>   | the outlir<br>s should<br>ifferent fe                              | ne of a kid and the visua<br>read the description, the<br>eelings and reactions. E | I PTSD symptom c<br>on the child can stic<br>ducate that it is tou                          | ards. Let kids take<br>k the card on the              |  |  |
| 6. | <ul> <li>Get out the butcher paper with<br/>turns drawing a card, therapists<br/>figure.</li> <li>Normalize that kids can have d</li> </ul>   | the outlir<br>s should<br>ifferent fe                              | ne of a kid and the visua<br>read the description, the<br>eelings and reactions. E | I PTSD symptom c<br>on the child can stic<br>ducate that it is tou                          | ards. Let kids take<br>k the card on the              |  |  |



| ١.  | Introduction/   | Orientation   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |                                  |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
|   |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
| eg  | jin in a small gr   | oup with children,  | caregivers   | and their contact th   | nerapist to introduce the group.  |                                  |
|   |   | oup rationale   |  |  |   |                                  |
|   |   |   | help childre   | n who have gone th   | rough scary, upsetting and traumati   | С                                |
| <ul> <li>experiences.</li> <li>Children and families will learn ways to cope with tough feelings, thoughts and memories of</li> </ul> |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
| their upsetting experiences.  |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
| <ul> <li>Parents and other caregivers will learn ways to help their children and families heal from their</li> </ul>                  |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
| <ul> <li>difficult experiences.</li> <li>Explain group logistics, including group agendas</li> </ul>                                  |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
|   |   |   |  | agendas<br>ons. There will be 5  | child arouns  |                                  |
|   |   | st 5 weeks will ha  |  |  | crind groups.   |                                  |
|   | 0 11  |   |  | group and Caregive   | rs' Group   |                                  |
|   |   | • 6:20-6:30 -   | Transition t   | o family groups  |   |                                  |
|   |   | • 6:30-6:50 -   |  |  |   |                                  |
|   |   |   | Behavior cl  | nart reviews and ch  | eck-out   |                                  |
|   | • We  | eeks 6-12+:<br>• Kids will be   | schedulad  | according to family  | preference to begin individualized w  | ork                              |
|   |   |   |  |  | neld for 1 hour at typical group time   |                                  |
|   | Divide into   |   | •  |  | fold for i flour at typical group time  |                                  |
|   | Divide into the separate child-caregiver groups   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
|   |   |   |  |  |   |                                  |
|   | Explain the   | e group rules poste<br>e definition of "care  | egiver"  |  | Lead Therapist  |                                  |
| 2.  | <ul> <li>Review the</li> <li>Explain the</li> <li>Review col</li> <li>Explain that</li> <li>Explain an</li> <li>o Explain an</li> </ul>   | e group rules poste<br>e definition of "care<br>nfidentiality and du<br>at following group<br>d assign group lea<br>plain the behavior<br>• The first and<br>reminder.<br>• The first and<br>reminder.<br>• The third tin<br>minute tin<br>• The fourth ti<br>to the chil<br>ne a child does no             | er. Invite ad<br>egiver"<br>uty to repor<br>rules will le<br>aders<br>r plan for ch<br>d second tin<br>me a child<br>ime a child<br>ld and decid<br>ot follow the<br>the caregive              | ditional rules that m<br>t harmful behaviors<br>ad to earning a priz<br>ildren who do not fo<br>ne a child does not<br>does not follow the<br>ide of the group roo<br>does not following t<br>de if the child can re   | embers would like to add to the list.<br>e at session end.<br>ollow group rules:<br>follow group rules, they will geta rul<br>rules, they will go with a therapist<br>m door.<br>ne rules, their caregiver will be called   | to a 5-<br>d to talk<br>xt group |
|   | <ul> <li>Review the Explain the Review color is the Review color is the Explain that is the Explain an O Explain an O</li></ul> | e group rules poste<br>e definition of "care<br>nfidentiality and du<br>at following group<br>d assign group lea<br>plain the behavior<br>• The first and<br>reminder.<br>• The third tin<br>minute tin<br>• The fourth ti<br>to the chil<br>ne a child does no<br>y will meet with to<br>to remain in grou | er. Invite ad<br>egiver"<br>uty to repor<br>rules will le<br>aders<br>r plan for ch<br>d second tin<br>me a child of<br>ime a child of<br>ld and decid<br>of follow the<br>the caregive<br>up. | ditional rules that m<br>t harmful behaviors<br>ad to earning a priz<br>ildren who do not fo<br>ne a child does not<br>does not follow the<br>ide of the group roo<br>does not following t<br>de if the child can re<br>rules, they will be s<br>er and counselor to | e at session end.<br>ollow group rules:<br>follow group rules, they will geta rule<br>rules, they will go with a therapist<br>m door.<br>ne rules, their caregiver will be called<br>main in group.<br>sent home from group. Before the ne<br>ensure that they know the rules the   | to a 5-<br>d to talk<br>xt group |
| 2.  | <ul> <li>Review the</li> <li>Explain the</li> <li>Review col</li> <li>Explain that</li> <li>Explain an</li> <li>o Explain an</li> </ul>   | e group rules poste<br>e definition of "care<br>nfidentiality and du<br>at following group<br>d assign group lea<br>plain the behavior<br>• The first and<br>reminder.<br>• The third tin<br>minute tin<br>• The fourth ti<br>to the chil<br>ne a child does no<br>y will meet with to<br>to remain in grou | er. Invite ad<br>egiver"<br>uty to repor<br>rules will le<br>aders<br>r plan for ch<br>d second tin<br>me a child<br>ime a child<br>ld and decid<br>ot follow the<br>the caregive              | ditional rules that m<br>t harmful behaviors<br>ad to earning a priz<br>ildren who do not fo<br>ne a child does not<br>does not follow the<br>ide of the group roo<br>does not following t<br>de if the child can re   | embers would like to add to the list.<br>e at session end.<br>ollow group rules:<br>follow group rules, they will geta rule<br>rules, they will go with a therapist<br>m door.<br>he rules, their caregiver will be called<br>main in group.<br>sent home from group. Before the ne | to a 5-<br>d to talk<br>xt group |



| 4.    | Introduction to trauma  | Time   | 20 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |
|-------|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
|       | <ul> <li>Remind the children that every called a trauma.</li> <li>Share that not every child has generated that children can generate that children can generate children may have experienced another person, or seeing or known.</li> </ul>   | gone thro<br>through<br>somethi  | ough the same types of<br>a different types of traum<br>ing like a fire or a tornad  | upsetting experienc<br>natic experiences. F<br>o, being hurt in an a   | es.<br>For example, some                            |  |  |
| Activ | vity: "Healing Days" Book <b>*Optiona</b><br>Introduce the book by explaining<br>gone through traumatic experien<br>Read pages 1-12, ending prior to<br>Allow time for questions and refle<br>traumatic experiences.<br>Normalize the reactions and sha<br>reduce these reactions, taking be<br>Explain that you are going to tea<br>families come back together in to  | that you<br>ces like<br>the intrections b<br>re that th<br>reaks as<br>ch famili | are going to read a sto<br>each of the children in the<br>oduction of "Fight, Flight<br>by group members about<br>his group program helps<br>needed for distress or he<br>es ways of managing ar | ry that was written<br>his group.<br>t, Freeze" on page<br>t experiencing simil<br>children learn way<br>neavy emotions. | 13.<br>lar reactions after their<br>s to manage and |  |  |
|       | <ul> <li>families come back together in today's session.</li> <li><u>Activity:</u> Body, Heart, Mind <ul> <li>Place 3 posters on the wall, one with a body outline, one with a heart and one with abrain.</li> <li>Place the cut-out PTSD reactions in a bag.</li> <li>Share with the group that many youth who go through scary and upsetting traumas have common types of reactions in their bodies, changes in their feelings, and changes in their thoughts.</li> <li>State that group members will take turns drawing different types of common reactions and place them on the body, heart or brain poster, depending on what type of reaction it is. Members will be asked to share from 0-10 how strong that reaction is for them.</li> <li>Therapists will facilitate the conversation about different trauma reactions are across group members.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |  |  |  |   |  |  |
| 5.    | Decorating and Check Out  | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |
|       | <ul> <li>In the event of dysregulation, h favorite part of group this eveni</li> <li>If time allows, encourage the cl some of their favorite things.</li> <li>Prepare for combined time.</li> </ul>   | ng.  |  |  |   |  |  |

| Session 1   | Caregivers  | s' Gro   | up   |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1. Introduction/  | Orientation   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |
| <ul> <li>Begin in a small group with children, caregivers, and their contact therapist to introduce the group.</li> <li>Explain group rationale <ul> <li>TF-CBT group is to help children who have gone through scary, upsetting and traumatic experiences.</li> <li>Children and families will learn ways to cope with tough feelings, thoughts and memories of their upsetting experiences.</li> <li>Parents and other caregivers will learn ways to help their children and families heal from their difficult experiences.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explain group logistics, including group agendas <ul> <li>This is the first of 7 group sessions. There will be 5 child groups.</li> <li>First 5 weeks will have the following schedule: <ul> <li>5:30-6:20 – Children's group and Caregivers' Group</li> <li>6:20-6:30 – Transition to family groups</li> <li>6:30-6:50 – Combined family groups</li> <li>6:50-7:00 – Behavior chart reviews and check-out</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul> |   |  |  |   |   |  |
|   |   | up for we  | according to family pref<br>eks 6 and 7 will be held<br>groups                                   |   |   |  |
| 2. Caregivers' 0  | Group Introduction  | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |
| personaliz<br>● Facilitate o<br>○ Th<br>○ Th<br>○ Ide   | e their name tags ar<br>caregiver introduction<br>ne name and age of  | nd folders<br>ns, asking<br>their child<br>of other c<br>ning abou   | g them to provide the fo<br>I and their relationship t<br>hildren in their home<br>t their child | ollowing information:   |   |  |
| 3. Group Orient   | tation  | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |
| <ul> <li>Th</li> <li>Th</li> <li>Th</li> <li>Ea</li> <li>Ea</li> <li>We will en session an</li> <li>Explain tha of reasons</li> </ul>   | his curriculum is desi<br>Cognitive-Behaviora<br>e main goals of TF-<br>• Teach chi<br>• Teach chi<br>• Teach ski<br>experience<br>• Reduce d<br>• Help chilo<br>• Support fa<br>ach week will be spe<br>program. Because of<br>and skill acquisition.<br>aregivers will be give<br>the tools to help the<br>d each session with<br>at children can some<br>s – sometimes fear a<br>disappointment. Whe | dren who<br>igned to f<br>al Therapy<br>CBT are<br>ildren skil<br>ils for cop<br>ces<br>listress re<br>dren deve<br>amilies in<br>ent on a d<br>of this, reg<br>en informa<br>m implem<br>their care<br>etimes be<br>about how<br>en this ha |  | ed treatment, Traum<br>emotional expression<br>is and thoughts relat<br>ies<br>se<br>ve effects of trauma.<br>taught will build throit<br>e is important to sup<br>ildren are learning in<br>de of the therapyses<br>en to share what the<br>ty.<br>vork with their careg<br>ed for something the | na-Focused<br>n<br>ted to traumatic<br>ughout the group<br>port youth learning<br>n their group and<br>ssion.<br>by learned in the<br>ivers for a variety<br>y wrote or drew, |  |

treatment by implementing the skills they are learning at home

- Caregivers have a wonderful opportunity to make a significant difference in their child's life by helping • ensure that their lives aren't defined by their traumatic experiences.
- Our team is here to help make your jobs easier by partnering with you over the coming weeks to teach your child skills for healthy living.

| 4.     Connecting<br>Behaviors to Trauma     Time     20 minutes     Lead Therapist |  |
|---|--|
|---|--|

- Introduce the focus of this session's children's group understanding how trauma impacts children. Pass around copies of the book "Healing Days" for review.
- Explain that children will be asked to identify different trauma-related reactions that they have noticed themselves experiencing, just as caregivers were asked to do during their child's intake assessment.
- Provide brief big picture review of symptom clusters.









On-Guard

- Facilitate discussion connecting behaviors caregivers see in their children to trauma symptoms. Discuss how children can be triggered by reminders and it is difficult to know what these are. Provide examples and ask group to generate examples. Inform responding to these behaviors is different than typical parenting. Each caregiver comes in with great skills in parenting, our goal will be to make them super-duper skilled.
- Share that we will track their child's progress in each of these areas at mid-treatment and at the end of treatment.

| 5. Homework<br>Introduction | Time | 10 minutes | Lead Therapist |  |
|-----------------------------|------|------------|----------------|--|
|-----------------------------|------|------------|----------------|--|

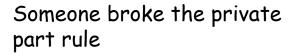
- Share that we are going to teach one of the easiest and most useful relaxation skills during our combined family session - belly breaths. Explain the rationale for teaching diaphragmatic breathing to children with trauma-related symptoms and the importance of home skills practice.
- Discuss homework rewards: Every child who brings in a completed homework sheet from the previous week will be entered into a drawing for a special prize to be awarded at the end of each group session.
- Give caregivers the home activity A worksheet and review the instructions. Ask caregivers to practice belly breaths with their child at least one time per day. Caregivers may model use of the skill at times when their stress is increased. They may also recommend practicing the skill together when they begin to see their child's stress level increasing.
- Caregivers can be supportive by praising their child for their hard work in group. Caregivers may share their pride in their child's effort and demonstrate enthusiasm about seeing their child's work.
- Review the final combined caregiver child activity that will be completed during this session: My Feel Better Plan. This list can be reviewed when their child may be experiencing distress related to trauma reminders. Caregivers can help their child select one item to try to reduce their trauma- related distress. Additional list activities can be used by the child to support positive coping.



| Se | ession 1 Combined  | Group   | C   |   |   |
|----|--|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Session Review   | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
|    | Session Review   | Time  | 5 minutes   |   |   |
|    |  | ng that the or upsetting  | children read<br>g experiences                                  | a story about con   | y's session. Therapists may start<br>nmon reactions children have   |
| 2. | Belly Breaths or Power<br>Breaths  | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
| •  |  | hey remem   | ber the scary   | and upsetting ex  | ping their bodies feel better when<br>periences that they went through.<br>out to teach this skill to group |
| 3. | Homework<br>Assignment   | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
|    | their caregiver. We're calling<br>homework. We'll ask caregiv<br>therapists at the next group.   | it "homewo<br>vers to sign<br>Each child<br>a special po<br>ng child. | ork" although<br>the homewor<br>who brings b<br>rize. At the er | it should be more<br>rk sheet. Then fan<br>ack their complet<br>ad of each group, | nilies will turn it in to the<br>ed homework will have their<br>we will draw a child's name out             |
| 4. | Feel Better Plans  | Time  | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Hand out the Feel Better Pla<br/>be created for each child. Fa<br/>week.</li> </ul>   | milies can  | take this hom   | he to reference wh  |   |
| 5. | Check Out  | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Review the behavior chart. A</li> <li>Remind the group that our n</li> <li>Congratulate families for cor</li> <li>Therapists will follow up with</li> </ul> | ext group v<br>npleting se  | vill take place<br>ssion one.                                   |   |   |

### WHAT IS TRAUMA?







Grown-up hit or hurt kids



Grown-ups in the family hit each other, or yell, or hurt

Moving to a new home

Someone you love leaving or

dying



Kid didn't have food and hugs and clothes and things kids need



Scary things happening with the weather

### IDENTIFYING PTSD SYMPTOMS



Trying not to think about or talk about what happened. Or to not have feelings about it.



Thinking: I won't have a good life. No one loves me. The whole world is unsafe.



Strong feelings in your body when you are reminded of what happened. (Ex: sweating, heart beating, upset stomach.)



Feeling mad. Hurting others.



Upsetting thoughts or pictures about what happened that pop into your head.



Bad dreams reminding you of what happened.



Not being happy.



Staying away from people, places, things, or situations that remind you of what happened.



Feeling unsafe.



Being jumpy.



Feeling very upset when you are reminded of what happened.



Thinking: I won't have a good life. No one loves me. The whole world is unsafe.



Feeling afraid, angry, guilty, sad a lot of the time.



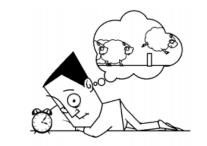
Blaming yourself for what happened.



Not wanting to do things you used to do.



Problems paying attention.



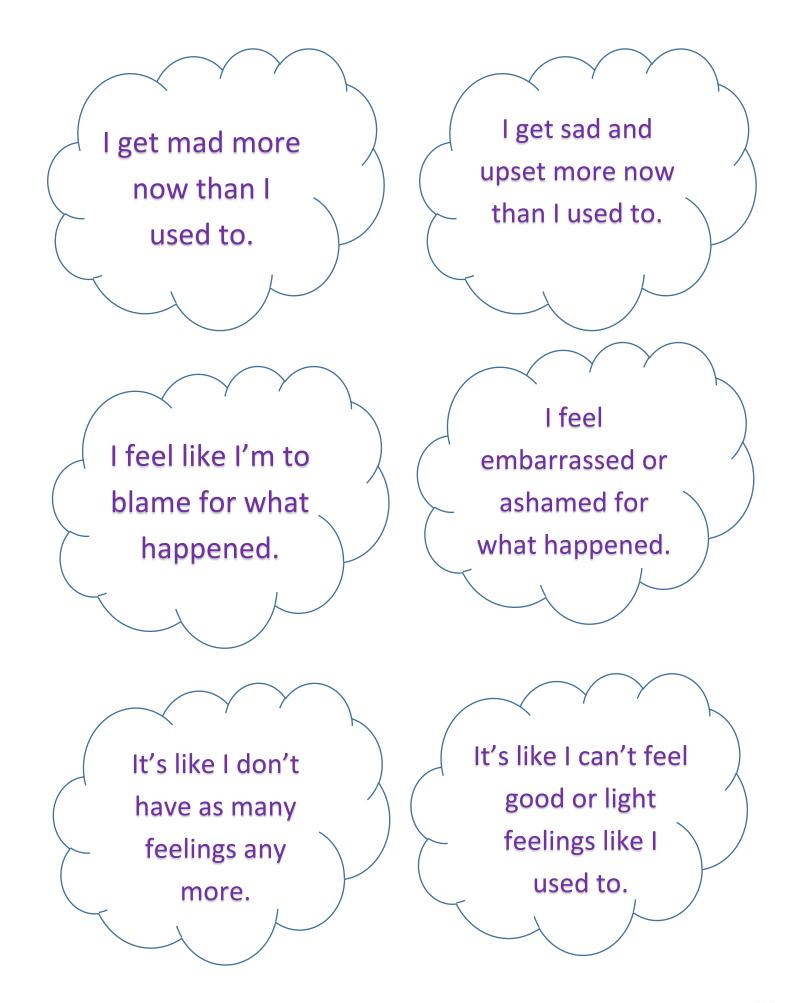
Trouble falling or staying asleep.

Memories of scary and upsetting times come into my mind when I don't want to think about them. I have more upsetting or scary dreams than I used to.

Sometimes when I am reminded of scary times, it feels like I'm in them again. I have really heavy and overwhelming feelings when I am reminded of scary and upsetting times.

My body has really strong reactions inside when I am reminded of scary and upsetting times. I try hard to avoid memories, thoughts and feelings about scary times.







I don't feel as close to others as I used to. I don't want to spend as much time around others as I used to.

I don't like doing some things as much as I used to. I get angrier or get into more fights with people than I used to.

I do more things that could hurt myself or others than I used to. It's like I'm always on high alert, waiting for something bad to happen.







I have more headaches, stomach aches or feel sick more often than I used to.

I eat more or less than I used to.

It feels like no one else has ever gone through anything like this. I get more nervous when I'm away from my family.

It feels like everyone knows what I went through. I wonder if people will think badly of me if they find out what I went through.



I try hard to avoid people, places, or things that remind me of scary and upsetting times. I have trouble remembering parts of the scary times I've experienced.

I have lots of heavy thoughts about the scary times I've experienced. I often think bad things about myself.

I worry or think more negatively about my future.

I worry or think more negatively about others.





This is a quick activity to help anytime you want to feel better. Taking long, deep breaths tells our body that it's okay to relax. When we relax, we feel better all over!

## Let's Practice:

1. Put one hand on your your chest and one hand on your belly.

2. Imagine you are breathing in the scent of a beautiful flower. Breathe in slowly through your nose as you count to 3. Fill your lungs all the way down to your belly button. Try to keep your hand on your chest still as the air you're breathing in slowly pushes out the hand on your belly.

3. Now imagine that you're blowing out the candles on your birthday cake. Slowly and gently blow those candles out. Exhale for a count of 3. Feel your hand on your belly go down as the air leaves your lungs.

4. Repeat each step 2 more times to help your body relax.

Practice belly breaths every day so that you can use them anywhere and anytime you want to feel better!



# **Power Breathing**

Breathing is the most efficient and helpful way to calm our bodies down when we feel stress, fear, sadness, or anger. Breathing in specific ways actually tricks our brain into thinking we are at rest, and our body (our lungs and heart) follow the brain's lead. Power breathing for 15-30 seconds can calm our bodies down without anyone else even having to know.

- 1. Put a hand on your chest and one on your stomach.
- 2. Breathe in through your nose for 4 seconds. Focus on breathing as steadily as possible and fill your lungs and stomach as much as you can
- 3. Breathe slowly and consistently out of your mouth for 8 full seconds.
- 4. Repeat this step 3-4 times to calm your body down.

\*\*To put our body back at rest, we have to breathe at a ratio of 1:2, which means that however long we breathe in, we need to breathe out for twice as long\*\*



# My Feel Better Plan

# There are many helpful ways to cope with upsetting memories.

### I can do these helpful things











### I can talk to these helpful adults









### Home Activity 1 BELLY BREATHS PRACTICE

Child's Name:

Caregiver's Signature:

Find a time each day with your caregiver to practice Belly Breaths and track your practice below.

- 1. Put one hand on your chest and one hand on your belly.
- 2. Imagine you are breathing in the scent of a beautiful flower. Breathe in slowly through your nose as you count to 3. Fill your lungs all the way down to your belly button. Try to keep your hand on your chest still as the air you're breathing in slowly pushes out the hand on your belly.
- 3. Now imagine that you're blowing out the candles on your birthday cake. Slowly and gently blow those candles out. Exhale for a count of 3. Feel your hand on your belly go down as the air leaves your lungs.
- 4. Repeat each step 2 more times to help your body relax.

| Day       | Time                  | How did your<br>practicing Be<br>Circle | elly Breaths?  |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Friday    |                       | $\odot$                                 |  |
| Saturday  |                       | $\odot$                                 |  |
| Sunday    |                       | $\bigcirc$                              | AND  |
| Monday    |                       | $\odot$                                 | AND  |
| Tuesday   |                       | $\odot$                                 | ár.  |
| Wednesday |                       | $\bigcirc$                              | (internet internet in |
| Thursday  | Remember to bring you | r homework te                           | o group!   |

### You can use belly breaths anytime you want to feel better!



### Home Activity 1: **Power Breathing Practice**

Just like athletes or musicians can't perform in high pressure situations without first practicing alone, we can't be successful in reducing our stress without practicing these skills when we are calm. This week, practice Power Breathing at least once per day for 30 seconds to a minute *when you are calm*. Try them if you get upset, too!

Where will you practice? (pick a time of day or during a certain activity like before bed, during dinner, first thing in the morning):

Who will you practice with? (pick at least one caregiver and include anyone else in your family who could practice with you, too!):

| Day       | How did your body feel after practicing?<br>Circle one |                 |               |       |  |  |  |
|-----------|--|-----------------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Friday    | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Saturday  | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Sunday    | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Monday    | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Tuesday   | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Wednesday | Much Better  | Better          | The Same      | Worse |  |  |  |
| Thursday  | E  | Bring this page | back to group |       |  |  |  |

### Caregiver Signature:





### TF-CBT Group Session 2: Affect Regulation

#### Rationale

This session will serve as an introduction to emotional regulation. Activities are designed to support youth in the development of healthy affect regulation skills to manage daily stressors and trauma reminders. These skills will also be utilized to support children's completion of gradual exposure related to their trauma reminders.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will learn methods for supporting children's development of healthy affect regulation skills.
- 2. Caregivers will begin identifying the personal impacts of their child's traumatic experience(s) and the resulting effects on their parenting practices. Caregivers will learn ways to respond to and support children impacted by trauma
- 3.

#### **Child Objectives**

- 1. Children will learn a basic affective vocabulary.
- 2. Children will learn to rate the intensity of feelings.
- 3. Children will learn about common feelings of youth who have experienced trauma.
- 4. Children will learn a method for progressive muscle relaxation.
- Children will continue gradual exposure by identifying personal feelings related to trauma exposure. 5.

#### **Materials**

| vialeilais                  |                                      |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Children's Group:           | Littles                              |
| Children's folders          | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces |
| Group Rules poster          | Markers/Crayons/Pencils              |
| Group Reward Chart supplies | Feelings Questions List              |
| Tape/stick tack             | Feeling Faces and Words handout      |
| Children's Group:           | Middles                              |
| Children's folders          | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces |
| Group Rules poster          | Markers/Crayons/Pencils              |
| Group Reward Chart supplies | Feelings Questions List              |
| Tape/stick tack             | Feeling Faces and Words handout      |
| Children's Group:           | Bigs                                 |
| Children's folders          | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces |
| Group Rules poster          | Markers/Crayons/Pencils              |
| Group Reward Chart supplies | Feelings Questions List              |
| Tape/stick tack             | Feeling Faces and Words handout      |
| Caregivers' Group           |                                      |
| Tape/sticky tack            | Caregiver TF-CBT Workbook            |
| Pens/Pencils                | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces |
| Name tags                   | Feelings Questions List              |
| Homework 2                  | Child Trauma and Caregiving handout  |
| I Can Relax handout         | PMR script                           |
|                             |                                      |



| Se | ession 2  | Children's G  | Group  | o - Littles (5  | 5-7)  |   |   |
|----|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Group Chec  | k-In  | Time   | 3-5 minutes   | L   | ead Therapist   |   |
|    | 0 T<br>0 T<br>0 R   | hildren of the group lo<br>his is the second of 5<br>he children's and care<br>eview the group rules<br>the role of the special   | group se<br>egivers' (<br>and rev  | groups will come t<br>vard chart introduc   |   |   | bined activity.   |
|    | o E<br>o T<br>o Le<br>si  | ach week a child will k<br>his child will get to hel<br>et children know that v<br>pecial helper.<br>vesignate one child as   | be selec<br>p with cl<br>ve will ta  | ted to serve in this<br>neck-in and assist<br>ke turns and each   | the thera   |   |   |
| 2. | Session Rev   | view  | Time   | 5 minutes   | L   | ead Therapist   |   |
|    | <ul> <li>T so</li> <li>N</li> <li>C th</li> <li>C o</li> <li>In</li> <li>C o</li> <li>In</li> <li>C o</li> <li>In</li> <li>C o</li> <li>It</li> <li>C</li> <li>Review th</li> <li>a round of</li> </ul> | e group rationale.<br>F-CBT group helps ch<br>cary, upsetting and tra<br>tot every child has gor<br>children and families w<br>heir upsetting experier<br>children will not be ask<br>a later sessions, childr<br>xperienced.<br>ighlights of the "A Terr<br>children may have diffe<br>'s okay to talk about th<br>counseling like this group<br>to concept of Belly Bre<br>f Belly Breaths. | aumatic on<br>the throug<br>vill learn<br>aces.<br>and to tel<br>en will g<br>rible Thin<br>erent rea<br>hese rea<br>bup can l<br>aths and | experiences.<br>gh the same types<br>ways to cope with<br>Il other group men<br>et to talk with thei<br>ng Happened" boo<br>actions after going<br>actions after going<br>actions with safe a<br>help children feel I<br>d invite the special | s of upse<br>tough fe<br>nbers ab<br>r individu<br>ok read ir<br>through<br>nd truste<br>better.<br>helper to     | tting experiences<br>eelings, thoughts<br>out what they we<br>ial therapist about<br>n session 1.<br>scary or traumati<br>of adults.<br>o assist in leading | and memories of<br>ent through.<br>It what they<br>c experiences.                 |
| 3. | Feelings Int  |   | Time   | 10 minutes  |   | ead Therapist   |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Ask childr</li> <li>Explain th</li> <li>Y</li> <li>th</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Sad – mouths a</li> <li>Mad – mouths</li> <li>Scared – mouth<br/>wide open, har</li> <li>sk members to share<br/>ifferent feelings.</li> </ul>   | ng feelin<br>to collect<br>s are sm<br>are poin<br>are pinc<br>hs are tig<br>nds may<br>example<br>nach jitte                              | igs words that the<br>itside of our body<br>ctively demonstrat<br>niling, bodies are u<br>ted down, bodies<br>hed, bodies are te<br>ght or in an "o" sha<br>be up by face or o<br>es of ways their bo<br>ery or upset, heard                  | y know.<br>and feel<br>e differer<br>upright, e<br>are slum<br>ense, eye<br>ape, bodi<br>close to b<br>odies feel | nt feelings and no<br>eyes are open wid<br>ped, eyes are loo<br>es are frowning, h<br>ies are tense/sha<br>body<br>l inside when the                        | otice similarities in<br>le<br>oking down<br>lands are clenched<br>lking, eyesare |



| 4. | Feelings Scaling   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |   |
|----|--|--|--|--|---|
|    |  |  |  |  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that people can have di</li> </ul>  |  | •  |  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Introduce the Feelings Gauge a</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Therapists may model t</li> </ul>   | he use c   | of this by selecting one of  | f their feelings from  | the faces and   |
|    | why they chose that po   | sition or  | feeling size on the <i>Feeli</i><br>1 the <i>Feelings Gauge</i> .  | ings Gauge poster  | and explaining  |
|    |  |  | ng the same, asking the  |  |   |
|    | Some children may not yet have   |  |  |  |   |
|    | to, the therapist may assist in s  |  |  |  |   |
|    | this size because you are havin  |  |  | 5 ( 5,   |   |
| 5. | Light and Heavy Feelings   | Time   | 15 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |   |
|    | Introduce the concept of light a   | nd heav  | yfeelings.   |  | •   |
|    | <ul> <li>Light – These are feelin</li> </ul>   | gs that  | we like to have. Our bod   | ies feel good when   | we have   |
|    |  |  | lots of these feelings ar<br>at we don't like to have.   |  |   |
|    | <ul> <li>Heavy – These are feel weighed down the more</li> </ul>   | e of thes  | se feelings we carry arou  | and.   | and so good and   |
|    | <ul> <li>Illustrate how when heavy feeling</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |   |
|    |  |  | y to illustrate the concep   |  |   |
|    | incidents throughout the scared, and confused.   | e day tha  | at create different negati   | ve emotional respo   | nses like sad, mad,   |
|    | <ul> <li>Communicate that members learning</li> </ul>  | arned on   | e way to lighten heavy f   | eelinas durina their   | first aroun together:   |
|    | Belly Breaths. If time allows, as  |  |  |  |   |
|    | Share that members will learn r  |  |  |  |   |
|    | Retell the story with inclusion of   |  |  |  |   |
| 6. | •  |  | 1 0  | , ,  |   |
| υ. | Trauma-Related Feelings  | Time   | 10 minutos   | Load Theranist   |   |
|    | Trauma-Related Feelings     Explain that children who have   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist   | y heavy feelings  |
|    | Explain that children who have   |  |  |  | y heavyfeelings.  |
|    | <ul><li>Explain that children who have</li><li>Trauma Feelings Activity</li></ul>  | gone thi   | rough traumas may carr   |  | y heavyfeelings.  |
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | gone thi<br>ound the   | rough traumas may carr   | y around some very   |   |
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| Se         | ession 2  | Children's   | s Group   | o - Middles (   | 7-9)   |  |
|------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| 1.         | Group Che   |  | Time  | 3-5 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|            | • Introduce<br>• Introduce<br>• I                           | Review the group r<br>e the role of the sp<br>Each week a child<br>This child will get to  | of 5 group so<br>caregivers' g<br>cules and rev<br>ecial helper<br>will be selec<br>help with ch<br>hat we will ta  | groups will come tog<br>vard chart introduce<br>of the day.<br>ted to serve in this r<br>neck-in and assist th<br>ke turns and each c                               |  | group activities.  |
| 2.         | Session Re  | view   | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|            | • Review H  | scary, upsetting an<br>Not every child has<br>Children and famili<br>heir upsetting expo<br>Children will not be<br>n later sessions, c<br>experienced.<br>highlights of the "H<br>Children may have<br>t's okay to talk abo | d traumatic<br>s gone throug<br>es will learn<br>eriences.<br>asked to te<br>hildren will g<br>ealing Days'<br>different rea<br>out these rea                       | experiences.<br>gh the same types o<br>ways to cope with to<br>Il other group memb<br>et to talk with their i<br>' book read in sessio                              | rough scary or traumat<br>I trusted adults.  | and memories of<br>entthrough.<br>ut what they   |
|            | <ul> <li>Review t</li> </ul>                                | -  |   | •   | elper to assist in leading   | g the group through  |
| <b>3</b> . | Feelings In   | troduction   | Time  | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |  |
|            | <ul> <li>Ask child</li> <li>Explain t</li> <li>1</li> </ul> | Iren to take turns s<br>hat we show feelin<br>You may ask memi<br>heir features:<br>Happy - mu<br>Sad – mou<br>Mad – mou<br>Scared – n<br>wide open,<br>Ask members to sh  | haring feelin<br>igs on the ou-<br>bers to collec-<br>ouths are sm<br>ths are poin<br>uths are pinc<br>nouths are tig<br>hands may<br>hare example<br>stomach jitte | ctively demonstrate<br>niling, bodies are up<br>ted down, bodies ar<br>hed, bodies are ten<br>ght or in an "o" shap<br>be up by face or clo<br>es of ways their bod | know.<br>Ind feel them on the inside<br>different feelings and no<br>right, eyes are open wide<br>e slumped, eyes are low<br>se, eyes are frowning, has<br>e, bodies are tense/sha | otice similarities in<br>de<br>oking down<br>nands are clenched<br>aking, eyes are<br>y are having |



| 4. | Fe          | eelings Scaling  | Time  | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |  |
|----|-------------|--|---|---|--|--|
|    |             | 5 5  |   |   |  |  |
|    | •           | Explain that people can have d   | ifferent s  | sizes of a feeling.   |  |  |
|    | •           | Introduce the Feelings Gauge a   |   |   |  |  |
|    |             | <ul> <li>Therapists may model t</li> </ul>   | he use c  | of this by selecting one o  | f their feelings from  | the faces and  |
|    |             | pointing to their corresp  | ponding   | feeling size on the <i>Feel</i><br>n the <i>Feelings Gauge</i> .  | ings Gauge poster a  | and explaining   |
|    |             |  |   |   |  |  |
|    |             |  |   | ng the same, asking the   |  |  |
|    | •           | Some children may not yet have   |   |   |  |  |
|    |             | to, the therapist may assist in s this size because you are having   |   |   | s leelings size (e.g.,   | rou le nappy at  |
|    |             | this size because you are havin  | ig iun wi   | itti us itti group. <i>)</i> .  |  |  |
| 5. | 11          | ight and Heavy Feelings  | Time  | 15 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |  |
| J. |             | Introduce the concept of light a   |   |   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | •           |  |   |   | ies feel good when   | we have  |
|    |             | these feelings. We cou   | ld carry  | we like to have. Our bod<br>lots of these feelings ar   | ound with noproble   | m.   |
|    |             | <ul> <li>Heavy – These are fee</li> </ul>  | lings tha   | at we don't like to have.   | Our bodies may fee   | lnot so good and   |
|    |             | weighed down the more  | e of thes   | se feelings we carry arou   | und.   | -  |
|    | •           | Illustrate how when heavy feeling  |   |   |  |  |
|    |             | <ul> <li>I he therapist uses a sh<br/>incidente throughout the</li> </ul>  | nort story  | y to illustrate the concep<br>at create different negati  | t. In the story, the c   | haracter faces   |
|    |             | scared, and confused.  | euayuna   | al create different negati  | ve emotional respo   | nses like sau, mau,  |
|    | •           | Communicate that members lea   | arned on  | e way to lighten heavy f  | eelinas durina their   | first aroup together.  |
|    | -           | Belly Breaths. If time allows, as  |   | , , ,   | 0 0  | 0 1 0  |
|    |             | Share that members will learn r  |   |   |  |  |
|    |             | Retell the story with inclusion  | on of co  | ping skills to help lighter   | the heavy feelings   | for the character.   |
| 6. | T           |  |   |   |  |  |
|    |             | rauma-Related Feelings   | Time  | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | •           |  |   |   |  | / heavyfeelings.   |
|    |             | Explain that children who have   |   |   |  | / heavyfeelings.   |
|    |             | Explain that children who have<br>Trauma Feelings Activity   | gone thi  | rough traumas may carr  |  | / heavyfeelings.   |
|    |             | Explain that children who have<br>Trauma Feelings Activity<br>o Place feelings faces are   | gone the  | rough traumas may carr  | y around some very   |  |
|    |             | Explain that children who have<br>Trauma Feelings Activity<br>O Place feelings faces are<br>Utilize Feelings Question<br>feeling that fits the char<br>Once children move to<br>much of that feeling the   | gone thr<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact  | rough traumas may carr<br>e room.<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell  | to move to the   |
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|    |             | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity <ul> <li>Place feelings faces an</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question</li> <li>feeling that fits the chare</li> <li>Once children move to much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group members</li> <li>Point out that it is okay at a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the</li> </ul>  | gone thr<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childr<br>workboo  | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have m<br>bout the Trauma."  | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists  |
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|    | •<br>•<br>• | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces an</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the chare</li> <li>Once children move to much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group members</li> <li>Point out that it is okay at a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addition worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's complete the caregivers. Their therapistic Remind children that they can at in session and want to feel betwire.</li> <li>Emphasize that we are learning Remind the group that in the last sets of the caregiver of</li></ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childi<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined gi<br>s will be<br>always u<br>er.<br><b>Time</b><br>g in grou                       | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their belly breaths if t<br><u>5 minutes</u><br>p different ways to help  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have m<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>hey are having hea<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin                        | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>is on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>vy feelings |
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|    | •<br>•<br>• | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity <ul> <li>Place feelings faces an</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the chare</li> <li>Once children move to much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group members</li> <li>Point out that it is okay at a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in adding worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's complete the rearegivers. Their therapists Remind children that they can at in session and want to feel betts</li> <li>Imphasize that we are learning Remind the group that in the las heavy feelings.</li> </ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>racter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childr<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined gi<br>s will be<br>always u<br>er.<br><b>Time</b><br>g in group<br>st in lead<br>s. | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>bir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their belly breaths if t<br><u>5 minutes</u><br>p different ways to help<br>session, we learned Bel<br>ding the group through a | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have m<br>bout the Trauma."<br>hto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>hey are having hea<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin<br>ly Breaths as a way | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>vy feelings  |



| S  | ession                                       | 2 Children's  | Group   | <mark>o – Bigs (1</mark>   | <mark>0-12</mark>   | 2)   |  |
|----|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| 1. | Group Ch                                     | eck-In  | Time  | 3-5 minutes  |   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | 0<br>0<br>0                                  | d children of the group<br>This is the second of<br>The children's and ca<br>Review the group rul<br>ce the role of the spec<br>Each week a child w<br>This child will get to h<br>Let children know tha<br>special helper.<br>Designate one child  | 5 group se<br>aregivers'<br>es and rev<br>cial helper<br>ill be selec<br>nelp with c<br>at we will ta   | groups will come<br>vard chart introdu<br>of the day.<br>ted to serve in thi<br>heck-in and assis<br>ike turns and eacl  | iced in<br>is role.<br>t the th   | session 1.<br>erapists in leading (  | group activities.  |
| 2. | Session I                                    | Review  | Time  | 5 minutes  |   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | • Review<br>• Review<br>• Review<br>• Review | the group rationale.<br>TF-CBT group helps<br>scary, upsetting and<br>Not every child has g<br>Children and families<br>their upsetting exper<br>Children will not be a<br>In later sessions, chi<br>experienced.<br>highlights of the "Hea<br>Children may have d<br>It's okay to talk abou<br>Counseling like this g<br>the concept of Power<br>in a round of Power Bro | traumatic<br>gone throug<br>s will learn<br>iences.<br>Isked to te<br>ldren will g<br>aling Days'<br>ifferent rea<br>t these rea<br>group can<br>Breaths an<br>eaths. | experiences.<br>gh the same type<br>ways to cope with<br>ll other group men<br>get to talk with the<br>' book read in ses<br>actions after going<br>actions with safe a<br>help children feel                          | s of up<br>h tough<br>mbers a<br>ir indivi<br>ssion 1,<br>throug<br>and trus<br>better. | setting experiences<br>a feelings, thoughts<br>about what they we<br>idual therapist abou<br>if <b>appropriate</b><br>gh scary or traumati<br>sted adults.<br>er to assist in leadir | and memories of<br>entthrough.<br>at what they<br>c experiences. |
| 3. | -  | Introduction  | Time  | 10 minutes   |   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | Ask me                                       | Ask members to take<br>in their body would te<br>different body parts t<br>Stomach, he<br>Examples: s   | haring feel<br>s on the ou<br>e turns des<br>now that th<br>o assist in<br>, body star<br>e turns des<br>ell them tha<br>o assist in<br>eart rate, he<br>tomach jitt  | lings words that the<br>utside of our body<br>cribing how they s<br>ney were having the<br>idea generation.<br>Ince/posture, volume<br>cribing how their<br>at they are having<br>idea generation.<br>ead, hands, legs | ney kno<br>v and fe<br>show di<br>hat feel<br>me of v<br>bodies<br>a spec<br>breathi    | w.<br>el them on the insic<br>ifferent feelings. Wh<br>ling? It may help to<br>oice<br>feel different feelin<br>cific feeling? It may  | nat would a person<br>break down<br>gs. What feelings            |



|          | Feelings Scaling  | Time   | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |
|----------|---|--|---|---|--|
|          |   | <b></b>  | in a fafa lin a   |   |  |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that people can have di</li> <li>Introduce the <i>Feelings Gauge</i> a</li> </ul>  |  | •   | much of a feeling w   | e are having   |
|          |   |  | of this by selecting one of   |   |  |
|          | placing it on the Feeling   | gs Gaug  | e poster at the point cor<br>that position on the Fee   | responding to their   | feeling size   |
|          |   |  |   |   |  |
|          |   |  | ng the same, asking ther  |   |  |
|          | <ul> <li>Some children may not yet have<br/>to, the therapist may assist in sh</li> </ul>   |  | •   |   | 2  |
|          | 7 because you are having fun w  | •  | •   | leelings size (e.g.,  | Тойте парру ага  |
| 5.       | Light and Heavy Feelings  | Time   | 15 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |
|          | <ul> <li>Introduce the concept of light ar</li> </ul>   | nd heav  |   | •   |  |
|          |   |  | we like to have. Our bod<br>lots of these feelings ar   | ies feel good when  | we have  |
|          | <ul> <li>Heavy – These are feel</li> </ul>  | linas tha  | at we don't like to have. (   | Our bodies mav fee  |  |
|          | <ul> <li>Illustrate how when heavy feeling</li> </ul>   |  | se feelings we carry arou   |   |  |
|          |   |  | y to illustrate the concep  |   | haracter faces   |
|          | incidents throughout the  |  | at create different negati  |   |  |
|          | <ul><li>scared, and confused.</li><li>Communicate that members learning</li></ul>   | arned on   | e way to lighten heavy f  | elinge during their   | first group together:  |
|          | Belly Breaths. If time allows, as   |  |   |   |  |
|          | Share that members will learn r   |  |   |   |  |
|          | • Retell the story with inclusion of  |  | • •   | •   |  |
| •        | •   |  |   |   |  |
| 6.       |   |  |   |   |  |
| 0.       | Trauma-Related Feelings   | Time   | 10 minutes  | Lead Therapist  | , ha av u fa alia sa   |
| 0.       | • Explain that children who have  |  |   |   | v heavyfeelings.   |
| 0.       | <ul><li>Explain that children who have</li><li>Trauma Feelings Activity</li></ul>   | gone thi   | rough traumas may carr  |   | / heavyfeelings.   |
| <u> </u> | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the   | rough traumas may carr  | y around some very  |  |
| <u> </u> | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling  | rough traumas may carr<br>eroom.<br>about a person/characte<br>a. ask each one to point   | y around some very<br>er and ask children   | to move to the   |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group membric</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee  | rough traumas may carr<br>eroom.<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.  | to move to the<br>you how  |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group membric</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee  | rough traumas may carr<br>eroom.<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.  | to move to the<br>you how  |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memble</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childi<br>workboo   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have mo<br>bout the Trauma."  | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists  |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir</li> </ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childi<br>workboo   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have mo<br>bout the Trauma."  | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists  |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> </ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for child<br>workboo<br>ng in the   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have mo<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space   | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the  |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's complete the should support children in addirect of the should support children in addirect.</li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bbined g  | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>ir specific trauma type ir<br>roup, children will share  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>hto the blank space<br>this completed wor   | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with                             |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapist.</li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>abined g<br>s will be   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their   | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.               |
| 0.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's complete the should support children in addirect of the should support children in addirect.</li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>racter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>slways u   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their   | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.               |
| 7.       | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapists</li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>racter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>slways u   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if  | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their   | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.               |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapists</li> <li>Remind children that they can a feelings in session and want to</li> </ul>   | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>always u<br>feel bett   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/characte<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if<br>ter.<br>5 minutes   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>they are having he<br><b>Lead Therapist</b>  | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>avy        |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Questic feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fat a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapists</li> <li>Remind children that they can a feelings in session and want to</li> <li>Check Out</li> <li>Emphasize that we are learning</li> <li>Remind the group that in the last</li> </ul>   | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>pers' fee<br>for child<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>abined g<br>s will be<br>always u<br>feel bett<br><b>Time</b><br>g in grou   | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/character<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if<br>ter.<br><u>5 minutes</u><br>p different ways to help   | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>they are having he<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin                        | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>avy<br>gs. |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fact a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapists</li> <li>Remind children that they can a feelings in session and want to</li> <li>Check Out</li> <li>Emphasize that we are learning</li> <li>Remind the group that in the las lighten heavy feelings.</li> </ul>  | gone thi<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childi<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>always u<br>feel bett<br><b>Time</b><br>g in group  | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/character<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>bir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if<br>ter.<br><u>5 minutes</u><br>p different ways to help<br>session, we learned Pow                      | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>they are having he<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin<br>wer Breaths as a wa | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>avy        |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fact a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapist.</li> <li>Remind children that they can a feelings in session and want to</li> <li>Check Out</li> <li>Emphasize that we are learning</li> <li>Remind the group that in the las lighten heavy feelings.</li> <li>Invite the special helper to assist</li> </ul> | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>acter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>dways u<br>feel bett<br><b>Time</b><br>g in group<br>st in lead       | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/character<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>bir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if<br>ter.<br><u>5 minutes</u><br>p different ways to help<br>session, we learned Pow                      | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>they are having he<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin<br>wer Breaths as a wa | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>avy        |
|          | <ul> <li>Explain that children who have</li> <li>Trauma Feelings Activity         <ul> <li>Place feelings faces are</li> <li>Utilize Feelings Question feeling that fits the char</li> <li>Once children move to a much of that feeling the</li> <li>Normalize group memb</li> <li>Point out that it is okay fact a time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Children will then complete the should support children in addir worksheet.</li> <li>Share that in this session's com their caregivers. Their therapists</li> <li>Remind children that they can a feelings in session and want to</li> <li>Check Out</li> <li>Emphasize that we are learning</li> <li>Remind the group that in the las lighten heavy feelings.</li> </ul>  | gone the<br>ound the<br>ons List<br>racter.<br>a feeling<br>charact<br>bers' fee<br>for childe<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>workboo<br>ng in the<br>bined g<br>s will be<br>liways u<br>feel bett<br><b>Time</b><br>in group<br>st in lead<br>s. | rough traumas may carr<br>about a person/character<br>g, ask each one to point<br>er may have.<br>lings throughout the acti<br>ren to have different feel<br>ok page, "My Feelings A<br>eir specific trauma type in<br>roup, children will share<br>there to support them in<br>se their power breaths if<br>ter.<br>5 minutes<br>p different ways to help<br>session, we learned Pow<br>ding the group through a | y around some very<br>er and ask children<br>on the gauge or tell<br>vity.<br>ings and to have me<br>bout the Trauma."<br>nto the blank space<br>this completed wor<br>n working with their<br>they are having he<br><b>Lead Therapist</b><br>lighten heavy feelin<br>wer Breaths as a wa | to move to the<br>you how<br>ore than one feeling<br>Therapists<br>s on the<br>kbook page with<br>caregiver.<br>avy        |



| Ses | sion 2  | Caregivers' Gr  | oup  |  |   |   |
|-----|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| 1.  |   | Group Check-In  | Time   | 3-5 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |   |
| • • | Pass ou<br>Remind<br>o  | e the caregivers to session<br>t name tags, folders, and in<br>caregivers of the group log<br>The children's and caregive<br>e relaxation activity with the   | k pens/marko<br>istics.<br>ers' groups w   |  | er at 6:30 for a com  | bined activity.   |
| 2.  |   | Homework Review   | Time   | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |   |
| •   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | skills practice emphasis:<br>Ask caregivers to cross the<br>Ask them to notice which an<br>Ask caregivers to uncross t<br>this time. Lightly note any ch<br>Ask caregivers to share which<br>can feel awkward, unnatura<br>Note that our bodies have a<br>Ask members if it might get<br>Share that just like with the<br>stress. Some of these copin<br>are our go-to coping skills.<br>Explain that children and ac<br>to develop different ways of<br>helped them survive their tr<br>Share that these ways may<br>to themselves or others. Or<br>coping.<br>Explain that children in this<br>But, just like when the care<br>children may find it awkwar<br>hits, they are likely to revert<br>Emphasize that the key to h<br>modeling, coaching and ski<br>Explain that other caregivers<br>learning with teachers or ot<br>Homework 1: Belly Breaths<br>Ask about and praise any s<br>Ask about challenges in cor<br>support successful mastery<br>the Feel Better Plan.<br>Ask about and praise succe<br>points in the past week.<br>Share that this is a sheet th<br>it can be referred to easily v | rm is on top of<br>heir arms and<br>hallenges the<br>at it feels like<br>al, different, of<br>a natural way<br>e easier to cro<br>way we cross<br>og skills may<br>lults who hav<br>f coping with<br>aumatic expe<br>become less<br>some individ<br>group are be<br>givers were a<br>d and differe<br>to their typica<br>elping childre<br>ills practice.<br>provide care<br>pment.<br>have also for<br>her adults who<br>s Practice.<br>uccesses.<br>npleting the her<br>of diaphrage<br>esses in refer | of the other.<br>d re-cross, make<br>y are having in<br>to cross their a<br>r uncomfortable<br>of moving or d<br>oss their arms t<br>s our arms, we<br>be healthy and<br>their extreme s<br>eriences.<br>S effective over<br>uals may have<br>healthy and<br>their extreme s<br>eriences.<br>S effective over<br>uals may have<br>have to cross<br>an when trying<br>al way of coping<br>en learn these in<br>givers with a gr<br>und it helpful to<br>no provide regu-<br>natic breathing<br>ring to the plar<br>ced in a central | crossing their arms<br>rms in this way. Acl<br>e.<br>loing things, like a h<br>his way with practic<br>each have our own<br>d others may not be<br>not traumatic experien<br>stress. We respect<br>time or may even b<br>never learned heal<br>umber of healthy co<br>their arms in the op<br>to use these new sl<br>g, even if it isn't help<br>new healthy coping<br>reat opportunity to si<br>share these skills t<br>ilar care or supervision<br>problem-solve with<br>in their child dur<br>location like a refrig | <ul> <li>the opposite way.</li> <li>knowledge that it</li> <li>habit.</li> <li>e.</li> <li>ways of coping with</li> <li>as healthy. These</li> <li>hat these ways</li> <li>become harmful</li> <li>thy ways of</li> <li>oping skills in session.</li> <li>oposite way, the</li> <li>kills. When stress</li> <li>pful in the long run.</li> <li>skills is by adult role</li> <li>upport their child's</li> <li>hat the children are</li> <li>sion.</li> <li>caregivers to</li> <li>ring any stressful</li> </ul> |
| 3.  |   | Feelings Introduction   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
| •   |   | that an important goal of TF<br>is, we focus on helping chil  | -CBT is to tea   | ach children ski   | lls for reducing trau   | ma-related distress.  |



|    |  |   | •                                    |   | 5 5                                | tion learned in the |  |  |  |  |
|----|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
|    | Distribute the <i>Child Trauma and Caregiving</i> handout and ask group members to complete the form.  |   |                                      |   |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
| 4. |  | that is being com                                     |                                      | ildren's group                            |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | 0  | Children will also be taug<br>Briefly explain the     | ht the differenc<br>e light and heav | e between " <i>Li</i><br>/y feelings acti | <i>ght"</i> and <i>"Heavy"</i> fee | lings.              |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>The Feelings Gauge will be introduced as a way to measure the strength of a feeling.</li> <li>Demonstrate how the Feelings Gauge is used with a child.</li> <li>Children will learn that it is common for people to have more than one feeling at atime.</li> </ul> |   |                                      |   |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Children will be taught a core set of feelings words.</li> <li>Provide caregivers with a copy of the feelings faces sheet.</li> </ul>   |   |                                      |   |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Provide a brief summary of the activities being conducted in this session's children's group.</li> </ul>  |   |                                      |   |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | 0  | Learning to use relaxation                            |                                      |   |                                    | ngs.                |  |  |  |  |
|    | 0  | Learning to identify how n<br>Learning to communicate |                                      |   | 0                                  |                     |  |  |  |  |
|    | 0  | Learning to recognize and                             |                                      |   |                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |



| Se | Session 2 Combined Group  |  |              |              |                |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| 1. | Session Revie   | ew   | Time <u></u> | 5 minutes    | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |
| 2. | <ul> <li>Explain that it is important for children to be able to talk with their caregivers about their feelings,<br/>especially their heavy feelings. Caregivers can understand how they feel and help find ways to turn<br/>their heavy feelings into light ones.</li> </ul>  |  |              |              |                |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Children will share their completed workbook page with their caregivers. There will be a therapist with the family, too, to help. The therapists should support their contact families in this activity by gently coaching caregivers to use reflective listening and labeled praise of their child's bravery.</li> <li>Remind families that they can use their belly breaths or power breaths and Feel Better Plan if they are having heavy feelings in session and want to feel better.</li> </ul> |  |              |              |                |  |  |  |
| 3. | Progressive M   | Iuscle Relaxation  | Time 5       | 5 minutes    | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Group leaders explain that families are going to learn a new skill for helping their bodies feel better when they have heavy feelings.</li> <li>Group leaders use the Muscles Relaxers handouts to teach this skill to group members.</li> </ul>   |  |              |              |                |  |  |  |
| 4. | Home Activity   | / Introduction   | Time 5       | 5 minutes    | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Hand out Home Activity 2 to families and briefly explain the assignment.</li> <li>Remind families to complete the form and return it next session to be entered into the prize drawing.</li> </ul>   |  |              |              |                |  |  |  |
| 5. | Check Out   |  | Time 3       | 3 minutes    | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |
|    | Review beh     families lear  | ne homework prize dra<br>avior chart progress a<br>ve the session.<br>will follow up with care | nd praise    | children who |                | ng child.<br>reward. Hand out the prize as |  |  |



# Feeling Words and Faces



Mad



Surprised

Sad



Worried







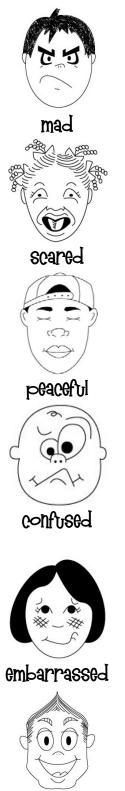


# Feeling Words and Faces

Sad

surprised

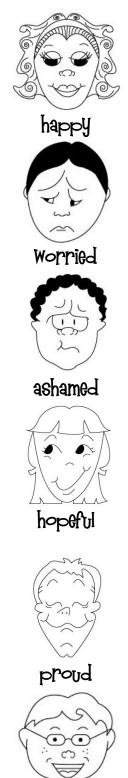
calm



excited

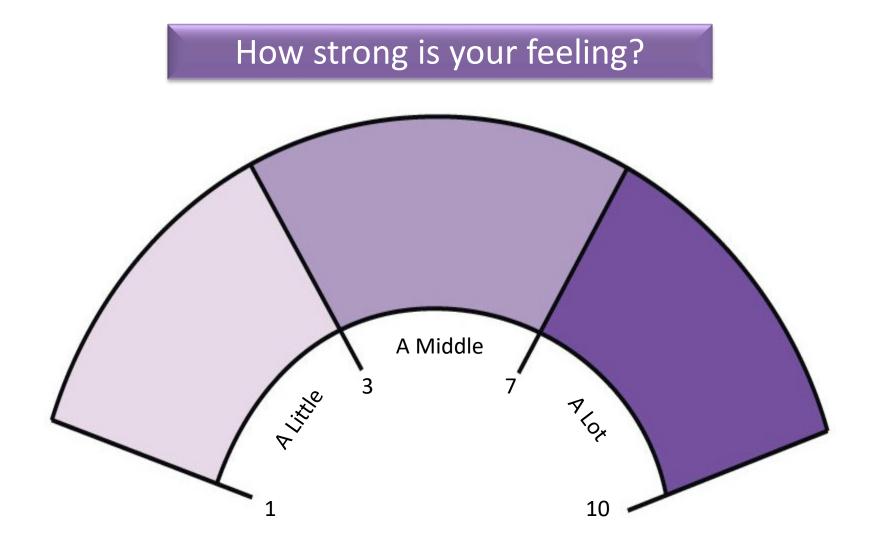
guilty Safe

Curious



confident





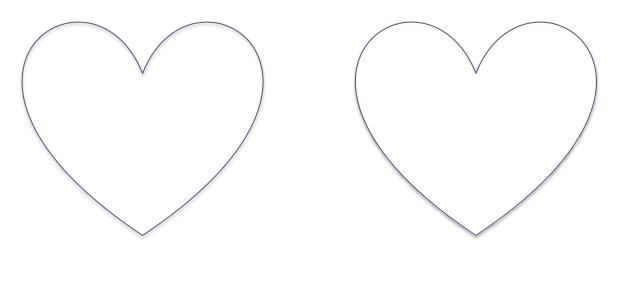


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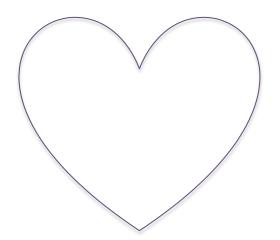
TF-CBT Workbook (Littles, Middles, Bigs)

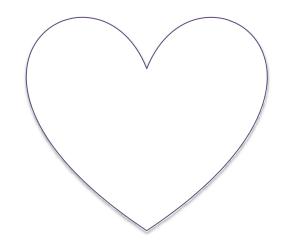
## Light and Heavy Feelings

Light feelings I like to feel:



The last *Heavy* feelings I felt were:







## A Story for Heavy and Light Feelings

Use this story when demonstrating heavy versus light feelings. On your first pass through the story you will use the PowerPoint visuals to place rocks on the character's back. The idea is that you demonstrate how heavy feelings can weigh our bodies down and make our days more challenging. The second time you walk through the story, replace the heavy feelings rocks with light items into the backpack. It might even be a good idea to model a coping skill that took the feeling from heavy to light. After each pass through the story, ask the children to identify whether they could carry these heavy and light items all day, demonstrating how difficult it is to carry heavy feelings.

### **Heavy Story**

I woke up in the morning after hearing my grown-up telling me to get up. I realized that I was late. This made me feel \_\_\_\_\_. Today was going to be a big day because I had a jog-a-thon at school. I thought for sure my grownup was going to make me my favorite breakfast in the whole world. When I got to the kitchen I saw I only had oatmeal for breakfast. This really made me feel\_\_\_\_\_. So, we rush to school, but even though we rushed I was still late. When I walked into the classroom all of the kids were looking at me. I had a big feeling when I saw this. The next part of my day goes okay until I realize that I left one of my homework sheets at home. That made me so \_\_\_\_\_. My teacher told me I could bring it tomorrow, but she seemed really upset with me. I started to feel\_\_\_\_\_ because I don't like when people are upset with me. Next was lunch. Lunch is usually my favorite because we aren't in class. Today was not my favorite. During lunch I spilled my tomato soup ALL over my clothes. I couldn't believe it. This was the WORST tried to make myself feel better, but I just couldn't figure out how. I started to feel with myself. The jog-a-thon was coming up so I knew I would start feeling better soon. I get to the jog-a-thon before I realize that my best friend isn't there. This made me feel because I was really excited to do this with my best friend. The jog-a-thon started anyway and I started running. I was going SO fast. The bad part is that I fell down. I was really, really\_\_\_\_\_. People were really nice about it, but it ruined how excited I was. I couldn't get myself feeling better and when the day ended I just felt so about everything that happened today.



### **Light Story**

I woke up in the morning after hearing my grown-up telling me to get up. I realized that I was late. Instead of letting this spoil my mood I tried [insert coping skill]. This made me feel \_\_\_\_\_. Today was going to be a big day because I had a jog-a-thon at school. I thought for sure my grown-up was going to make me my favorite breakfast in the whole world. When I got to the kitchen I saw I only had oatmeal for breakfast. At first this made me feel [insert feeling from heavy story], but I decided to do [insert coping skill] to try to make myself feel better. Then I started feeling\_\_\_\_\_. So, we rush to school, but even though we rushed I was still late. When I walked into the classroom all of the kids were looking at me. I thought to myself, [insert adaptive thought] to keep my feelings lighter. After changing my thoughts, I had a big feeling. The next part of my day goes okay until I realize that I left one of my homework sheets at home. I tried to stay calm by doing [insert coping skill]. This took my [heavy feeling] to a lighter feeling of\_\_\_\_\_\_. My teacher told me I could bring it tomorrow, and instead of getting upset that she was disappointed that I was getting a second try. Next was lunch. Lunch is lwas usually my favorite because we aren't in class. Today was not my favorite. During lunch I spilled my tomato soup ALL over my clothes. I couldn't believe it. I could say this was the WORST day, but instead I tried [insert coping skill] that I learned at therapy and I felt\_\_\_\_\_. I started to feel\_\_\_\_\_ with myself for thinking of doing a coping skill. The jog-a-thon was coming up so I was very\_\_\_\_\_. I get to the jog-a-thon before I realize that my best friend isn't there. I definitely wanted to do this with my best friend, but instead I thought about all the fun stories I would get to tell and I felt\_\_\_\_\_. The jog-a-thon started anyway and I started running. I was going SO fast. The bad part is that I fell down. I tried not to worry about it by doing a [insert coping skill]. People were really nice about it, after all. Even though things didn't go my way on this day I was still \_\_\_\_\_\_ because I'd worked hard and practiced a lot of coping skills.



### Feelings Questions Activity (Littles, Middles, Bigs)

Therapist Instructions:

Select a combination of positive and trauma-related scenarios from the list below that best fit the children in your program. If these scenarios do not fit the age level or experiences of your group members, create alternate scenarios that better fit their needs.

Place feelings faces/words on the wall around the group room. Read each scenario and instruct all children to walk to the feeling they believe the child in the scenario may be experiencing. Ask children to use the Feelings Gauge poster to share how much of the feeling the character may be experiencing.

Allison got a special game she asked for on her birthday. She feels...

Brandon wants to play outside, but it is raining. He feels...

Chelsea earned an "A" on her spelling test. She feels...

Devon's house was hurt by a tornado last month. Today, it is raining and windy. He feels...

Ellie felt lonely, so she told her caregiver. Now they are playing a game together. She feels...

Frankie hears adults arguing loudly. He feels...

Greta had a bad dream about an upsetting thing that happened to her. She feels...

Henry climbed to the top of a jungle gym and is ready to go down a big slide. He feels...

Isabel thinks it is her fault that the scary, upsetting thing happened. She feels...

Jackson hears sirens outside and remembers the upsetting thing that happened in his family. He feels...

Kendra gets to choose her favorite place to go for dinner. She feels...

Levi misses family members he can't see now. He feels...

Maria remembers when she was hurt by someone else. She feels...

Nathan couldn't get to sleep because he was remembering bad things that happened a long time ago. He decided to do belly breaths to relax his body. Now he feels...

Olivia scores a goal in her soccer game. She feels...

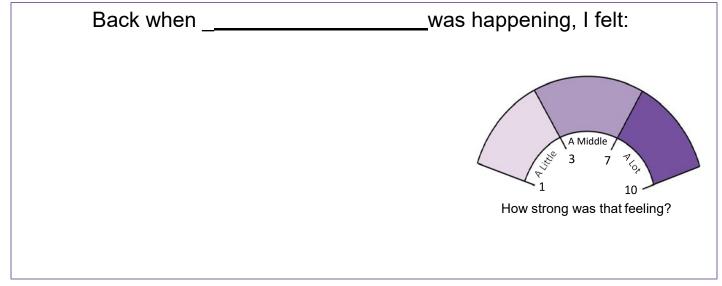
Philip is going to a visit a family member he hasn't seen in a long time. He feels...

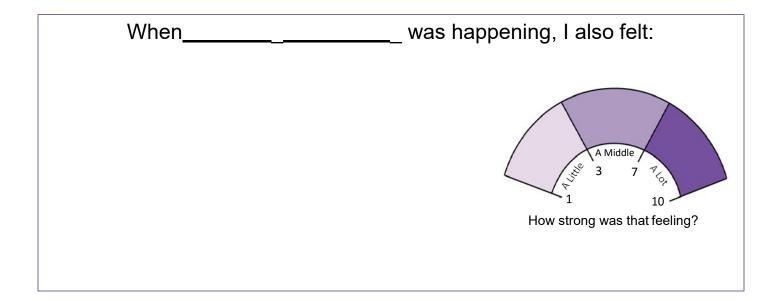
Raven earns a prize for working hard and following group rules. She feels...

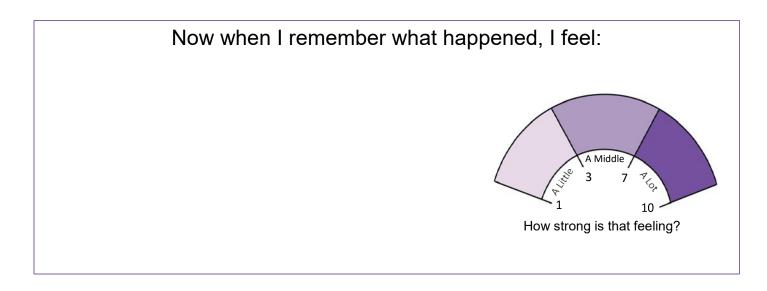


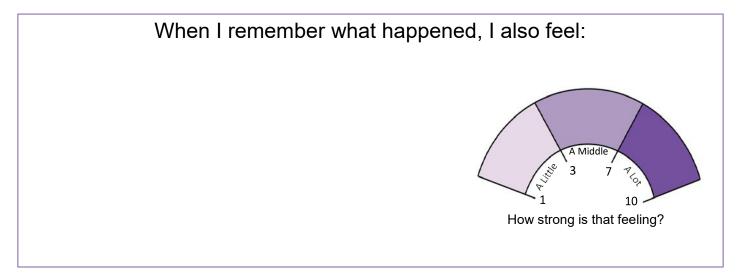
# TF-CBT Workbook My Feelings About the Trauma

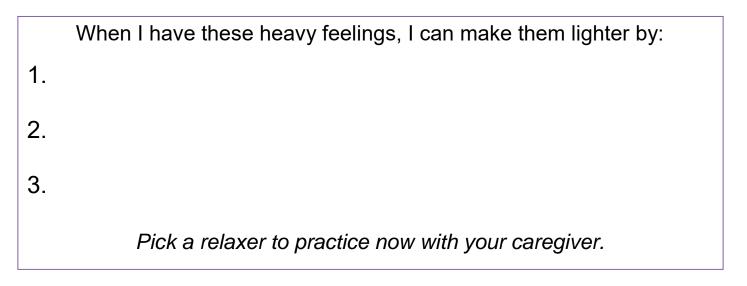
Children have many different feelings after going through upsetting and traumatic experiences. Name your trauma experiences and feelings you had.









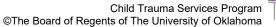




## Child Trauma and Caregiving

Below are common experiences of caregivers of children who have gone through traumatic experiences. Which of the experiences below currently fit you? Use the blank spaces to write in any experiences you're having that aren't listed.

| Common Feelings |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Up              | set about it happening to your child                                 |     | Embarrassed that it happened  |  |  |  |  |
| Sa              | dness  |     | Shame about it happening  |  |  |  |  |
| Fea             | ar for your child  |     | Insecurity since it happened  |  |  |  |  |
| Ang             | ger that it happened   |     | Guilt about not knowing sooner  |  |  |  |  |
| Nu              | mb   |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Common   | The | oughts  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | ink about what happened while<br>rking or at other challenging times |     | Concern that your child will never be the same                                |  |  |  |  |
| Co              | ncerned about what others will think                                 |     | Wonder if you're doing enough to help<br>your child                           |  |  |  |  |
|                 | ink you are responsible for your child periencing the trauma         |     | Think your child's future is less hopeful now                                 |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Common   | Rea | actions   |  |  |  |  |
| Tro             | puble sleeping   |     | More rules and restrictions for your child                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                 | ysical symptoms – headaches,<br>omach aches, etc.                    |     | Fewer rules and less structure and<br>consistency with your child             |  |  |  |  |
|                 | ore frequent reactions like crying,<br>podiness, angry outbursts     |     | Increased conflict with your partner or other significant adult relationships |  |  |  |  |
| Not             | t talking about what has happened                                    |     | Shutting off from others  |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |
|                 |  |     |   |  |  |  |  |





# I CAN RELAXI

Squeeze lemons to make lemonade. Squeeze hand muscles tight!





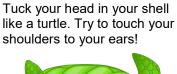
Squeeze your arm muscles like a strong person! S-t-r-e-t-c-h your mouth with a BIG yawn like a tiger.



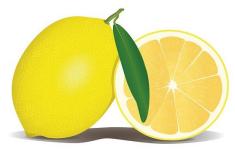


Squeeze sand between your toes. Pick up your feet – here comes a wave!

There's a fly tickling your nose. Wrinkle your nose to make him fly away!







Pucker your mouth like you just ate a VERY sour lemon.

An elephant is stepping on your stomach! Make your stomach muscles hard!





You are walking along a beach. The weather is just the way you like it. As you walk along, you see a carnival on the beach up ahead. There are many interesting things to see.

#### Feet

As you walk closer to the carnival, you notice there is a line to enter the carnival. There are rows of chairs on the beach for people to rest while waiting. You sit in a white chair. The sand feels warm on the bottom of your feet. You push your toes in the sand and squeeze sand between your toes. Try that now. Scrunch up your toes as you squeeze sand between them. And relax. Notice how good it feels to tense your toes and feet and then to relax. Try again to squeeze the warm sand between your toes. Hold it tight. Now relax.

#### Legs

As you sit waiting, you notice a big cool wave lapping onto the beach. Your chair is far back enough that you will not get wet if you pick up your feet. Lift up your legs to keep them dry. Stretch your legs out in front of you as tight as you can. Hold it, here comes the wave. The wave receded; you can now relax. You did a good job of keeping your legs dry. Oh no, here comes another wave. Lift your legs high. Keep your legs out straight and stiff. Hold it a little longer. And relax. You put your feet back on the ground. Your legs feel nice and relaxed. The line to the carnival is shorter and it is your turn to go in.

#### Abdomen

You join a carnival show under a big top tent. The main attraction is a baby elephant bigger than the tallest person. The ring master invites you to be part of the act. The crowd claps and claps for you as you walk to the center ring. The ring master has you lie down on a soft blank on the ground. The ring master tells the audience you are the strongest person on the planet, and to prove the point, the baby elephant will step on your stomach without hurting you. The ring master whispers to you to make your stomach muscles hard and tight so it looks like the elephant is stepping on you. "One-two-three," the ring master shouts and the baby elephant lifts the right front foot and puts it on your stomach. Make your stomach hard and tight. Hold it strong. The crowd applauds and the elephant takes the foot off your stomach. You can now relax your stomach. People start shouting "Encore, encore" and the ring master again has the baby elephant put the right front foot on your stomach. Quick, make your stomach hard as a rock. Keep it tight. A little bit longer...and relax. It feels good to relax those tight muscles. The ring master shakes your hand and the baby elephant offers it's trunk for you to shake, too.

#### Hands

You leave the big top tent and see a woman at a lemonade stand giving away free lemonade to those willing to squeeze their own lemons. You walk over and get a glass ready for fresh lemon juice. The person hands you two bright yellow lemons, one in each hand. Squeeze the lemons as hard as you can to fill the glass. Squeeze all of the juice out. And relax. Your fingers and hands feel good, relaxed. Too bad there is only half of a glass of juice. The person hands you two more lemons. Squeeze really hard to get all of the juice in the glass. Squeeze tight. Now relax. Your glass is full and your hands and fingers feel relaxed. The lemonade is delicious.

#### <u>Arms</u>

Nearby the lemonade stand is a stage with a sad looking man. You ask him why he is sad. He explains the strong man is late and the show cannot be advertised without someone showing off their strong muscles. The man asks if you could help and you say, "Yes." You stand on the stage as he calls people to come look at the strongest person on earth. Squeeze your arm muscles like a strongman! Make your arm muscles as big as you can. Hold it. Relax. Let your arms go loose to your side. People are clapping and buying tickets for the show. The man is smiling and tells you to, again, show your strong muscles. Squeeze your arm muscles again, as big as you can. More people are applauding, which makes you squeeze those muscles even harder. And relax, letting your arms drop to your sides. The man is so happy.



#### Shoulders

The strong man shows up just in time for his show to begin. He shakes your hand and thanks you for helping out. He picks up the man advertising the show and swings him around to enter the tent. You think quick to tuck your head like a turtle, tucking into it's shell so you do not get hit! Try to touch your shoulders to your ears. Keep your head tucked in. Relax. That was a close call. Your shoulders feel so good after tucking your head. Someone whistles behind you and the strong man turns quickly around, still with the man in his arms. Quick, tuck your head down again! Hold your head down like a turtle. Hold it, hold it. The strong man turns back around, swinging the man one last time over your head. You can relax now. Notice how good your shoulders feel after tensing and relaxing.

#### Mouth / Face

You walk away from the strong man show to look at all of the very interesting things at the carnival. Just ahead is a menagerie of animals. The biggest one of all is a big orange and black stripped tiger. The tiger looks at you and makes the biggest yawn you have ever seen. Wow, that's a big yawn. Now all of the animals are yawning. Just when you think the yawning is done, you yawn really big. S-t-r-e-t-c-h your mouth with a BIG yawn like tiger. Hold it open as wide as you can. Relax and let your mouth come back together. That felt good. The tiger yawns again and you join. Open your mouth big like the yawing tiger. Feel you lips and cheeks stretch wide. Now relax. You are feeling so calm and relaxed.

All of that yawning has made you a little hungry for something tasty. The lemonade stand is offering free candied lemons to carnival helpers and performers and you are offered one because you've helped so much. You put the lemon in your mouth and, wow, it is sour. Pucker your mouth like you just ate a VERY sour lemon. The more you pucker, the better it tastes. Now relax. Phew, that was a sour, but a tasty candied lemon. It was so good you take a second one. Pucker up. Push your lips out and suck in your cheeks. Hold it for a few moments more. And relax. Your face is feeling more relaxed. You are feeling calmer.

All of the candied lemons have attracted big flies that buzz around you. A fly lands on your nose and it tickles. Too bad your hands are covered with lemon juice and sugar, or else you could just swat the fly away. Oh well, you wrinkle your nose to make the fly go away! Wrinkle your nose as much as you can. Tight. The fly buzzes off and you can relax now. Your nose and face feel better relaxed. Before you can find something to wipe your hands clean, the fly returns and lands on your nose, again. This time, wrinkle your nose and forehead as best you can. That should get the fly off your nose more quickly. Scrunch and wrinkle you nose and forehead. Do your best to get that fly off your nose. Hold it. Now relax. You did it! The fly takes off and you see a sink in which to wash your hands.

It's been an interesting day for you at the carnival. You've done so much and feel so calm and relaxed that you decide to return where you started. Notice how your body feels relaxed, from the tips of your toes up your legs, across your stomach and up your arms and shoulders, and all the way up to the tip of your nose and top of your head. You feel good. You feel calm. It was a good time at the carnival. Stay seated and if your eyes are closed, slowly open them. Notice how your body feels. Are there muscles that feel more relaxed than others? Remember which of the activities was most calming and relaxing to you. Maybe it was squeezing lemons to make lemonade, or maybe it was tucking your head down like a turtle. Using PMR will help you be calm when you have strong feelings, like mad, sad, scared, and even excited. Being calm will help you make helpful choices and stay out of trouble.





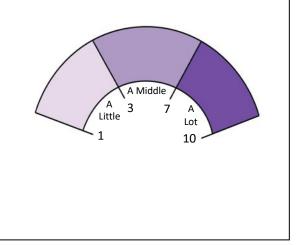
Child Name:

Caregiver Signature:

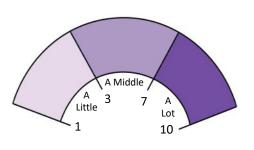
## Home Activity 2: Light and Heavy Feelings

Tell about times this week when you had a heavy feeling and a light feeling. Make sure you practice relaxing your body, too. Caregivers, help your child with writing words if that makes things a little easier.

Draw a picture or write of a time you had heavy feelings this week. Make sure to tell the feeling word and make a mark on the Feelings Gauge to show how strong your feeling was.

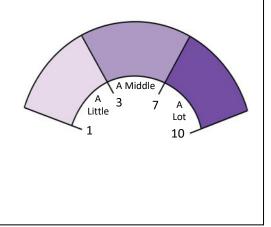


Draw a picture or write about how you relaxed your body to make your heavy feeling lighter. Make a mark on the Feelings Gauge to show how your feeling changed.

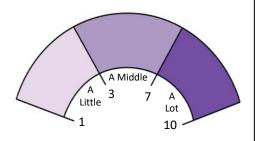




Draw a picture or write of a time you had a light feeling this week. Make sure to tell the feeling word and make a mark on the Feelings Gauge to show how strong your feeling was.



Draw a picture or write of a time you had a light feeling this week. Make sure to tell the feeling word and make a mark on the Feelings Gauge to show how strong your feeling was.



Keep practicing your belly breaths or power breaths and muscle relaxers each day!





TF-CBT Group Session 3: Cognitive Coping

#### **Rationale**

This session will serve as an introduction to the cognitive triangle and cognitive coping skills development. Activities are designed to support youth development of healthy coping skills to manage daily stressors and trauma reminders. These skills will also be utilized after the trauma narrative to support children's cognitive processing of trauma-related beliefs.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will learn methods for supporting children's development of cognitive coping skills.
- 2. Caregivers will consider the impact of their child's traumatic experiences on their own parenting styles.
- 3. Caregivers will learn trauma-informed parenting practices.

#### **Child Objectives**

- 1. Children will learn to identify thoughts and differentiate them from feelings.
- 2. Children will learn the connection between thoughts, feelings and behaviors.
- 3. Children will learn a method for stopping inaccurate or unhelpful thoughts.
- 4. Children will learn about the body's response to trauma reminders and practice skills for managing them.

#### Materials

| Children's Creves Littles      |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Children's Group: Littles      |  |
| Children's folders             | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts                             |
| Group Rules poster             | Individual <i>Feelings Gauges</i> and <i>Faces</i> (one per child)         |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Head-Heart-Hand Signs  |
| Tape/stick tack                | Cognitive Triangle Traffic Cones (3)                                       |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | Scenarios for Cognitive Triangle Handout                                   |
| Book: Eggbert, the Slightly    | 5 Senses Handout   |
| Cracked Egg                    |  |
| Children's Group: Middles/Bigs |  |
| Children's folders             | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts                             |
| Group Rules poster             | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces (one per child)                       |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Think-Feel handout   |
| Tape/stick tack                | Think-Feel-Do Walk-Through Signs   |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | Cognitive Triangle Traffic Cones (3)                                       |
| Healing Days book              | Scenarios for Cognitive Triangle Handout                                   |
| Children's Group: Bigs+        |  |
| Children's folders             | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts                             |
| Group Rules poster             | Individual <i>Feelings Gauges</i> and <i>Faces</i> (one per child)         |
| Group Reward Chart supplies    | Think-Feel-Do Walk-Through Signs   |
| Tape/stick tack                | ABCs of Behavior Worksheets  |
| Markers/Crayons/Pencils        | Cognitive Triangle Traffic Cones (3)                                       |
| My Trauma Brain Handout        | Scenarios for Cognitive Triangle Handout                                   |
| Caregivers' Group              |  |
| Tape/sticky tack               | Think-Feel-Do Connection Worksheet (caregiver)                             |
| Pens/Pencils                   | <i>Trauma and the Think-Feel-Do Connection</i> handout (one per caregiver) |
| Name tags                      | Coaching on Coping Skills handout  |
| Homework 3 (one per child)     | Coping Skills House Building Scenarios/Pieces for<br>Combined Group        |



| Se | ssion 3  | Children's   | Group   | <mark>o – Littles (5-7</mark>  | <b>'</b> )  |                                       |
|----|--|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. | Group Check  | -In  | Time  | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |                                       |
|    | o Thi<br>o Thi<br>■ Select the s   | special helper of the  | oup sessi<br>egivers' g<br>day.                     | ons<br>roups will come togethe<br>eir feeling and rate it on   |   | -                                     |
| 2. | Session Revi   | ew   | Time  | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |                                       |
|    | <ul> <li>Review the concept of Muscle Relaxers and invite the special helper to assist in leading the group through rounds of Muscle Relaxers and Belly Breaths.</li> <li>Review last session's focus on feelings. Concepts to review:         <ul> <li>Basic feelings words</li> <li>Multiple feelings</li> <li>Feelings scaling (Feelings Gauge)</li> <li>Light and heavy feelings</li> <li>Common feelings of children who have gone through upsetting or traumatic experiences.</li> <li>Children can use relaxers to make heavy feelings lighter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Homework Review: Ask children to share their successes in identifying light and heavy feelings.</li> </ul>   |  |   |  |   |                                       |
| 3. | Introduction<br>Hands  | to Head – Heart-   | Time  | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |                                       |
|    | <ul> <li>Have kids s</li> <li>heart 'feels</li> <li>Heart feels</li> <li>Practice dif</li> </ul>   | stand up and identify<br>' things and our han<br>"excited" and Hands | r their hea<br>ds 'Do' th<br>s/Body –<br>i thoughts | ut thoughts, or what our<br>ad, heart, and hands. E<br>nings. For example, Hea<br>Jump up and down. (U<br>s, feelings, and actions | xplain that our head<br>ad says, "Tomorrow<br>se other examples t | is my birthday!"<br>to walk through). |
| 4. | Triangle Prac  | ctice  | Time  | 10 min   | Lead Therapist  |                                       |
|    | <ul> <li>Place head – heart - hands in a large triangle on the floor . Tell kids that our head is the 'boss' and so what our head says can make our heart feel and our hands do. Use example of spider being on shoulder &amp; walk through triangle. Then change to head thinking it is a fake spider and walk through again.</li> <li>Have kids take turns in groups of 3 drawing a thought – feeling- action set of slips of paper and reading aloud. Kids sort themselves to appropriate head-heart-hand and read aloud. Emphasize the point that children can lighten heavy feelings by changing or "lightening" their thoughts. Lighter thoughts and feelings lead to better choices and better outcomes.</li> <li>Example scenarios: <ul> <li>A child walks out to recess and two friends look at the child, whisper and start laughing.</li> <li>A child is in a lunch line holding a tray of food and gets bumped from behind.</li> <li>A child walks into class and says hi to a friend, but the friend doesn't say anything.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |  |   |  |   |                                       |
| 5. | Book on Cha  | anging Thoughts  | Time  | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |                                       |
| •  | Read Eggbe<br>At the end a   | ert the Slightly Crack   | ed Egg<br>Ight abou                                 | ok about an egg that lea<br>It his cracks at the begi  |   | -                                     |



| 5. | Fight-Flight-Freeze   | Time                                       | 10 min                 | Lead Therapist |                 |  |
|----|---|--|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that when people or animals feel scared, we do things to try to get safe. Kids are going to watch a puppet show and watch for how the animals act when they are scared.</li> <li>Therapists act out 3 scenarios to demo fear responses. Pause after each to ask kids what happened. <ul> <li>Lion hears other kids being loud and starts roaring to scare them away</li> <li>Turtle sees new people and goes into his shell.</li> <li>Bird hears mom (or teacher) voice and feels scare he will be in trouble and flies away</li> </ul> </li> <li>Now share that therapists will act out another play where and kids need to watch and see when the animal starts to feel scared and hold up their stop sign for when they should stop and relax.</li> <li>Invite the special helper to assist in leading the group through a round of Belly Breaths and Muscle Relaxers.</li> </ul> |  |                        |                |                 |  |
| 6. | Check Out   | Time                                       | 5 min                  | Lead Therapist |                 |  |
| Se | <ul> <li>Share that the group will learn thoughts or memories set off</li> <li>Review behavior chart progre</li> <li>Prepare for the transition to th</li> <li>ession 3 Children's</li> </ul>   | their alarms,<br>ess.<br>ne combined       | called Grounding (5    | Senses).       | heavy feelings, |  |
| 1. | Group Check-In  | Time                                       | 5 min                  | Lead Therapist |                 |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Remind children of the group         <ul> <li>This is the third of 5 g</li> <li>The childrens' and ca</li> </ul> </li> <li>Select the special helper of th         <ul> <li>During check-in, have children</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | group sessior<br>aregivers' gro<br>ne day. | oups will come togeth  |                | -               |  |
| 2. | Session Review  | Time                                       | 10 min                 | Lead Therapist |                 |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Review the concept of Muscle Relaxers and invite the special helper to assist in leading the group through rounds of Muscle Relaxers and Belly Breaths.</li> <li>Review last session's focus on feelings. Concepts to review:         <ul> <li>Basic feelings words</li> <li>Multiple feelings</li> <li>Feelings scaling (Feelings Gauge)</li> <li>Light and heavy feelings</li> <li>Common feelings of children who have gone through upsetting or traumatic experiences.</li> <li>Children can use relaxers to make heavy feelings lighter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Homework Review: Ask children to share their successes in identifying light and heavy feelings.</li> </ul>  |  |                        |                |                 |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Common feelings of c</li> <li>Children can use relation</li> </ul>   | children who<br>exers to make              | e heavy feelings light | ter.           |                 |  |
| 3. | <ul> <li>Common feelings of c</li> <li>Children can use relation</li> </ul>   | children who<br>exers to make              | e heavy feelings light | ter.           |                 |  |



| 4. | Triangle Practice   | Time             | 10 min                          | Lead Therapist |                   |  |  |
|----|---|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that our thoughts and feelings are also connected with our behavior, or what we do.</li> <li>Place the <i>Do</i> cone and graphic in the triangle formation with the <i>Think</i> and <i>Feel</i> cones.</li> <li>Return to the Spider example from the handout. <ul> <li>Ask the special helper to walk through the character's thoughts, feelings, and behaviors, with support and ideas from the other group members.</li> <li>Add to the story, stating that the character looks more closely and sees that it is a toy spider. Ask the special helper to walk back through the triangle, identifying (with group support) how the child's thoughts, feelings and behaviors change.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use alternate or additional triangle scenarios (Scenarios for Cognitive Triangle Handout) as needed to illustrate the cognitive triangle concept. Emphasize the point that children can lighten heavy feelings by changing or "lightening" their thoughts. Lighter thoughts and feelings lead to better choices and better outcomes.</li> <li>Example scenarios: <ul> <li>A child walks out to recess and two friends look at the child, whisper and start laughing.</li> <li>A child walks into class and says hi to a friend, but the friend doesn't say anything.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                  |                                 |                |                   |  |  |
| 5. | Fight-Flight-Freeze   | Time             | 10 min                          | Lead Therapist |                   |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that everyone has an alarm system inside that helps us look out for danger.</li> <li>Explain that some children who go through scaryand upsetting experiences have an alarm system that is turned up on high to make extra sure that there is no danger.</li> <li>Share that the group is going to read about how this alarm system works and what happens when it is turned up too high.</li> <li>Read pages in <i>Healing Days</i>.</li> <li>Ask group to share examples of something that might set off their own alarm system. Therapists can share hypothetical examples also.</li> <li>Invite the special helper to assist in leading the group through a round of Belly Breaths and Muscle Relaxers.</li> </ul>   |                  |                                 |                |                   |  |  |
| 6. | Check Out   | Time             | 5 min                           | Lead Therapist |                   |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Share that the group will learn a thoughts or memories set off th</li> <li>Review behavior chart progres</li> <li>Prepare for the transition to the</li> </ul>   | neir alarm<br>s. | s, called <i>Grounding (5</i> 3 |                | n heavy feelings, |  |  |



| Sess   | Session 3 Children's Group – Bigs (10-12)   |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Gro | oup Check   | -In  | Time   | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |  |
| •      | <ul> <li>Remind children of the group logistics <ul> <li>This is the third of 5 group sessions</li> <li>The children's and caregivers' groups will come together at 6:30 for a combined activity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Select the special helper of the day.</li> <li>During check-in, have children share their feeling and rate it on the Feelings Gauge poster.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| 2. Ses | ssion Revi  | ew   | Time   | 5 min  | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |  |
| •      | through rounds of Muscle Relaxers and Belly Breaths.  |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| 3. Int | troduction  | to Thoughts  | Time   | 10 min   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |  |
| •      | <ul> <li>Explain that today's session will be about thoughts, or what our brain says inside.</li> <li>Review the <i>Think-Feel</i> handout with children, including thought-feeling scenarios.         <ul> <li>Therapists can act out the scenarios, if needed, to actively engage children.</li> <li>Therapists can also place the think and feel traffic cones and graphics on the floor to assist in the scenario walk-throughs.</li> <li>Use additional scenarios as needed that are relevant to group participants.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Utilize ABCs of Behavior worksheets to illustrate antecedents and consequences of behaviors. This should be done after Think-Feel handout is explained.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| 4. Tri | iangle Prac   | ctice  | Time   | 10 min   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |  |
| •      | Place the <i>D</i><br>Return to th  | bo cone and graphi<br>the Spider example<br>(the special helper<br>oport and ideas from<br>d to the story, stating<br>the special helper<br>child's thoughts, for<br>the or additional tria<br>e cognitive triangle<br>r "lightening" their the<br>cenarios:<br>hild walks out to re-<br>hild walks into class | ic in the trian<br>from the ha<br>r to walk thro<br>m the other<br>ng that the o<br>r to walk ba-<br>eelings and<br>angle scena<br>concept. En<br>thoughts. Lig<br>eccess and two<br>he holding a<br>ss and says | ngle formation with<br>indout.<br>ough the character's<br>group members.<br>character looks mor<br>ck through the trian<br>behaviors change.<br>rios (Scenarios for (<br>mphasize the point<br>ghter thoughts and<br>the tray of food and ge<br>hi to a friend, but th | th our behavior, or wh<br>the <i>Think</i> and <i>Feel</i> co<br>s thoughts, feelings, a<br>gle, identifying (with g<br>Cognitive Triangle Han<br>that children can lighte<br>feelings lead to better<br>e child, whisper and s<br>ets bumped from behin<br>he friend doesn't say a<br>ased on information ye | nes.<br>nd behaviors, with<br>at it is a toy spider.<br>roup support) how<br>ndout) as needed to<br>en heavy feelings by<br>choices and better<br>tart laughing.<br>nd.<br>nything. |  |  |  |



| sal (meaning everyone<br>valking into the room rig<br>nal) May read pages 13<br>n that reminders of a page  | has it) respons<br>ght now.<br>3-20 in Healing<br>st unsafe time,   | e system in our<br>Days.  | bodies to threat. Give  | example of  |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Teach youth that trauma impacts our bodies, as well as our minds. Fight – Flight – Freeze is a universal (meaning everyone has it) response system in our bodies to threat. Give example of bear walking into the room right now.</li> <li>(optional) May read pages 13-20 in Healing Days.</li> <li>Teach that reminders of a past unsafe time, triggers, can put our bodies into fight-flight-freeze.</li> <li>Ask the youth to share examples of things that may accidentally trigger the alarms of youth who have been through different types of traumas, like: <ul> <li>Car accident (riding in a car, being on a highway/busy street, car horns, sirens)</li> <li>Tornado (rain, darkening sky, thunder, lightning, wind, tornado siren)</li> <li>Witnessing adult fighting (arguing, loud voices; can be in different situations like a show on TV, in a store, at home, etc.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ask members if anyone would be willing to share something that has accidentally set off their alarm systems and how it felt.</li> <li>Use "My Trauma Brain" handout to identify feelings, thoughts, and body triggers related to trauma.</li> <li>Review the coping skills that have been taught in group to help children reset their alarm system: deep breaths, muscle relaxers, and activities from their Feel Better Plan.</li> </ul> |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|   | Time  | 5 min   | Lead Therapist  |   |  |  |
| r<br>f<br>f<br>f<br>f   | <ul> <li>Car accident (riding</li> <li>Tornado (rain, dark</li> <li>Witnessing adult fig<br/>TV, in a store, at he</li> <li>members if anyone would</li> <li>ms and how it felt.</li> <li>My Trauma Brain" hand</li> <li>a.</li> <li>we the coping skills that</li> <li>hs, muscle relaxers, and</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Car accident (riding in a car, being</li> <li>Tornado (rain, darkening sky, thur</li> <li>Witnessing adult fighting (arguing, TV, in a store, at home, etc.)</li> <li>members if anyone would be willing to soms and how it felt.</li> <li>My Trauma Brain" handout to identify for the coping skills that have been taugen the coping skills that have been taugen some a group member to assist in leading the source of the coping the constant.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Car accident (riding in a car, being on a highway/b</li> <li>Tornado (rain, darkening sky, thunder, lightning, w</li> <li>Witnessing adult fighting (arguing, loud voices; car<br/>TV, in a store, at home, etc.)</li> <li>members if anyone would be willing to share something<br/>tims and how it felt.</li> <li>My Trauma Brain" handout to identify feelings, thoughts<br/>ha.</li> <li>we the coping skills that have been taught in group to he<br/>hs, muscle relaxers, and activities from their Feel Better<br/>a group member to assist in leading the group through</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Car accident (riding in a car, being on a highway/busy street, car horns, s</li> <li>Tornado (rain, darkening sky, thunder, lightning, wind, tornado siren)</li> <li>Witnessing adult fighting (arguing, loud voices; can be in different situation TV, in a store, at home, etc.)</li> <li>members if anyone would be willing to share something that has accidentally some and how it felt.</li> <li>My Trauma Brain" handout to identify feelings, thoughts, and body triggers relina.</li> <li>we the coping skills that have been taught in group to help children reset their ths, muscle relaxers, and activities from their Feel Better Plan.</li> <li>a group member to assist in leading the group through a round of Relaxers.</li> </ul> |  |  |

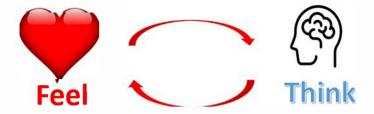
| Se | ession 3  | Caregivers   | ' Grou  | Jp   |  |  |
|----|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1. | Group Check   | -In  | Time  | 5min   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Welcome the caregivers to session 3.</li> <li>Pass out name tags, folders, and ink pens/markers as needed.</li> <li>Remind caregivers of the group logistics.         <ul> <li>The children's and caregivers' groups will come together at 6:30 for a combined activity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Facilitate relaxation activity with the group.</li> </ul>  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 2. | Homework R  | eview  | Time  | 5min   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | o As<br>o As  |  | ny succe<br>n comple  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Teach Think-  | Feel-Do Triangle   | Time  | 5min   | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Remind caregivers that last week's session was on feelings identification and management. This week's session builds on that by teaching children about the connection between our thoughts, feelings and behavior.</li> <li>Teach the <i>Think-Feel-Do Connection</i> by using any easily relatable experience (e.g., getting cut off in traffic). Draw triangle on white board and have caregivers identify thoughts, feelings, and actions. Try to generate from group both angry and anxious thoughts/feelings/actions. May also use the <i>Think-Feel-Do</i> handout.</li> <li>Explain that understanding the think-feel-do connection is an important tool in understanding children's reactions.</li> <li>Teach that caregiver can help children at each point of the triangle. Share the <i>Coaching on Coping Skills</i> handout. Discuss these ideas to aid when child is triggered and in fight/flight/freeze reaction mode.</li> </ul> |  |   |  |  | ur thoughts, feelings<br>., getting cut off in<br>s, and actions. Try<br>o use the <i>Think</i> -<br>rstanding children's<br>ching on Coping |
| 4. | Cognitive Co<br>Caregivers  | ping for   | Time  | 20min  | Lead Therapist   |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Inform that<br/>thoughts sl</li> <li>Give exam<br/>thinking/ho</li> <li>This sessic<br/>child's trau</li> <li>Utilize the g<br/>validated. I<br/>caregivers.</li> <li>Listen for tl<br/>parenting)<br/>have know</li> </ul>  | hape how we feel, an<br>ple of parent thinking<br>peful/effective paren<br>on should allow careg<br>ma history.<br>group structure to far<br>deally, the culture of<br>houghts that negative<br>and guide group in g | nd can im<br>g negative<br>ting.<br>givers the<br>cilitate a<br>the grou<br>ely impac<br>generated<br>being sex | e/hopeless/ ineffective<br>e space to talk about the<br>discussion in which car<br>p allows for normalizati<br>et caregiver (support for<br>d alternate, balanced the<br>cually abused, it's my fa | parenting versus po<br>eir own thoughts rel<br>egiver's feel suppor<br>on of these thought<br>child, distress leve<br>oughts. (For examp | ositive<br>ated to their<br>ted and<br>s for<br>I, general<br>Ie, "I should  |

| 5. | Combined   | d Group Preparation | Time | 5min | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|----|--|---------------------|------|------|----------------|--|--|
|    | <ul> <li>Combined time will focus on learning a new coping skill, Grounding (5 Senses). Briefly orient caregivers to this skill and when it is helpful to use.</li> <li>Caregivers will then help their children complete the <i>Coping Skills House Building</i> activity, during which the family will be expected to complete a series of activities. Some focus on coping skills while others address the difference between thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>To be supportive, caregivers might: <ul> <li>Practice reflective listening to validate their child's thoughts and feelings</li> <li>Ask if their child would lead them in the coping skills they select.</li> <li>Praise their child's answers and knowledge of different skills.</li> <li>Reinforce the idea that these are skills that their family can use during stressful times.</li> <li>Encourage their child to come to them if they are having heavy thoughts or feelings so that the caregiver can work together to make them lighter.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |                     |      |      |                |  |  |
| 6. |  |                     |      |      |                |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>6. Homework Preparation Time 5min Lead Therapist</li> <li>Show caregivers a copy of Home Activity C and share that this homework will combine feelings and thought identification with scaling and coping skills practice.</li> <li>Provide brief instructions on how caregivers can support their children in completing this session's homework assignment.</li> <li>Considerations for caregivers in supporting skill development in the coming week: <ul> <li>Caregivers may model use of the skills at times when their stress is increased.</li> <li>Caregivers can practice the skills with their child when they start to see their child's stress level increasing.</li> <li>These skills will be less effective when a child is already highly upset. Intervening early is key to successful coping skills use.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |                     |      |      |                |  |  |



| Se | Session 3 Combined Group   |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |
|----|--|------|-------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | Session Review   | Time | 5min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |  |
| •  | <ul> <li>Children are asked to share with their caregivers what they did in today's session.</li> <li>Children are encouraged to share their completed workbook page with their caregivers.</li> </ul>   |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Grounding  | Time | 5min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Group leaders explain that families are going to learn a new skill for helping when heavy memories or thoughts get stuck in their brains.</li> <li>Group leaders teach Grounding (5 Senses) activity.</li> <li>Kids share with their grown-up a time their alarm goes off (for littles when they feel scared) and plan to use grounding.</li> </ul>   |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Coping Skills House<br>Building  | Time | 10min | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Explain that group members have learned different ways to cope with heavy thoughts and feelings – belly breaths, muscle relaxers, grounding, and other activities they put on their Feel Better Plans.</li> <li>In this activity, each family gets to build a house room by room. Each room has a different story on the back. The character in each story needs the family's help to find a safe and healthy way of coping. The family is asked to come up with an answer and practice the coping skill together. Then their therapist will give them a new room with a new story to solve.</li> <li>Each time the family earns a new room, it can be added to their house until the house is complete.</li> </ul> |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Home Activity Introduction   | Time | 2min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Hand out Home Activity C to families and briefly explain the assignment.</li> <li>Ask caregivers to make a strong effort to complete the homework with their child and return it next week so that the children can share their answers with other group members.</li> </ul>  |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Check Out  | Time | 2min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Check Out</li> <li>Time</li> <li>2min</li> <li>Lead Therapist</li> <li>Complete the homework prize drawing and award the prize to the winning child.</li> <li>Review behavior chart progress and praise children who earned today's reward. Hand out the prize as families leave the session.</li> <li>Therapists will follow up with caregivers, as needed.</li> </ul>   |      |       |                |  |  |  |  |

# Did you know that our feelings and thoughts are connected?



#### Here are some examples:



I think these cookies are for me... I feel happy!



What might these children be thinking and feeling?

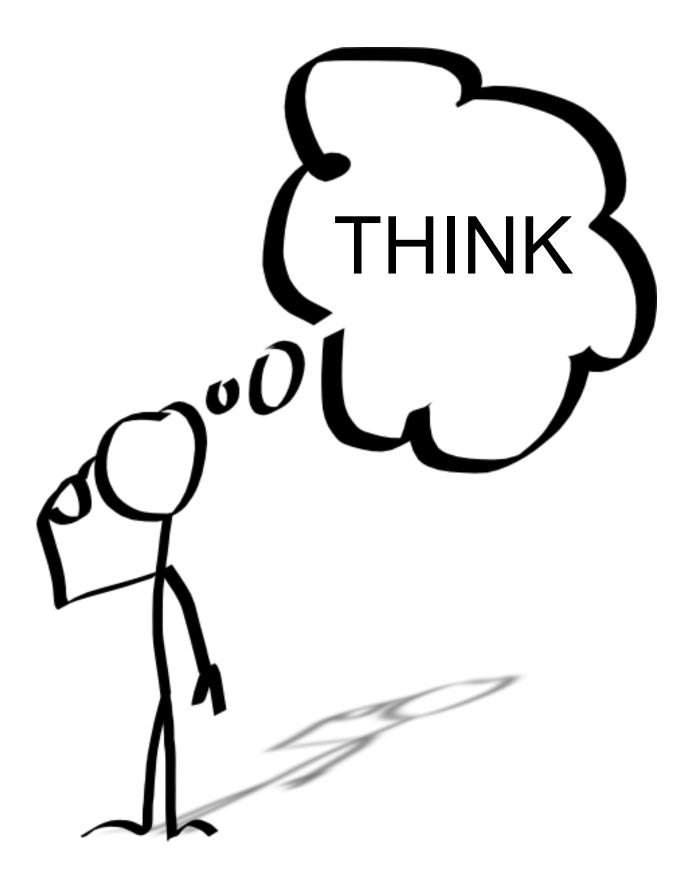


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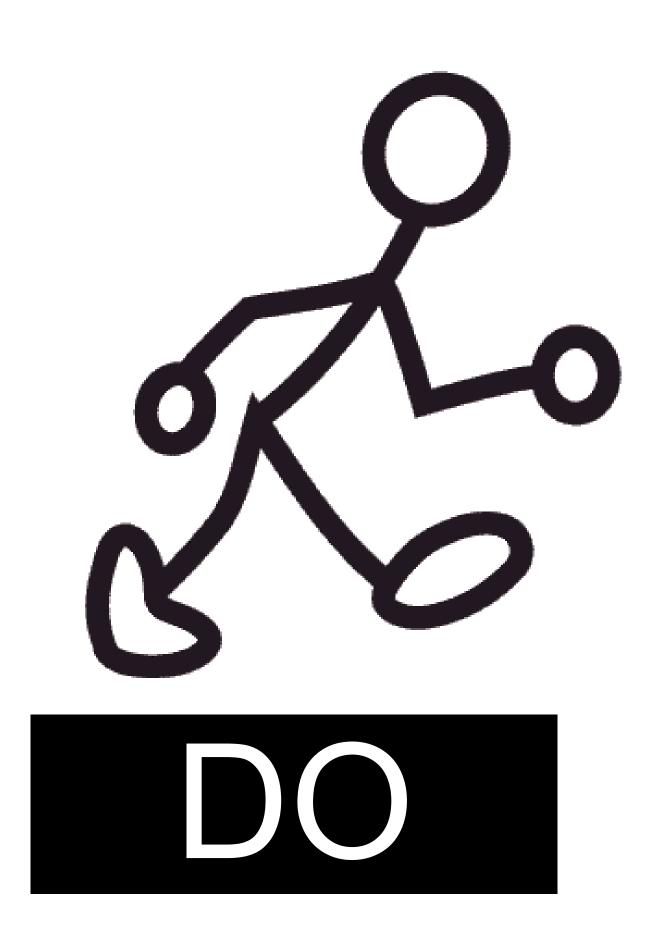
I think the spider might bite me... I feel scared!







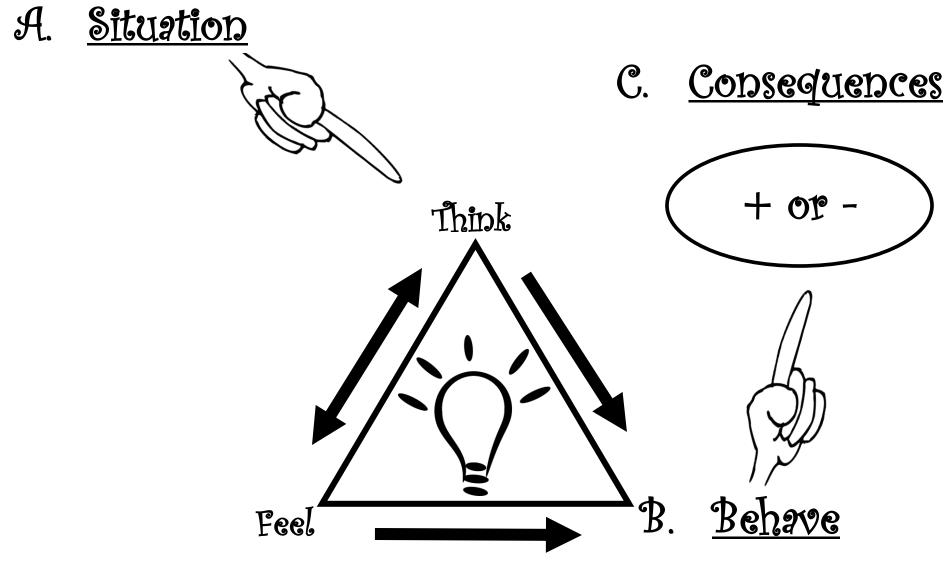






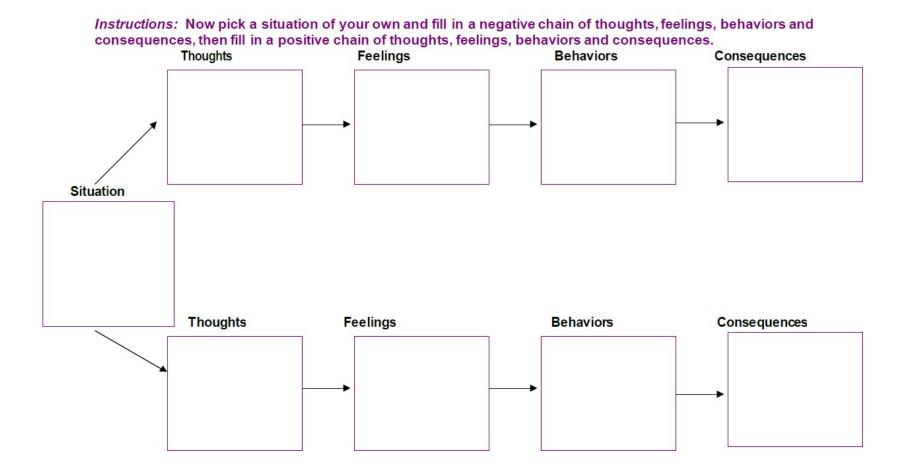


**ABC Handout** 





## **ABC's of Behavior Worksheet**





# **MY TRAUMA BRAIN**

#### How I Feel Differently

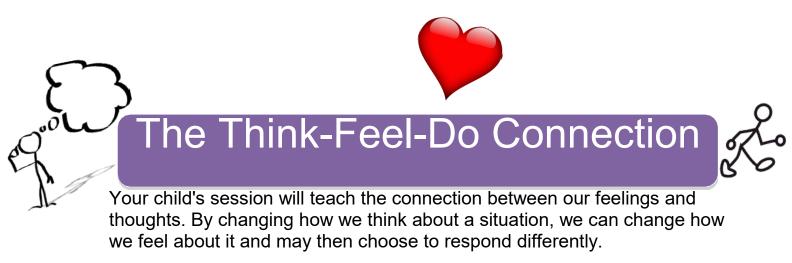
(What feelings I have most or less now, feelings that are toughest for me to manage ...)

How I Think Differently (About myself, others, the world, my future...)

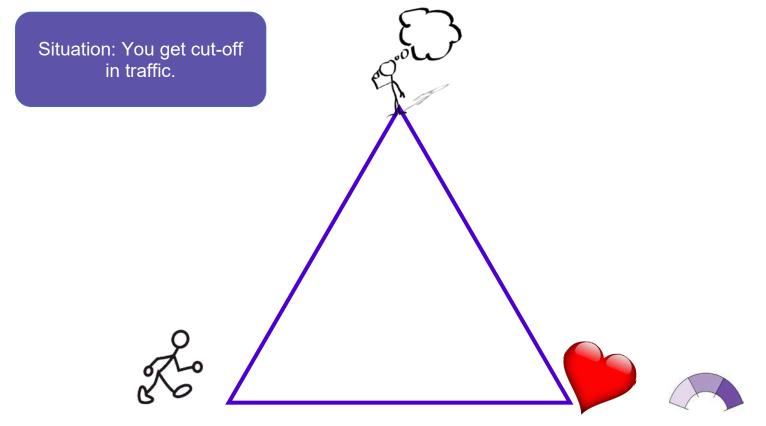
> My Amygdala Hijackers (Triggers like places, people, sounds, feelings, tastes, smells, others' words or behaviors...)

How I Act Differently (How I treat others, how I handle stressors or worries, things I do more or less now)

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Below is an example showing how changing a thought can change the outcome of a situation.





## Trauma and the Think-Feel-Do Connection

Traumatic experiences can impact how children see themselves, others, the world and even their future.

One way this can appear is through an increased sensitivity to potential danger. Children's internal alarm systems may go on high alert, seeing threats to their safety where none may exist.

When our internal alarm system is triggered, our protective reflex kicks in. This is also called our *Fight-Flight-Freeze Response*. Stress hormones are released to prepare the body to protect itself. This response is helpful when real danger exists, but can cause problems when there is a false alarm.

Below is an example of how a child's faulty alarm system can cause problems.

| Trauma             | A child was involved in a major tornado.   |  |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Triggering         | The child sees the sky darkening, feels wind   |  |  |  |
| Situation          | increasing and raindrops starting.   |  |  |  |
| Child's<br>Thought | "A tornado is coming – we're in danger!"   |  |  |  |
| Child' Feelings    | Fear, confusion, the body's stress response starts<br>(e.g., heart rate increase, upset stomach, sweaty<br>palms, etc.)                    |  |  |  |
| Child's            | Crying, pleading with adult to find shelter,   |  |  |  |
| Behavior           | disorganized behavior  |  |  |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>Gets adult's attention, may lead adult to</li> <li>+ seek safety, possibly protected if real danger exists</li> </ul>             |  |  |  |
| Outcomes           | Can't calm down, becomes more reactive<br>and argumentative, becomes physically<br>distressed, gets negative attention and<br>consequences |  |  |  |



## Child Trauma and Caregiving

Below are common experiences of caregivers of children who have gone through traumatic experiences. Which of the experiences below currently fit you? Use the blank spaces to write in any experiences you're having that aren't listed.

| Common Feelings  |  |  |   |
|------------------|--|--|---|
| Ups              | set about it happening to your child                                 |  | Embarrassed that it happened  |
| Sac              | dness  |  | Shame about it happening  |
| Fea              | ar for your child  |  | Insecurity since it happened  |
| Ang              | ger that it happened   |  | Guilt about not knowing sooner  |
| Nui              | mb   |  |   |
|                  |  |  |   |
| Common Thoughts  |  |  |   |
|                  | ink about what happened while<br>rking or at other challenging times |  | Concern that your child will never be the same                                |
| Со               | ncerned about what others will think                                 |  | Wonder if you're doing enough to help<br>your child                           |
|                  | ink you are responsible for your child<br>periencing the trauma      |  | Think your child's future is less hopeful now                                 |
|                  |  |  |   |
|                  |  |  |   |
| Common Reactions |  |  |   |
| Tro              | puble sleeping   |  | More rules and restrictions for your child                                    |
|                  | ysical symptoms – headaches,<br>mach aches, etc.                     |  | Fewer rules and less structure and<br>consistency with your child             |
|                  | ore frequent reactions like crying,<br>oodiness, angry outbursts     |  | Increased conflict with your partner or other significant adult relationships |
| Not              | t talking about what has happened                                    |  | Shutting off from others  |
|                  |  |  |   |
|                  |  |  |   |



# Coaching on Coping Skills

After a trauma, children may be stuck in Fight-Flight-Freeze responding. This can look like:

- Extreme emotions ('meltdown' or 'rage')
- Out of the blue or over very minor issue
- Happens quickly (zero to sixty)
- Unable to calm down

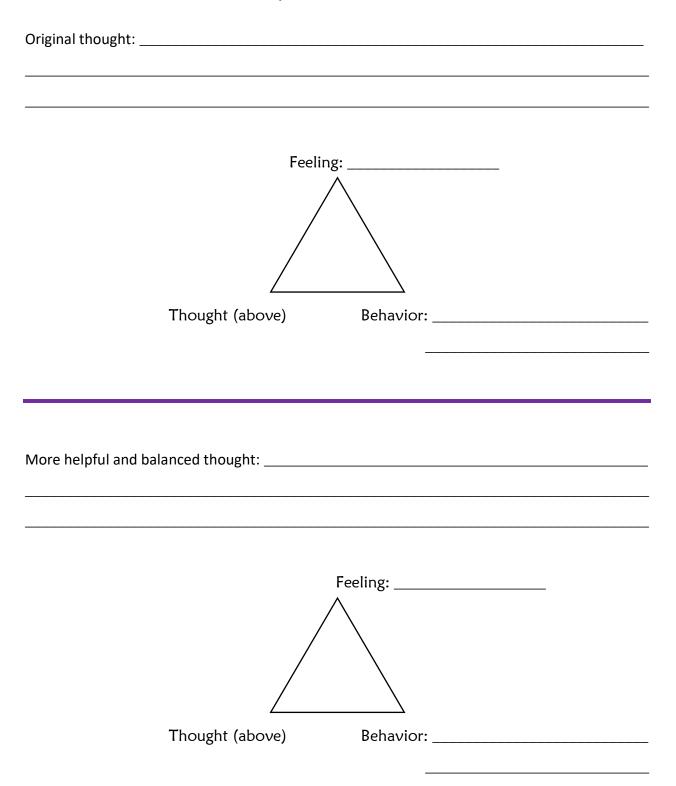
- Doesn't respond to reasoning
- Distress may last a long time
- Apologetic later

## Ways to Help Your Child:

- 1. Create a sense of safety
  - Stand a few feet away from child
  - Speak in a calm and quiet voice
- 2. Tell child you can see he/she is feeling upset and you are available if he/she needs you
- 3. Offer to do a favorite coping skill together. (Or just start doing the coping skill yourself for child to join)
- 4. Allow your child time to calm
  - This means back away & be quiet! ③
  - Stay in close distance so child can come to you with he/she is ready
- 5. Avoid Reasoning, Arguing, Questioning

Responding calmly to someone in the Fight-Flight-Freeze mode can be difficult, it is OK to take a moment to calm yourself before interacting with your child.

# What is a thought you have had about yourself related to your child's trauma?





#### Our 5 senses:

This is a calming activity that can help you with tough or stressful situations. Or anytime you want to feel better. It uses all of your senses.



# It's as easy as 5, 4, 3, 2, 1!

5 - LOOK: Look around for 5 things that you can see. You could say, I see the window, I see the chair, or I see the table.

4 - FEEL: Think of 4 things that you can feel. You could say, I feel my shoes, I feel the chair I'm sitting on, or I feel the pencil I'm holding.

3 - LISTEN: Listen for 3 sounds. You could hear the sound of people talking, the sound of traffic, or the sound of the clock ticking.

2 - SMELL: What are two things you can smell? If you cannot smell anything, then think of your 2 favorite smells.

1 - TASTE: What is something you can taste right now? Maybe it's your toothpaste, or something you ate. If you cannot taste anything, then say your favorite thing to taste.

# You can practice 5 Senses every day so that you can use them anywhere and anytime you want to feel better!



#### COPING SKILLS HOUSE SCENARIOS - BIGS

BEDROOM 1 - B

### Marcus just woke up from a nightmare.

How might his body be feeling?

How can Marcus turn down his body's alarm system enough to go back to sleep?

LIVING ROOM - B

Both youth and grown-ups can answer this one!

The last time my body's alarm system was triggered was...

The body reactions I experienced were:

KITCHEN - B

All kids sometimes have heavy thoughts, feelings or memories and can use some extra support from their caregivers.

Work together with your caregiver to come up with a quick and easy way to let them know when you could use their help to feel better. Maybe it's a symbol or code word. Or maybe there's another way that will work better for you both.

## What's your plan?

#### LAUNDRY ROOM - B

Caregivers can help when their youth's body alarm systems are triggered by heavy memories, thoughts or feelings.

Caregiver, lead your youth in a relaxer of their choice. Remember to do the relaxer with your youth!

Pick one or choose your own:

**3 Deep Breaths 5 Senses** 

We used this relaxer instead:

# Is this youth sharing a thought or feeling in each sentence?

|  | THOUGHT | FEELING |
|--|---------|---------|
| I love pizza!  |         |         |
| Everybody hates me.  |         |         |
| I'm overwhelmed.   |         |         |
| I'm so excited to go to<br>the movie tonight!                |         |         |
| All the bad stuff that's happened<br>in my life is my fault. |         |         |
| I worry all the time.  |         |         |
| I don't know how I'm feeling.                                |         |         |

COPING SKILLS HOUSE SCENARIOS - MIDDLES

BEDROOM 1 - M

Marcus just woke up from a bad dream. How might he be feeling?

How can Marcus turn down his body's alarm system and go back to sleep?

LIVING ROOM - M

Both kids and grown-ups can answer this one!

The last time my body's alarm system was triggered, I felt...

My feeling was this heavy:

3

10

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**KITCHEN - M** 

Maggie had a bad day at school. Help her ask her mom for support.

Mom, today was tough at school and I feel...

*Could you help me do this relaxer to feel better?* 

LAUNDRY ROOM - M

Grown-ups can help when kids' body alarm systems are triggered by heavy memories, thoughts or feelings.

Grown-up, lead your child in a relaxer of your child's choice. Remember to do the relaxer with your child!

Pick one or choose your own:

**Deep Breaths** 

**5 Senses** 

Lemon Squeezers

Strong Man

We used this relaxer:



BEDROOM 2 - M

## Is Jack telling us about a thought or feeling?

|   | THOUGHT | FEELING |
|---|---------|---------|
| I'm excited to go swimming!                               |         |         |
| I'm so mad at my brother.                                 |         |         |
| Nobody likes me.  |         |         |
| Something bad might happen when I'm away from my parents. |         |         |
| I love pizza!   |         |         |
| Loud noises scare me.                                     |         |         |
| Basketball is the best sport in the world.                |         |         |

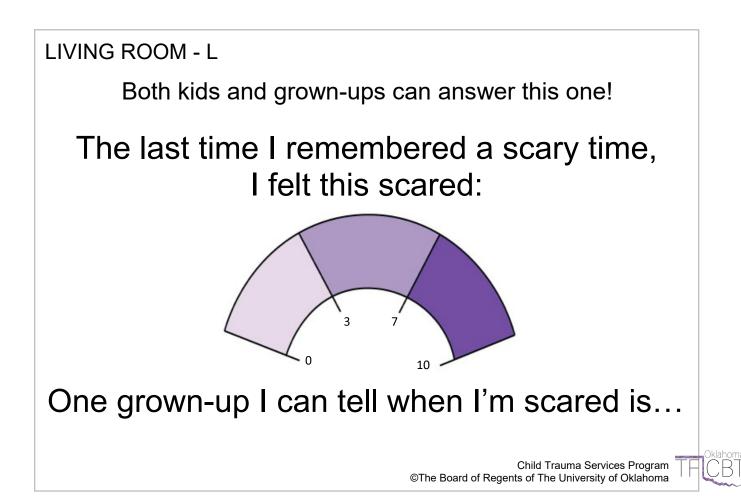


#### COPING SKILLS HOUSE SCENARIOS - LITTLES

BEDROOM 1 - L

Marcus had a bad dream. He feels...

Name a relaxer that can help Marcus go back to sleep.



KITCHEN - L

Maggie had a bad day at school. Help her ask her mom for support.

Mom, I had a bad day at school and I feel...

Can you do this relaxer with me? (List a favorite relaxer)

LAUNDRY ROOM - L

Grown-ups can help when kids' body alarm systems are triggered by heavy memories, thoughts or feelings.

Grown-up, lead your child in a relaxer of your child's choice. Remember to do the relaxer with your child!

Pick one or choose your own:

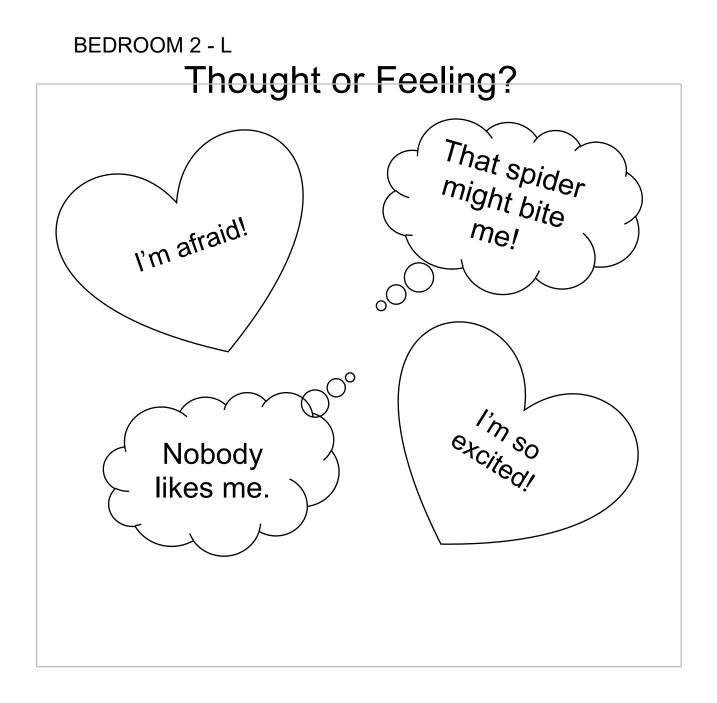
**Deep Breaths** 

**5 Senses** 

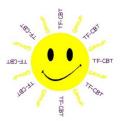
Lemon Squeezers Strong Man

We used this relaxer:





Littles, Middles



Child Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Caregiver Signature:

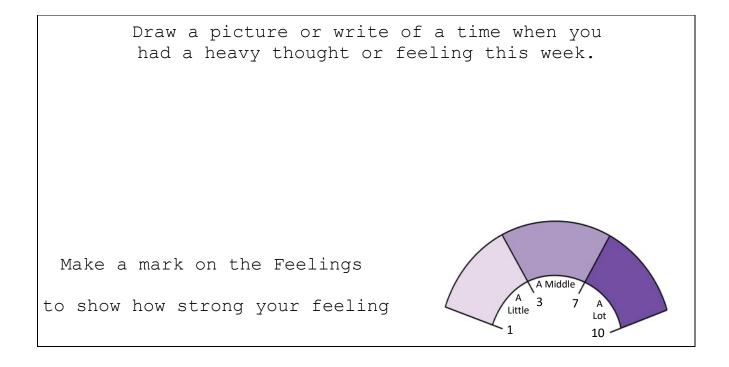
#### Home Activity 3: Using My Coping Skills

We can lighten heavy thoughts and feelings by using our coping skills. For this week, try out your new skills when you start having heavy thoughts and feelings. Your caregiver can help you think of a skill to use and do the skill with you if you'd like help.

| Draw a picture or write of a time when you<br>a heavy thought or feeling this week. | had            |
|---|----------------|
|   |                |
|   |                |
|   |                |
| Make a mark on the Feelings Gauge   |                |
| to show how strong your feeling was. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$         | A<br>Lot<br>10 |

| Which coping skill did you use to help lighten your<br>thought or feeling? |
|--|
| Belly Breaths Muscle Relaxers 5 Senses                                     |
| I used another skill: (Write or draw the skill.)                           |
| What was your feeling after using your coping skill? How strong was it?    |





| Which coping skill did you use to help lighten your thought or feeling? |
|---|
| Belly Breaths Muscle Relaxers 5 Senses                                  |
| I used another skill: (Write or draw the skill.)                        |
| What was your feeling after using your coping skill? How strong was it? |

Keep practicing your belly breaths and muscle relaxers each day! Can you teach them to your teacher? Can you teach them to a friend?



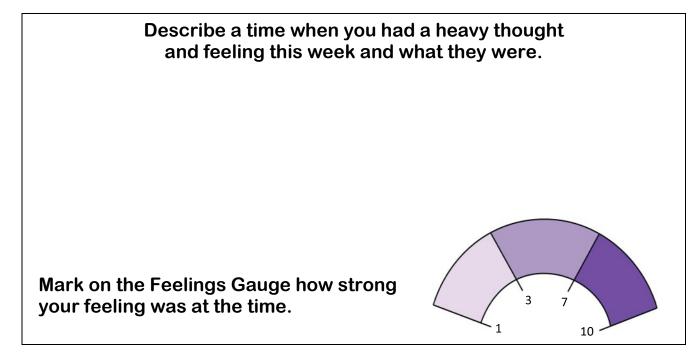


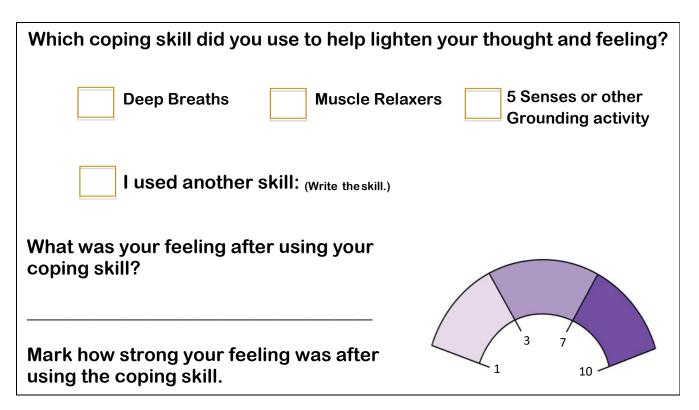
Youth Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Caregiver Signature:

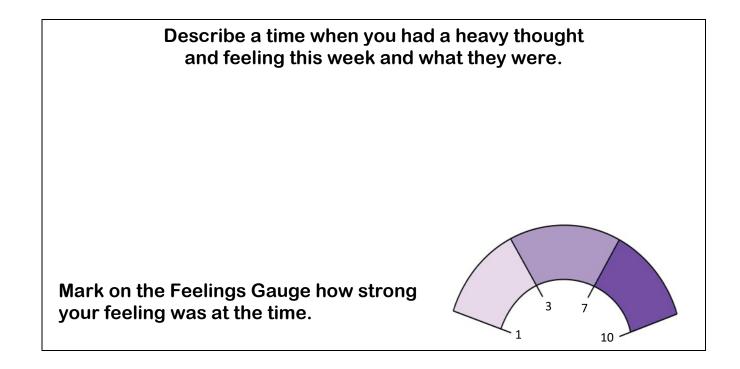
### Home Activity 3: Using My Coping Skills

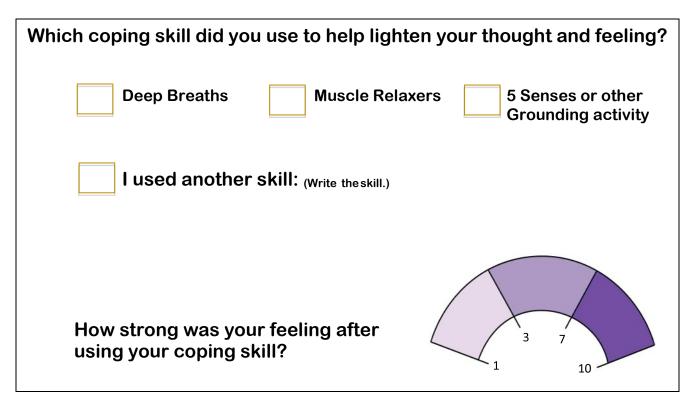
We can lighten heavy thoughts and feelings by using our coping skills. For this week, try out your new skills when you start having heavy thoughts and feelings. Your caregiver can help you think of a skill to use and do the skill with you if you'd like help.











Keep practicing your deep breaths and muscle relaxers each day!

Teach a coping skill to someone you know this week.



#### TF-CBT Group Session 4: PRAC Review

#### **Rationale**

This session will focus on continued skills development and reinforcement while increasing gradual exposure.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will begin discussing parenting skills.
- 2. Caregivers will learn and apply strategy of Functional Behavior Analysis and
- 3. Caregivers will begin discussing behavior intervention strategies (i.e., labeled praise).

#### **Child Objectives**

- 1. Children will reinforce knowledge gained on trauma and impacts.
- 2. Children will reinforce skills gained in feelings identification, scaling and expression.
- 3. Children will reinforce understanding of think-feel-do connection and challenging unhelpful/inaccurate cognitions.

#### **Materials**

| Children's Group: Littles   |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Children's folders          | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts            |
| Group Rules poster          | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces (one per child)      |
| Group Reward Chart supplies | Markers/Crayons/Pencils                                   |
| Tape/stick tack             | Game: Head, Heart, Hands (Littles Version)                |
| Think-Feel-Do Signs         | Cognitive Triangle Traffic Cones (3)                      |
| Triangle Poster             |   |
| Children's Group: Middles & |   |
| Bigs                        |   |
| Children's folders          | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts            |
| Group Rules poster          | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces (one per child)      |
| Group Reward Chart supplies | Markers/Crayons/Pencils                                   |
| Tape/stick tack             | Game: <i>Head, Heart, Hands</i> (Middles & Bigs Versions) |
| Think-Feel-Do Signs         | Cognitive Triangle Traffic Cones (3)                      |
| Triangle Poster             |   |
| Caregivers' Group           |   |
| Tape/sticky tack            | Poster-board  |
| Pens/Pencils                | Homework Activity 4: Family Relaxation                    |
| Name tags                   |   |

| Session 4 Children's Group – Littles (5-7)   |  |               |      |        |                |  |  |
|--|--|---------------|------|--------|----------------|--|--|
| 1.   | Group Check-Ir   | ı             | Time | 5 min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Remind children of the group logistics <ul> <li>This is the fourth of 5 group sessions</li> <li>The children's and caregivers' groups will come together at 6:30 for a combined activity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Select the special helper of the day.</li> <li>During check-in, have children share their feeling and rate it on the Feelings Gauge poster.</li> <li>Inform that next session will be our last session as a group.</li> </ul>  |               |      |        |                |  |  |
| 2.   | Overview & Ho  | mework Review | Time | 10 min | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Invite the special helper to assist in leading the group through a round of 5 Senses – 5 things you see, 4 things you feel, 3 things you hear, 2 things you smell and 1 thing you taste.</li> <li>Review last session's focus on the connection between what our brain says, what our heart feels and what we do. Place the think, feel do signs in a triangle on the wall and review a scenario (e.g., spider example), asking group members to identify thoughts, feelings, and behaviors and how they change as the scenario changes.</li> <li>Review the body's alarm system and the three Fight-Flight-Freeze responses.</li> <li>Review how relaxers can help reset our alarm systems.</li> <li>Ask group members to review on their homework sheet a time that they used a relaxer to lighten a heavy thought or feeling.</li> </ul> |               |      |        |                |  |  |
| 3.   | Head, Hands, H   | leart Game    | Time | 40 min | Lead Therapist |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Group leaders are encouraged to tailor this game structure to best suit the group members' developmental levels.</li> <li>Explain that the group members have worked so hard to learn new things in group that today's session is going to give them a chance to put all their new learning to use in a fun game.</li> <li>Introduce the <i>Head</i>, <i>Heart</i>, <i>Hands</i> game: <ul> <li>Explain that there are three decks of cards in this game:</li> <li>Explain that there are three decks of cards in this game:</li> <li>HEAD: These cards will ask group members to share what they have learned so far in counseling.</li> <li>HEART: These cards will ask group members to share and show what they know about feelings.</li> <li>HANDS: These cards will ask group members to share what they know about what we think, feel and do.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explain that group members will take turns picking a card from each deck to earn HEAD, HEART and HAND points.</li> <li>Add additional instructions depending on how group leaders determine to tailor this activity to the group's developmental level and interests.</li> </ul> |  |               |      |        |                |  |  |
| 4.   | Check Out  |               | Time | 5 min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Praise children for their work today.</li> <li>Review behavior chart progress.</li> <li>Prepare for the transition to the combined group.</li> </ul>  |               |      |        |                |  |  |



| S  | Session 4 Children's Group – Middles & Bigs (8-12)  |               |      |        |                |  |
|--|---|---------------|------|--------|----------------|--|
| 1.   | Group Check-Ir  | ו             | Time | 5 min  | Lead Therapist |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Remind children of the group logistics <ul> <li>This is the fourth of 5 group sessions</li> <li>The children's and caregivers' groups will come together at 6:30 for a combined activity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Select the group leader of the day.</li> <li>During check-in, have children share their feeling and rate it on the Feelings Gauge poster.</li> <li>Inform that next session will be our last session as a group.</li> </ul> |               |      |        |                |  |
| 2.   | Overview & Ho   | mework Review | Time | 10 min | Lead Therapist |  |
| <ul> <li>see, 4 things you feel, 3 things you hear, 2 things you smell and 1 thing you taste.</li> <li>Review last session's focus on the connection between what our brain says, what our heart feels and what we do. Place the think, feel do signs in a triangle on the wall and review a scenario (e.g., child says hi to a friend who doesn't say anything back), asking group members to identify thoughts, feelings, and behaviors and how they change as the scenario changes.</li> <li>Review the body's alarm system and the three Fight-Flight-Freeze responses.</li> <li>Review how relaxers can help reset our alarm systems.</li> <li>Ask group members to review on their homework sheet a time that they used a relaxer to lighten a heavy thought or feeling.</li> </ul>  |   |               |      |        |                |  |
| 3.   | Head, Hands, H  | leart Game    | Time | 40 min | Lead Therapist |  |
| <ul> <li>Group leaders are encouraged to tailor this game structure to best suit the group members' developmental levels and interests.</li> <li>Explain that the group members have worked so hard to learn new things in group that today's session is going to give them a chance to put all their new learning to use in a fun game.</li> <li>Introduce the <i>Head</i>, <i>Heart</i>, <i>Hands</i> game: <ul> <li>Explain that there are three decks of cards in this game:</li> <li>Explain that there are three decks of cards in this game:</li> <li>HEAD: These cards will ask group members to share what they have learned so far in counseling.</li> <li>HEART: These cards will ask group members to share and show what they know about feelings.</li> <li>HANDS: These cards will ask group members to share what they know about what we think, feel and do.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explain that group members will take turns picking a card from each deck to earn HEAD, HEART and HAND points.</li> <li>Add additional instructions depending on how group leaders determine to tailor this activity to the group's developmental level and interests.</li> </ul> |   |               |      |        |                |  |
| 4.   | Check Out   | •             | Time | 5 min  | Lead Therapist |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Praise youth for their work today.</li> <li>Review behavior chart progress.</li> <li>Prepare for the transition to the combined group.</li> </ul>  |               |      |        |                |  |



| Group Check-Ir  | 1   | Time   | 5 min   | Lead Therapist  |  |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| <ul> <li>Remind cares</li> <li>This</li> <li>The control</li> </ul>   | e caregivers to sess<br>givers of the group<br>is the fourth of 7 gi<br>children's and care<br>ers in relaxation ex   | logistics.<br>roup sessi<br>givers' gro  | ups will come togeth  | ner at 6:30 for a com   | bined activity.  |
| Functional Beh  | avior Analysis  | Time   | 35 min  | Lead Therapist  |  |
| <ul> <li>sharing their ic<br/>specific (conte</li> <li>Educate that p<br/>problem behave<br/>of negative be</li> <li>The most effect<br/>serves a purport<br/>to escape a part<br/>That is our foct<br/>behavior. Teace</li> <li>Ask if someon<br/>learn this in re</li> <li>Visually displat<br/>example. (Do for<br/>Reinforce import<br/>unintended con<br/>more of the mit</li> <li>Provide FBA h<br/>behavior outbut<br/>anything about</li> <li>Inform that for<br/>context of position</li> <li>Go around the<br/>opposite desire</li> </ul> | dentified priorities f<br>ext, specific behavio<br>parenting after trau-<br>viors related to cor-<br>haviors they've sec-<br>ctive parenting resp<br>ose. Give examples<br>arent's directions. I<br>sus of today, before<br>ching a skill that the<br>e would be willing<br>al-life.<br>by the information g<br>multiple if time allo<br>ortance of this first<br>nsequences (e.g.,<br>isbehavior).<br>handout to caregive<br>urst or problem beh<br>t how they respond<br>any of our strategi<br>itive praise and rei<br>g group and refer ba-<br>ed behavior. | or behavio<br>or) as we we<br>ma require<br>e trauma s<br>en before.<br>ponse is ge<br>s: running<br>t takes a we<br>diving inte<br>erapists us<br>to walk thr<br>athering o<br>ws).<br>step by gi<br>continuing<br>ers and as<br>havior over<br>d yet!<br>tes to work<br>nforcement<br>ack to their | ymptoms and defian<br>bing to depend on whout of room could be<br>vell-trained eye to deconew strategies, we<br>be, Functional Behav<br>ough in detail a received<br>f the behavior, antecon<br>ving example of how<br>trying to calm, talk to<br>k them to be the deteoned | eir children. <i>Try to ge</i><br>to get a desired opp<br>as kids present with<br>ce/negative attentio<br>hat is driving the beh<br>to seek attention; to<br>cide how to respond<br>need to become de<br>ior Analysis.<br>nt misbehavior of the<br>eedent, and conseque<br>parenting strategy r<br>o child who is attent<br>ectives and gather all<br>e that we are not as<br>a problem behavior<br>avior.<br>behavior and have the | et caregivers to be<br>nosite behavior later.<br>a combination of both<br>n seeking or modeling<br>havior. All behavior<br>o get sense of safety;<br>I in specific moments<br>tectives of child<br>eir child, so we can<br>hences for the<br>misapplied could have<br>ion seeking will lead to<br>I the data for one<br>king them to change<br>it must be in the<br>hem identify the |

| 3.  | Enhancing Parenting Skills  | Time | 10 min | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|---|---|------|--------|----------------|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Introduce Labeled Praise (Refer to Handouts) and how it is used to increase positive behaviors in children         <ul> <li>Free, easy, always available reward for children</li> <li>Must come up with the opposite of misbehavior to praise</li> <li>Must be specific so child knows what behavior has earned the parent's praise</li> <li>Must be enthusiastic and unqualified. Don't un-do the praise.</li> <li>Takes conscious effort and practice!</li> </ul> </li> <li>Spend time helping caregivers generate labeled praises; Role-play or model providing labeled praises.</li> <li>Have each caregiver plan a labeled praise they will give during the combined activity time.</li> </ul>  |   |      |        |                |  |  |
| 4.  | Combined Session Preparation  | Time | 5 min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Head, Heart, Hands Caregiver-Child Activity Preparation <ul> <li>Inform caregivers that the youth played a game today that reinforced the knowledge and skills they've developed over the past three sessions, including education about trauma and its impacts, feelings identification and expression skills, and understanding the connection between our thoughts, feelings and behaviors.</li> <li>Explain that this session's combined activity will provide youth with the opportunity to further reinforce their learning with their caregivers. The Head, Heart, Hands Family Game show will involve having families take turns answering questions related to each of the knowledge and skill areas described above.</li> <li>Share that caregivers are encouraged in the combined session to practice their use of labeled praises with their child to reinforce positive activity performance, knowledge and skills demonstration and effort.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |   |      |        |                |  |  |
| 5.  | Homework Preparation  | Time | 2 min  | Lead Therapist |  |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Remind caregivers their homework to do the behavior detective worksheet.</li> <li>Their children will continue to practice the calming strategies they have learned as this will support safely continuing treatment.</li> </ul> |      |        |                |  |  |



| Session 4   | Combine                                | ed Gro                                | ามม                          |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Session Prepa  |  | Time                                  | 5 min                        | Lead Therapist                              |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>State that today's session is a review and practice of all that they have learned in counseling so far.</li> <li>Ask the children to share about the <i>Head, Heart, Hand</i> Game they played in their session time.</li> </ul>   |  |                                       |                              |   |  |  |  |
| 2. <i>Head, Heart, Ha</i><br>Family Game Sh   |  | Time                                  | 20 min                       | Lead Therapist                              |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Family Game Show</li> <li>Group leaders are encouraged to tailor this game structure to best suit the group members' developmental levels.</li> <li>Explain that we are going to host our very own game show during our combined session time today. This game show will give families the opportunity to show all that they have learned over the past three sessions.</li> <li>The Head, Heart, Hands Family Game show will involve having families take turns answering questions related to each of the knowledge and skill areas described above.</li> <li>Explain that there are three types of questions in this game: <ol> <li>HEAD: These questions will ask families to share what they have learned so far in counseling.</li> <li>HEART: These questions will ask families to share and show what they know about feelings.</li> <li>HANDS: These questions will ask families to share what they know about what we think, feel and do.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Explain that families will take turns answering questions to earn HEAD, HEART and HAND points.</li> <li>Add additional instructions depending on how group leaders determine to tailor this activity to the group's developmental level and interests.</li> </ul> |  |                                       |                              |   |  |  |  |
| 3. Homework Pre   | paration                               | Time                                  | 2 min                        | Lead Therapist                              |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>All family me<br/>track his/her</li> </ul>   | mbers will practi<br>relaxation practi | ice relaxa <sup>.</sup><br>ice on the | tion daily, or<br>Home Activ | ity sheet.                                  | nt.<br>family. Each family member will<br>entered into the prizedrawing. |  |  |
| 4. Check Out  |  | Time                                  | 2 min                        | Lead Therapist                              |  |  |  |
| Review beha   | •                                      |                                       |                              | the prize to the wini<br>n who earned today | ning child.<br>'s reward. Hand out the prize as                          |  |  |



| Antecedents (Before)  | Behaviors (During)   | Consequences (After)   |
|---|--|--|
| What happened before?   | What did the behavior look like?   | <u>After the behavior(s)</u> , what<br>happened? What did you do? What<br>did you say? |
| What led up to it?  | How long did it last?  | What was his/her reaction? How did you feel?   |
| Any triggers (recent, immediately)?   | Did it escalate? Lessen? When?   |  |
| Describe the environment. What's the activity   |  | What were you thinking?  |
| level? Who's there?   | While your child is engaging in the<br>behavior, what are you doing?<br>Saying? Feeling? What's your tone of<br>voice? | What else did you do? What happened next?  |
| Leading up to, any new or different stressors?<br>Changes to structure, routines? Changes to<br>relationship or positive connection time? | What is running through your head?   | A  |
|   |  | Any praising, ignoring, consequences,<br>or punishment?                                |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |





## LABELED PRAISE

- The general rule is that **any behavior that is rewarded will increase**. For example, if you tell your child, "I love how you're sharing with your brother," your child will share more often with his/her brother.
- As a parent, your job is to **"catch your child being good."** This can be difficult when your child's negative behavior is taking all of your attention. You may need to take time to sit down and come up with the opposite of the negative behaviors that you can praise. For example, if your child is always yelling in the house, provide a reward for the opposite talking in a calm, inside voice.
- **Praise is often the best reward**. "Labeled praise" is verbally letting the child know exactly what they did that you liked, such as "I am so proud of you for staying in your seat at the dinner table" or "You did a great job staying calm when your sister got to play the videogame first."
- **Labeled praise** tells the child specifically what you like about what they are doing or saying. We use labeled praise with children because:
  - It causes good, desirable behaviors to increase.
  - It lets the child know very clearly what you like.
  - It increases the child's self-esteem.
  - It adds warmth to the parent-child relationship.
  - It makes both parent and child feel good.
- For many children, behavior problems are related to emotional distress (uncertainty, sadness, anger, confusion). Praising and attending to positive behaviors has the added benefit of reducing their emotional distress, which in turn reduces their acting out behaviors.
- Examples of labeled praise:
  - Terrific counting!
  - I like the way you're using your indoor voice.
  - Thank you for waiting while I talk on the phone.
  - o I am proud of you for using your manners and saying "Thank you."
  - I really like how you're playing so gently with your toys.
  - Wow, you're doing a great job staying by my side in the store.
  - I am so happy that you are staying in your seat at the dinner table.



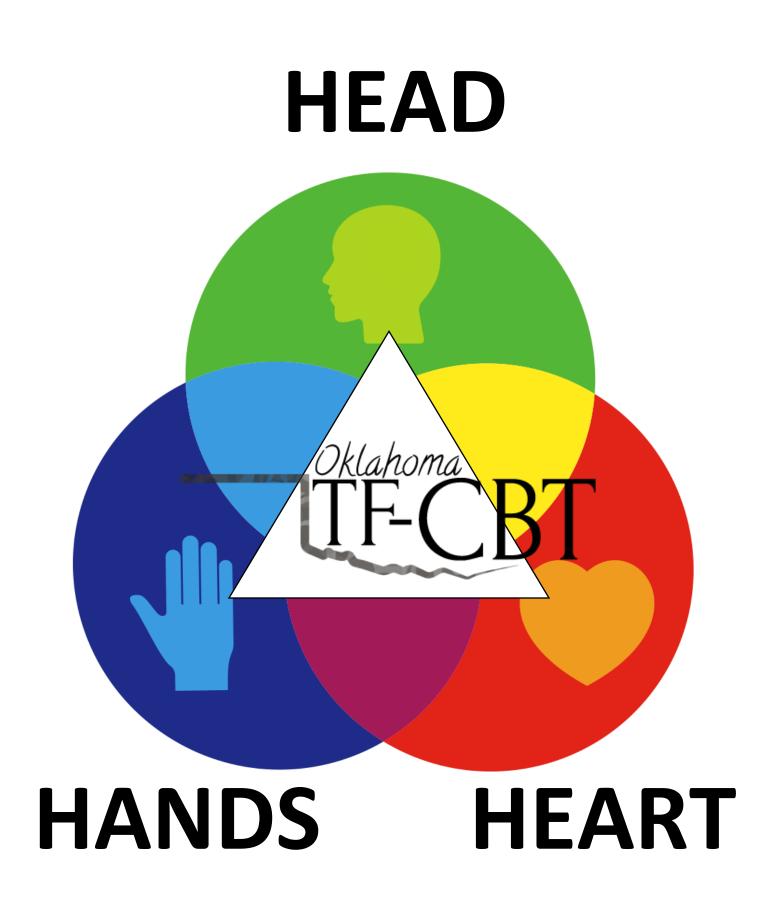




# PRACTICING LABELED PRAISES

| Problem Behavior             | <b>Opposite Behavior</b> | Labeled Praise                    |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Disobeying                   | Minding                  | Thank you for minding.            |
| Yelling                      | Using inside voice       | Nice job using your inside voice. |
| Hitting others               |                          |                                   |
| Being bossy                  |                          |                                   |
| Cussing                      |                          |                                   |
| Not doing chores             |                          |                                   |
| Being disrespectful          |                          |                                   |
| Not putting toys away        |                          |                                   |
| Getting in trouble at school |                          |                                   |
| Fighting                     |                          |                                   |
| Whining                      |                          |                                   |





CBT

# Instructions

You have learned so much in counseling and now it's time to put it all together!

There are 3 decks of cards in this game:

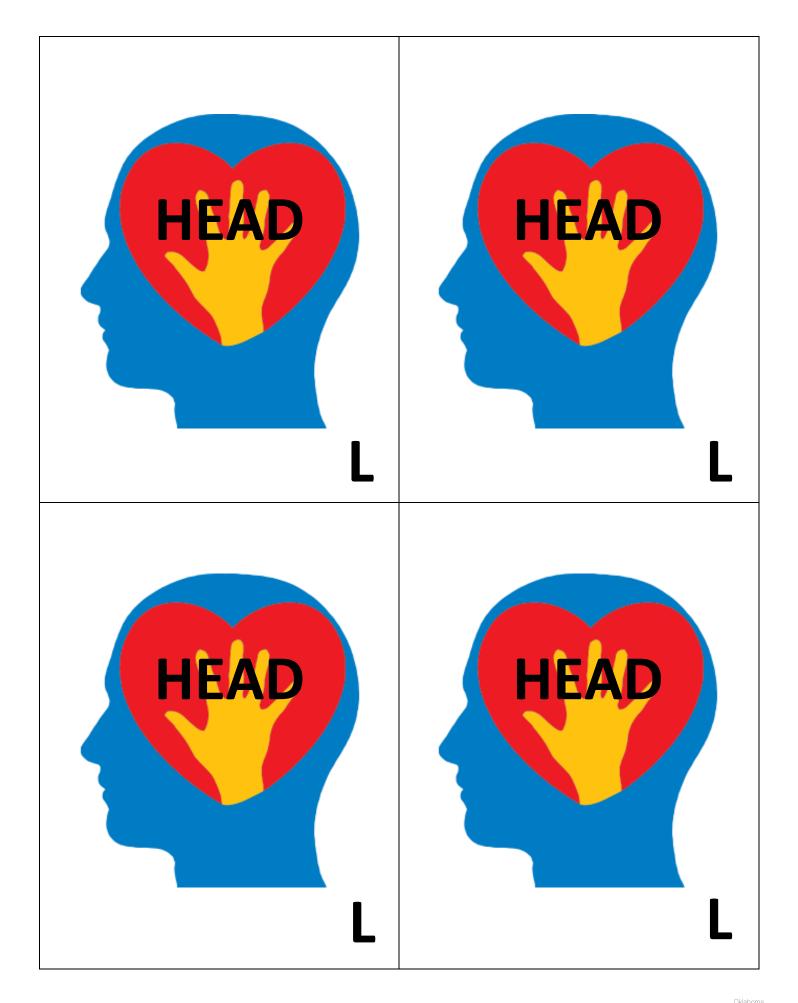
**HEAD:** What have **YOU** learned so far in counseling?

**HEART:** What do *YOU* know about feelings?

HANDS: How well do YOU know how thoughts,

feelings and behaviors connect?

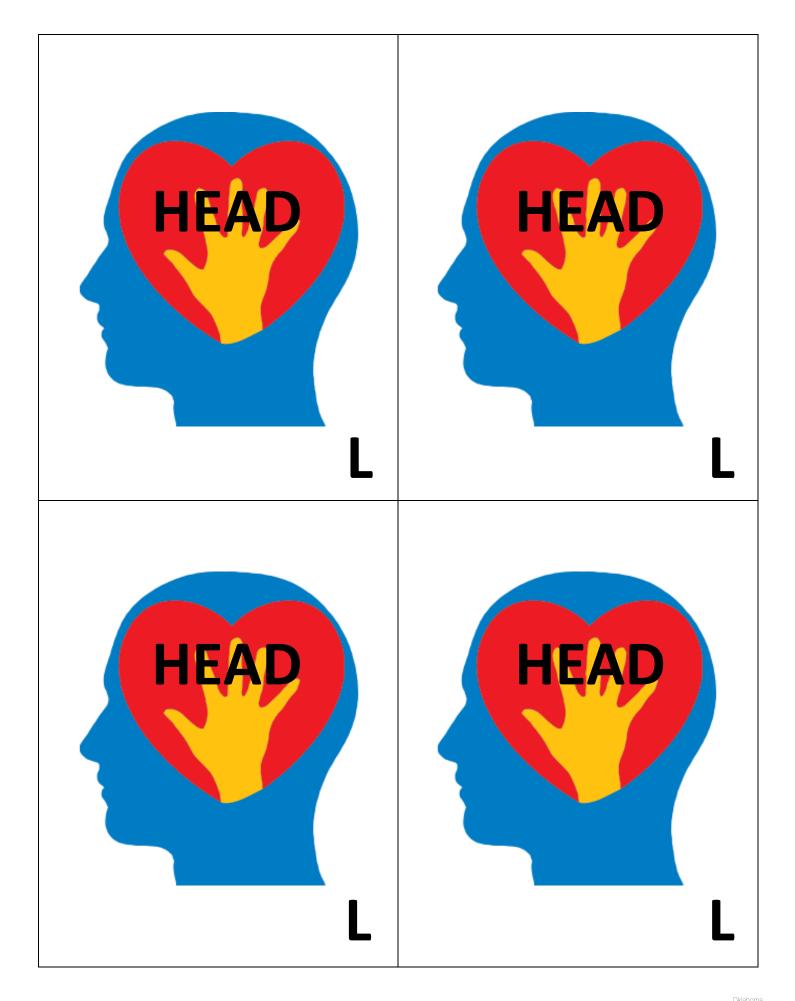
Take turns picking a card from each deck to earn HEAD, HEART and HANDS points.



CBT

| Lots of kids have gone      | Is trauma something that       |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| through really scary or     | happens in lots of families    |
| upsetting experiences.      | or not many families?          |
|                             |                                |
| These really scary or       | Children are brave for         |
| upsetting experiences are   | talking in counseling about    |
| also called what word that  | trauma that has happened       |
| starts with a "T" and       | in their family.               |
| rhymes with "LLAMA?"        |                                |
|                             | Pat yourself on your back for  |
| How fast can you say        | being brave in counseling!     |
| "TRAUMA LLAMA"              | Ask others to pat their backs  |
| 3 times in a row?           | for being brave, too!          |
|                             |                                |
|                             | If a heavy trauma memory       |
| After a trauma, do children | gets stuck in your brain, you  |
| sometimes have bad dreams   | can use your magic remote      |
| about what happened?        | control to <b>change the</b>   |
|                             | channel!                       |
| Pretend that you are waking |                                |
| up from a bad dream and     | Pretend that you're using      |
| do 3 belly breaths          | your remote control to         |
| to feel better.             | ,<br>change to a happy channel |
|                             | in your brain.                 |
|                             | What do you see?               |
|                             |                                |
|                             |                                |





CBT

Since the trauma happened, Reece worries a lot that something bad will happen when she is away from her grown-ups.

Pretend that you are helping Reece feel less worried. What can you say to help her know that her grownups are safe? After the trauma, Julio sometimes feels afraid that something bad will happen if he goes to school.

What are 3 ways grown-ups make sure that kids at school are safe?

Could remembering this help Julio feel safer?

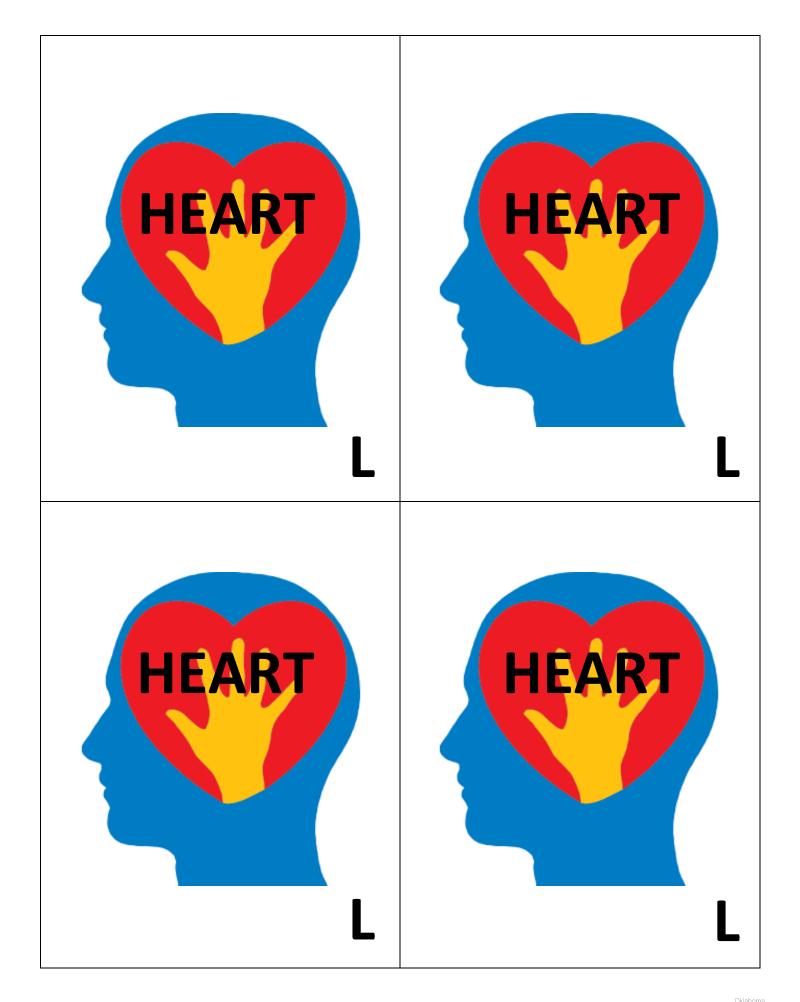
Daria worries that kids won't want to be her friend because of the trauma she went through. Is this a worry lots of kids have?

What are 3 ways you are a good friend to others?

Let everyone in the room right now know they're good friends, too, by giving them a Pinky Shake. Reggie is watching a TV show. In the story, people start yelling. Then Reggie's body alarm starts going off his heart starts racing and his stomach gets jittery. Is Reggie in danger?

Since the TV show is pretend, Reggie is safe. Pretend that you are telling this to Reggie's alarm system. Your counselor can act like Reggie's alarm system.

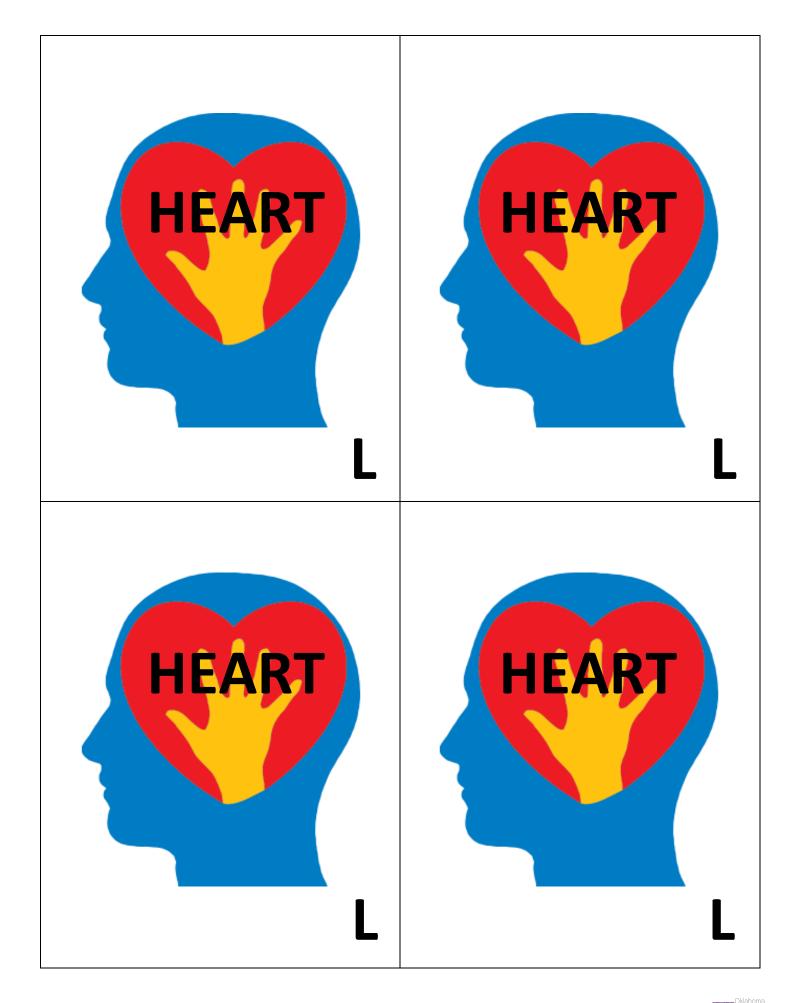




CBT

| Name 3 light feelings.   | Name 3 heavy feelings.   |
|--|--|
| Act out 2 light feelings<br>and get others<br>to guess them.                                       | Act out 2 heavy feelings<br>and get others<br>to guess them.                                       |
| Have guessers tell if each<br>feeling looks like a little,<br>a middle or a lot of<br>the feeling. | Have guessers tell if each<br>feeling looks like a little,<br>a middle or a lot of<br>the feeling. |
| Name 2 heavy feelings that<br>children sometimes have<br>after trauma.                             | Amy went through a trauma.<br>Now she feels afraid<br>lots of the time.                            |
| Who are 2 adults you can go<br>to for help if you are having<br>heavy feelings?                    | Do many kids feel afraid<br>after trauma happens?  |
|  | Pretend that you are telling   |
| Pretend that you are telling<br>a counselor that you are   | a grown up that you are<br>feeling afraid and would like   |
| having a heavy feeling and   | their help.  |
| would like their help.   |  |

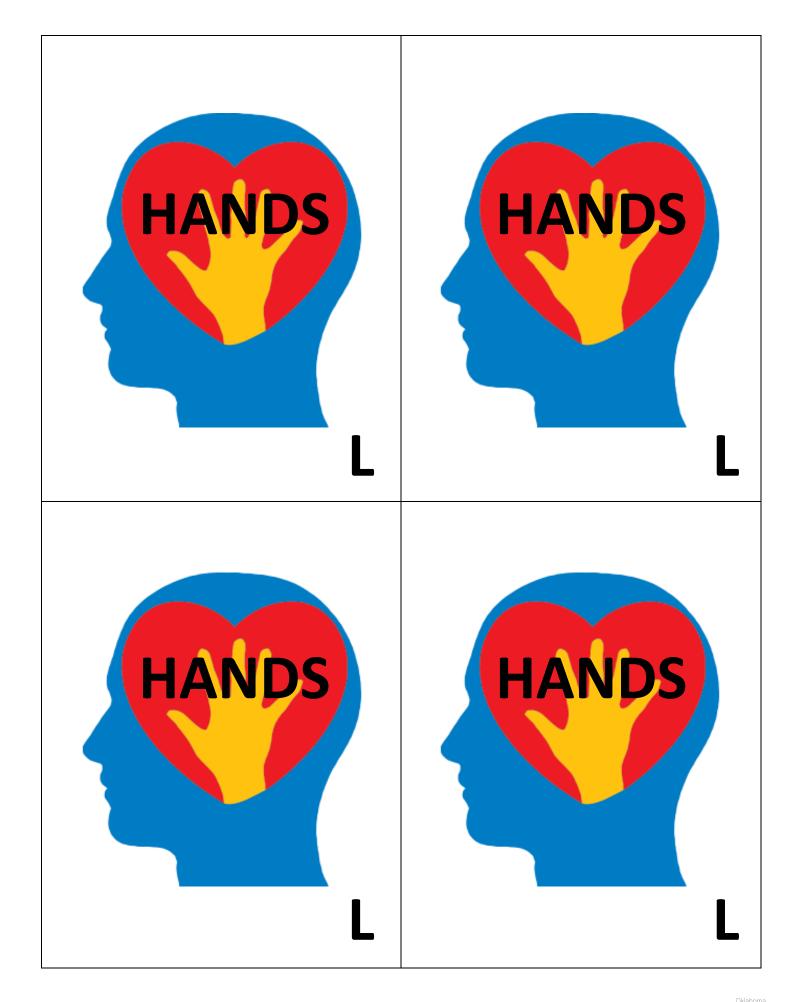




CBT

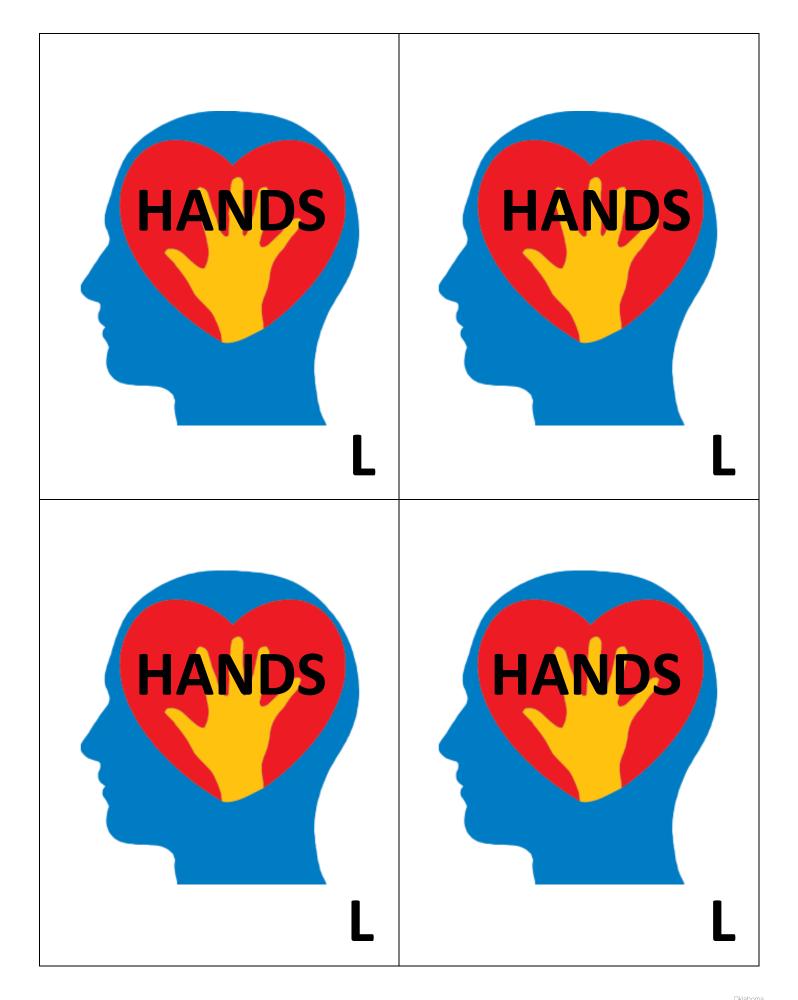
| Can children have different<br>amounts of a feeling?<br>What scale can we use to        | After Brian's trauma,<br>he feels mad a lot and<br>gets in trouble for being<br>mean to others.                |
|---|--|
| tell how much of a feeling we are having?   | Do some kids feel mad more often after trauma happens?   |
| What is 1 feeling you are<br>having now and what level?<br>A little, a middle or a lot? | Doing fun things can lighten<br>our mad feelings. What are<br>3 things that you find fun?                      |
| When Sophie is reminded of<br>the trauma that happened,<br>she has heavy feelings       | How can we find out how someone is feeling?  |
| in her body.  | Ask someone in you are with right now how they are   |
| How do our hearts feel when we are scared?  | feeling.   |
| How do our tummies feel<br>when we are scared?  | Remember to ask how much<br>of the feeling the person is<br>having! You can use the<br>feelings scale to help. |





| When Mindy feels scared,<br>belly breaths help lighten<br>her feeling.<br>Lead others in doing<br>3 belly breaths. | When Lionel gets mad,<br>muscle relaxers help<br>lighten his feeling.<br>Lead others in doing<br>3 lemon squeezers. |
|--|---|
| When Luke feels sad,<br>the <b>5 Senses</b> help lighten<br>his feelings.  | Sirens remind Katy of the day the trauma happened.  |
|  | What's 1 muscle relaxer Katy  |
| Lead others in doing   | can do to lighten her heavy   |
| 5 Senses.  | feelings when she hears<br>sirens?  |
| 5 things you see.  |   |
| 4 things you feel.   | Lead others in doing  |
| 3 things you hear.   | 3 Strong Mans.  |
| 2 things you smell.  |   |
| 1 thing you taste.   |   |





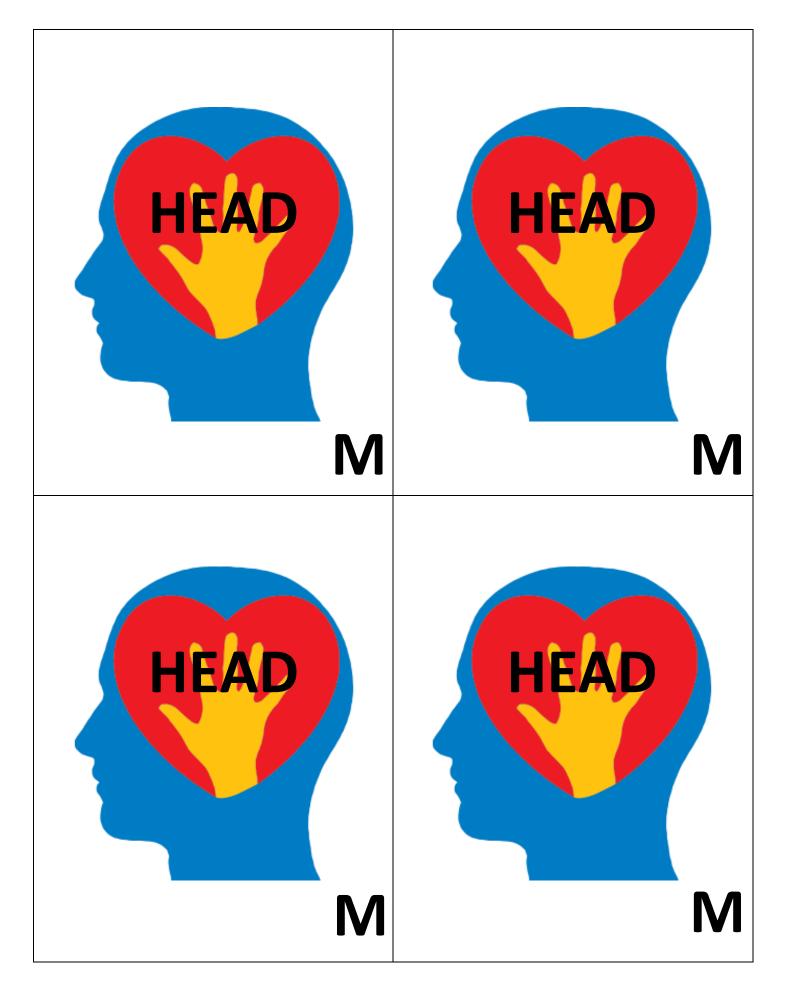
| Daisy the Deer is walking      | Paddy the Puppy barks          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| through the forest             | at every noise he hears.       |
| when she sees something        | His body alarm tells him       |
| move in the grass.             | that there might be danger.    |
| Right away, she stops so still | Is Paddy's barking protecting  |
| that nothing can see her!      | with: Fight, Flight or Freeze? |
|                                |                                |
| Which of these did Daisy's     | Pretend that you are telling   |
| body use for protection?       | Paddy that the noise he        |
| Fight                          | hears this time is safe.       |
| Flight                         | Help calm Paddy down           |
| Freeze                         | with 3 belly breaths.          |
|                                |                                |
| When we have heavy             | Sesha the Cat is napping on    |

When we have heavy thoughts, feelings or memories, we can do something fun to help ourselves feel better.

What are 3 fun things you can do to feel better when you have heavy thoughts, feelings or memories? Sesha the Cat is napping on the windowsill when something grabs her tail. She jumps up and runs out of the room!

Which of these did Sesha's body use for protection? Fight, Flight or Freeze

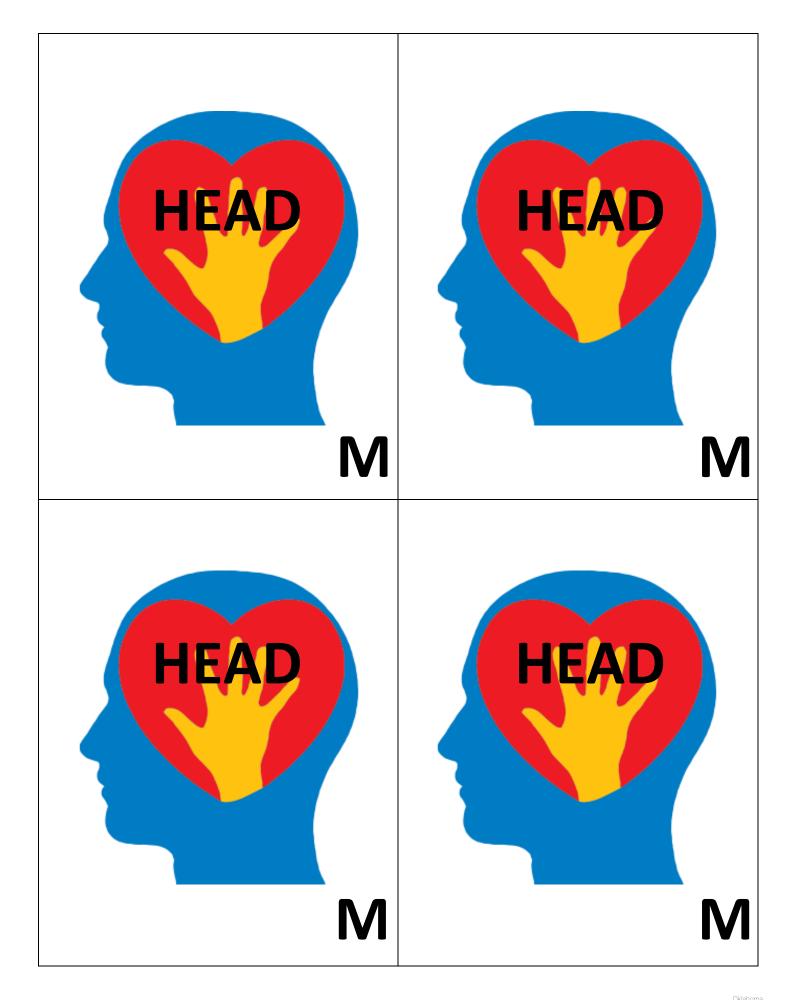
Lead Sesha in some Cat Stretches to calm down!





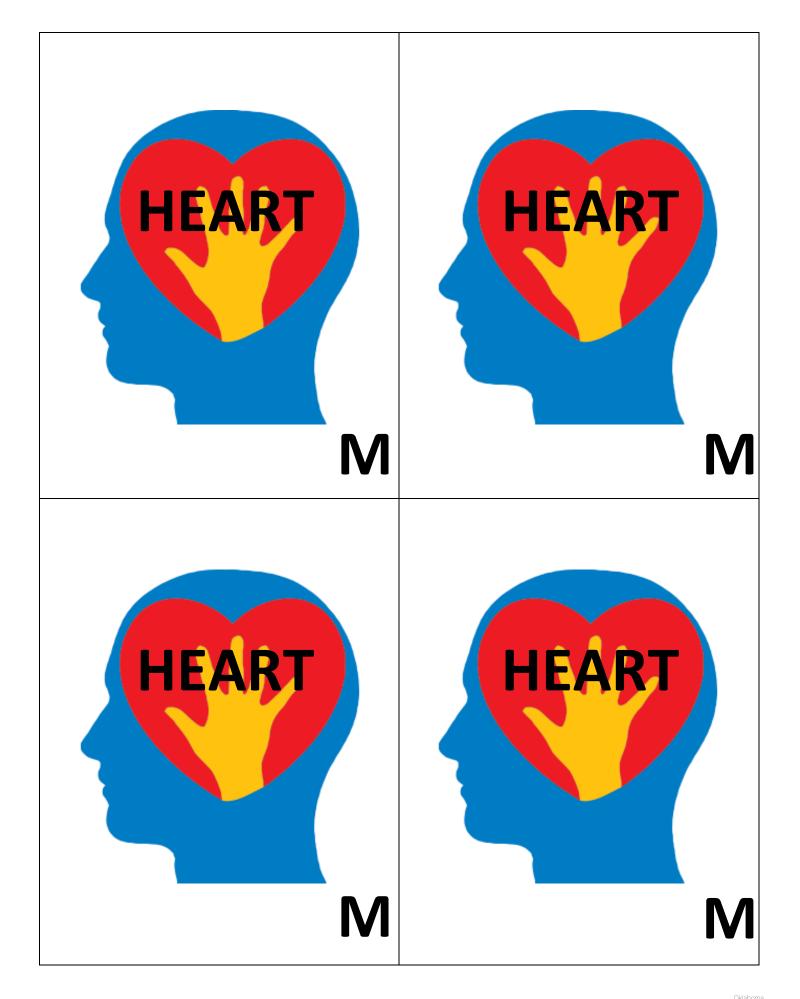
| Every child in this group has<br>gone through one or more<br>really scary or upsetting<br>experiences.<br>These are also called what<br>word that starts with a "T"<br>and rhymes with "LLAMA."<br>Try saying<br>"TRAUMA LLAMA"<br>3 times in a row!.       | Is trauma something<br>that happens in:<br>-Lots of families?<br>-Or not many families?<br>What would you say to a<br>friend who thought that the<br>trauma that they went<br>through was their fault? |
|---|--|
| After a trauma,<br>do children sometimes<br>have bad dreams about it?<br>To get back to sleep after a<br>bad dream, what can a child:<br>- Say to themselves to feel<br>less scared?<br>- Do as a relaxer lying down<br>in their bed to calm their<br>body? | After a trauma, do children<br>try hard not to remember<br>what happened? Why?<br>What are 3 things a child<br>can do to feel better when<br>memories of trauma get<br>stuck in their brain?           |





| Since the trauma happened,<br>Reece worries that<br>something bad will<br>happen when she is<br>away from her family.   | After the trauma, Julio<br>worries that something bad<br>will happen when he is at<br>school. Sometimes he tries<br>to stay home from school<br>because he is so worried.                                  |
|---|--|
| Pretend that you are helping<br>Reece feel less worried.<br>What can you say to help<br>her know that her grown-<br>ups are safe?   | What are 3 ways grown-ups<br>make sure that kids at<br>school are safe?<br>Could remembering this<br>help Julio feel safer?  |
| Daria worries that others<br>won't want to be her friend<br>because of the trauma she<br>went through. Is this a worry<br>lots of kids have?<br>What are 3 ways you are a | Reggie is watching a TV show.<br>In the story, people start<br>yelling. Then Reggie's body<br>alarm starts going off -<br>his heart starts racing and<br>his stomach gets jittery.<br>Is Reggie in danger? |
| good friend to others?<br>Let everyone in the room<br>right now know they're<br>good friends, too, by giving<br>them a Pinky Shake.                                       | Since the TV show is pretend,<br>Reggie is safe. Pretend that you<br>are telling this to Reggie's<br>alarm system. Your counselor<br>can act like Reggie's<br>alarm system.                                |





Pick one group member and ask them to take turns saying light feelings with you. How many can you come up with together?

With that group member, act out a light feeling and try to get the group to guess it. Pick one group member and ask them to take turns saying heavy feelings with you. How many can you come up with together?

With that group member, act out a heavy feeling and try to get the group to guess it.

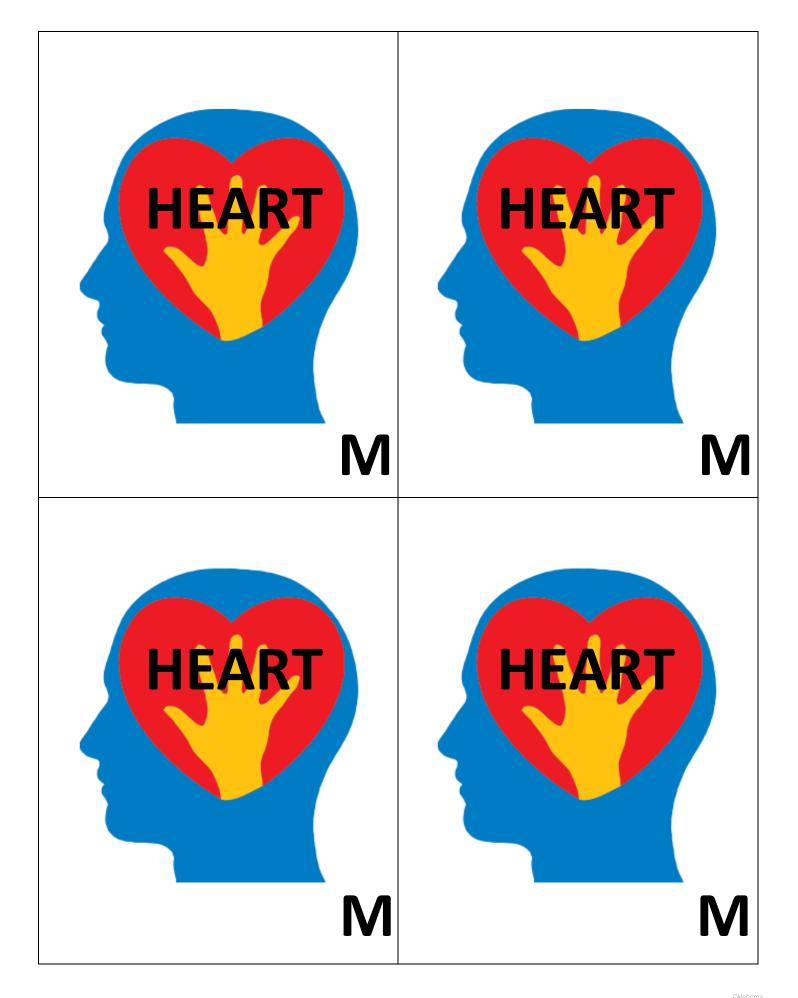
Name 4 heavy feelings that kids might have after going through a trauma.

Who are 3 helpful adults you can go to for support if you are having heavy feelings?

Pretend that you are telling a counselor that you are having a heavy feeling and would like to do a relaxer. After Amy went through a trauma, she feels afraid in lots of different situations.

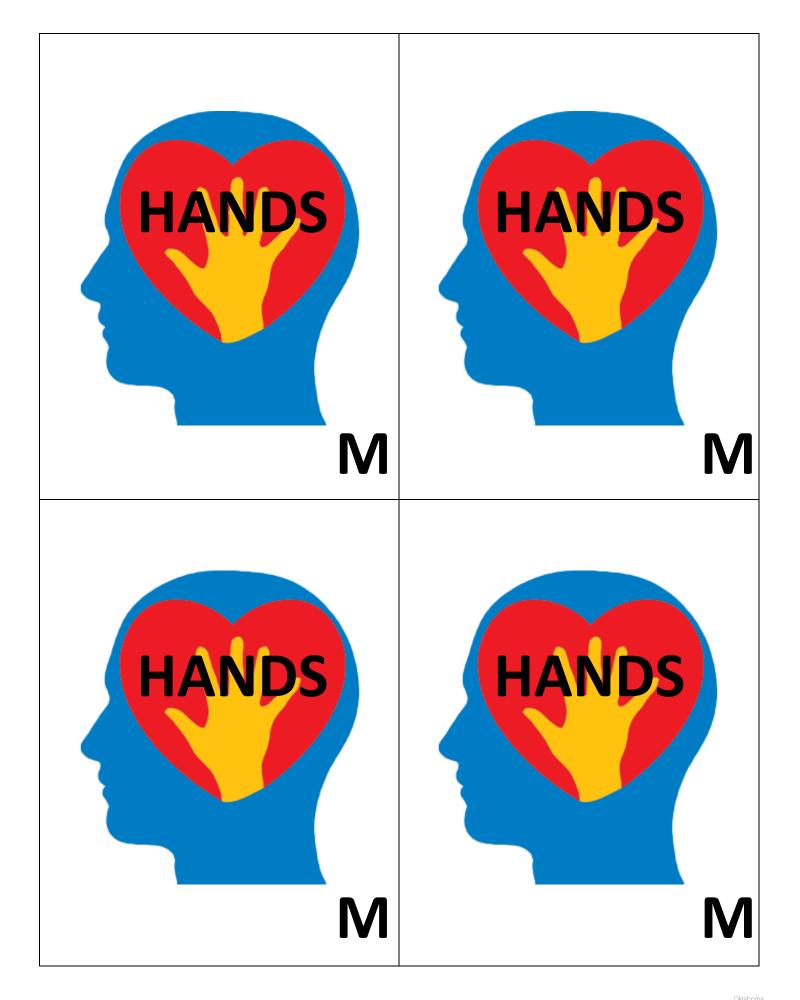
Do many kids feel afraid after trauma happens?

Pretend that you are telling a grown up that you are feeling afraid and would like their help to feel better.



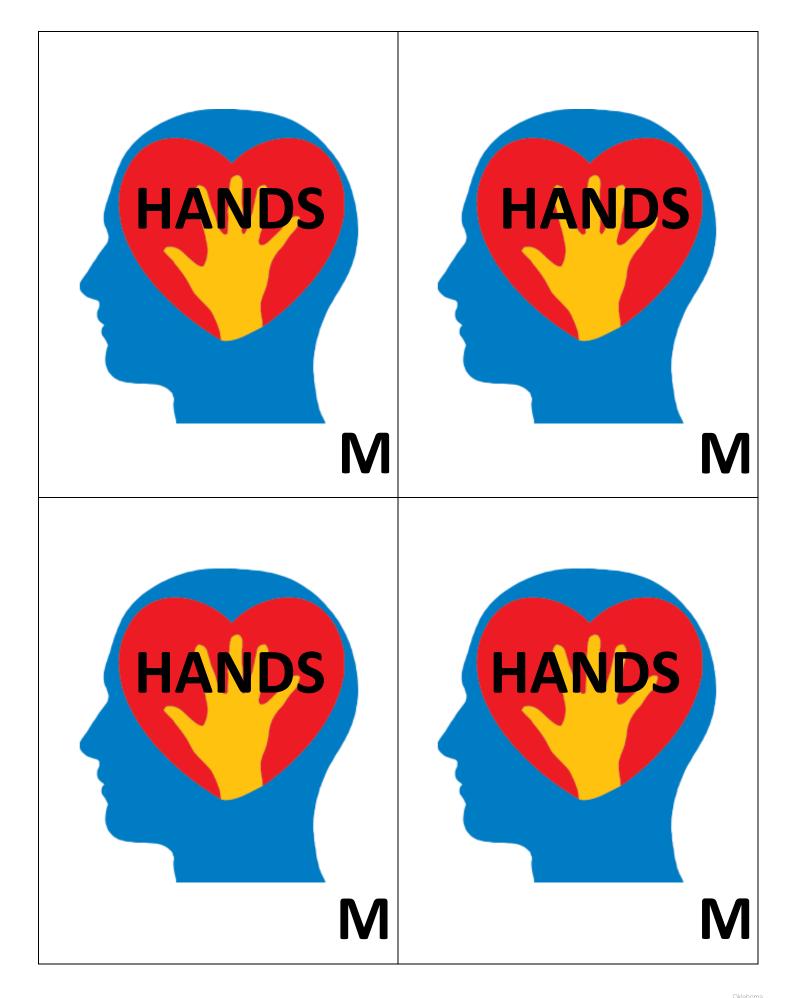
| <ul> <li>What scale can we use to describe how much of a feeling we are having?</li> <li>What is 1 feeling you had during your trauma and what number was it on the scale?</li> <li>What is 1 feeling you are having now and what level?</li> </ul> | After Brian went through a<br>trauma, he gets mad easily<br>and gets in trouble more<br>often.<br>Do many kids feel mad more<br>often after trauma happens?<br>What can Brian do to lighten<br>his mad feeling?  |
|---|--|
| When Sophie is reminded of<br>the trauma that happened,<br>she has strong feelings<br>in her body.<br>What are 4 body reactions<br>we might feel when we are<br>scared or upset?  | <ul><li>How can we find out how someone is feeling?</li><li>Ask someone in the room how they are feeling.</li><li>Ask how much of the feeling they are having. You can use the feelings scale to help.</li></ul> |





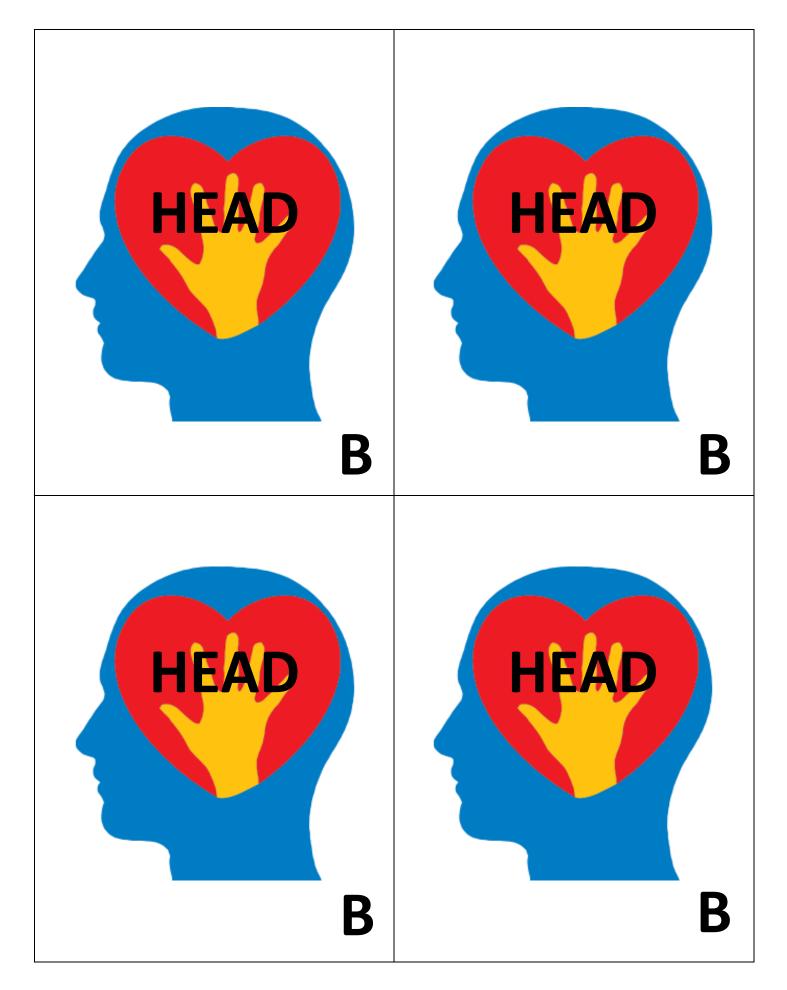
| When Mindy feels scared,<br>power breaths help lighten<br>her feeling.<br>Lead others in doing<br>3 power breaths. | When Lionel gets mad,<br>muscle relaxers help<br>lighten his feeling.<br>Lead others in doing<br>a muscle relaxer of<br>your choice. |
|--|--|
| When Luke feels upset,<br>the <b>5 Senses</b> help lighten<br>his feelings.  | Sirens remind Katy of the day the trauma happened.   |
| Lead others in doing<br>5 Senses.  | What's 1 muscle relaxer Katy<br>can do to lighten her heavy<br>feelings when she hears<br>sirens?                                    |
| 5 things you see.<br>4 things you feel.<br>3 things you hear.<br>2 things you smell.<br>1 thing you taste.         | Lead others in doing<br>a muscle relaxer of your<br>choice.  |





| Daisy the Deer is walking   | Lafayette the Labrador   |
|---|--|
| through the forest  | barks at every noise he  |
| when she sees something   | hears. His body alarm tells  |
| move in the grass.  | him that there might be  |
| Right away, she stops so still  | danger.  |
| that nothing can see her!   | Is his barking protecting  |
| Which of these did Daisy's  | Fight, Flight or Freeze?   |
| body use for protection?<br>Fight<br>Flight<br>Freeze   | What would you do to<br>help Lafayette calm down<br>if there's no danger?  |
| Fun activities can help<br>lighten our heavy thoughts,<br>feelings and memories.<br>Let's do some charades! | It's good to relax our bodies<br>throughout the day to keep<br>our alarm systems from<br>going off when they<br>shouldn't. |
| Using no words, get the   | When are 2 times each day  |
| group to guess 3 activities   | that you can do a relaxer?   |
| that are fun for you.   | Which relaxers will you do?  |
| Some ideas include: dancing,<br>video games, writing in a<br>journal, basketball, singing                   | Have your counselor teach cooked/uncooked spaghetti.   |

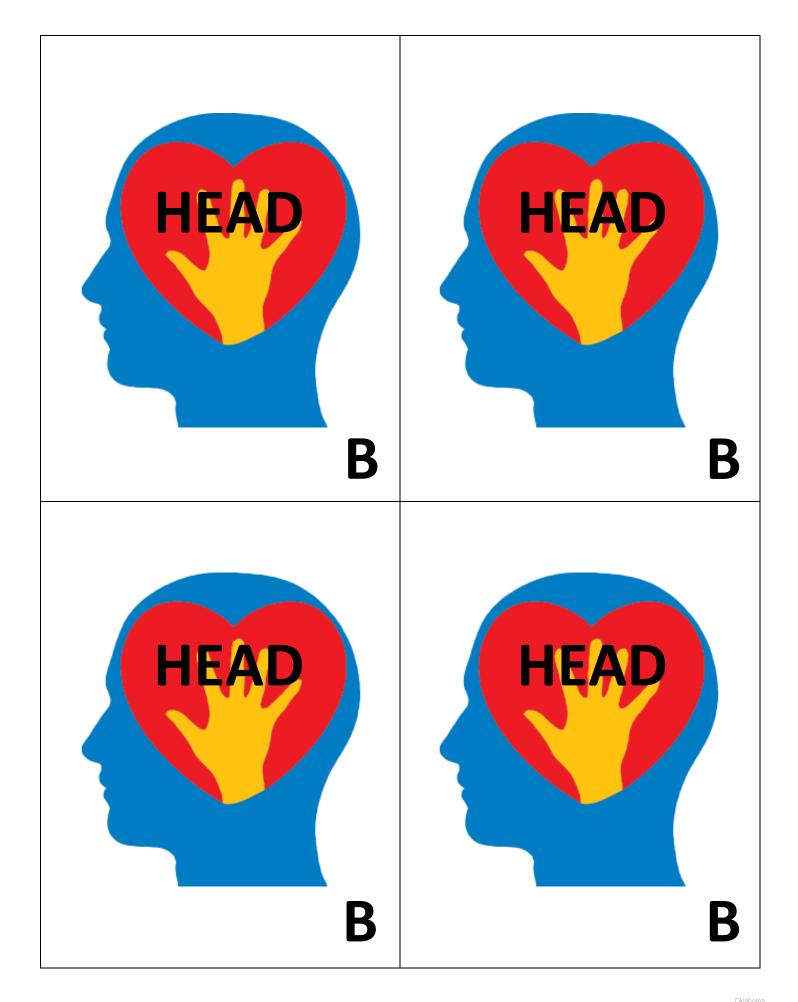




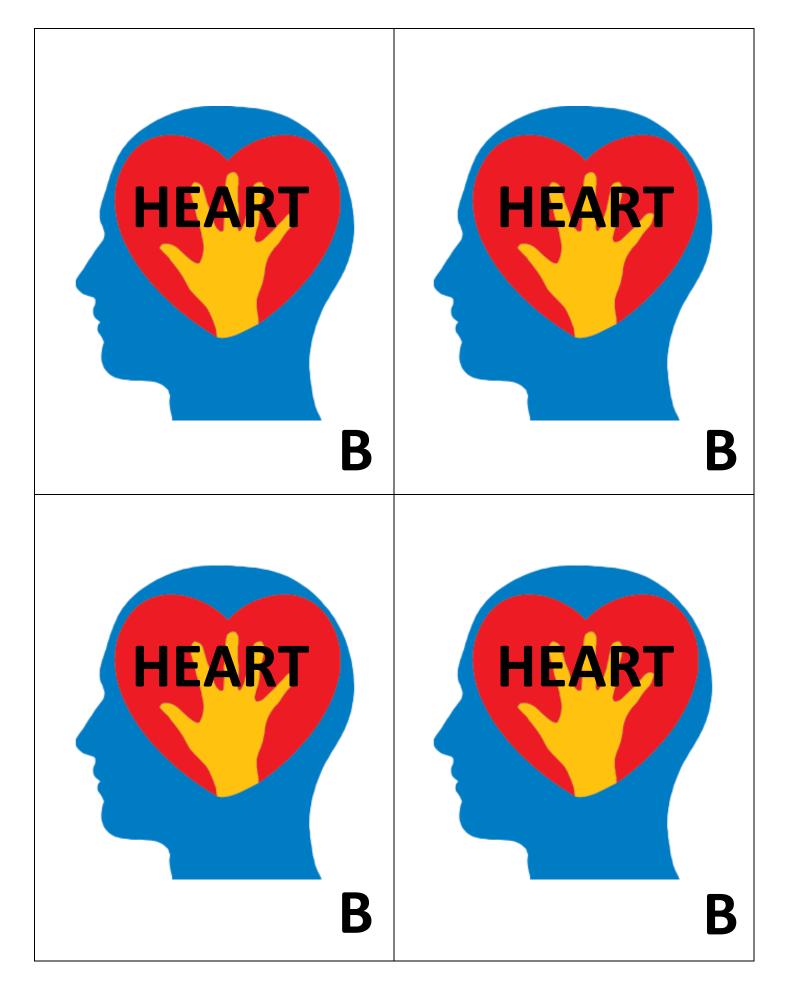


| Samira is in science class    | After his trauma, Kamal                     |
|-------------------------------|---|
| and she's supposed to be      | doesn't like when things in                 |
| reading her chapter.          | his daily life don't happen                 |
| But, a trauma memory is       | like normal.                                |
| stuck replaying in her brain  |   |
| and won't go away.            | During these times, what                    |
|                               | trauma-related thoughts                     |
| Has a trauma memory ever      | might Kamal be having that                  |
| gotten stuck in your brain?   | set off his alarm system?                   |
| Is this common after          |   |
| traumas happen? What can      | What can Kamal say to                       |
| help get them unstuck?        | ,<br>himself to turn down                   |
|                               | his alarm?                                  |
| Zahara worries that her       |   |
| counselor will think badly of | What are 3 reasons some                     |
| her when Zahara shares        | youth might not want to talk                |
| details about her traumas.    | in counseling about                         |
| The truth is that Zahara's    | their traumas?                              |
| counselor is proud of her for |   |
| being brave to talk about     | What would you tell                         |
| what she went through.        | these youth about how                       |
| what she went through.        | talking in counseling about                 |
| Have your councelor chare     |   |
| Have your counselor share     | their traumas can help<br>them feel better? |
| two things that they are      |   |
| proud of in you.              |   |
|                               |   |





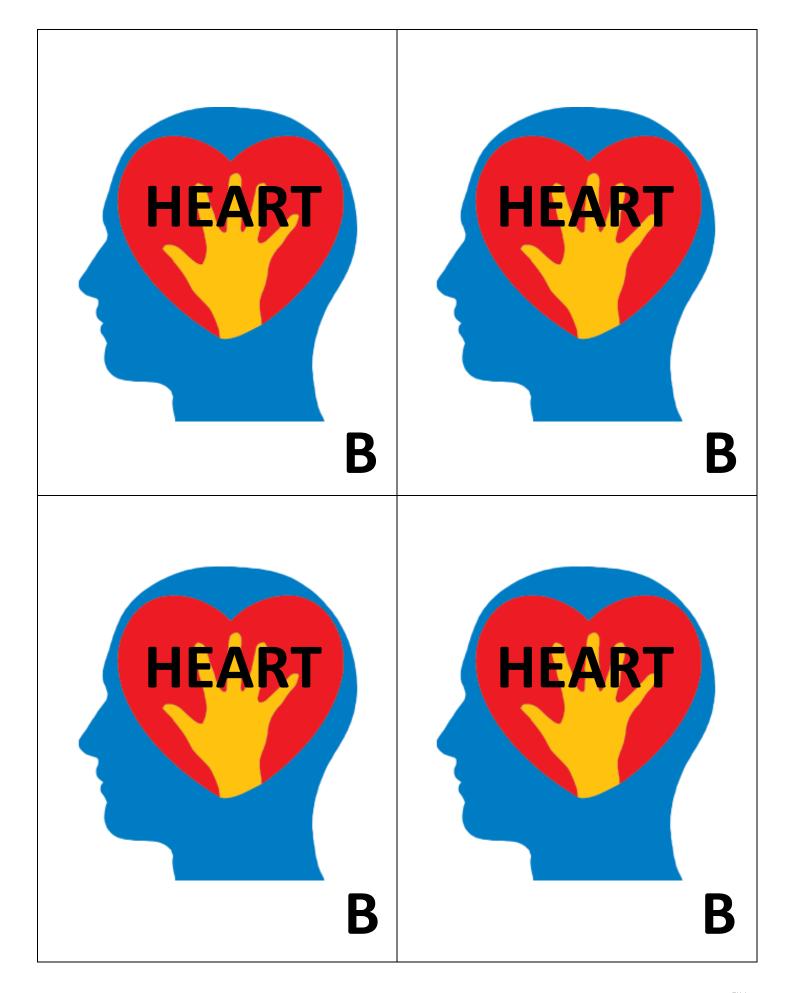
| Is trauma something that<br>happens in lots of families<br>or not many families?   | How we <b>think</b> , what we <b>feel</b><br>and what we <b>do</b> are all<br>connected. Using the<br>Think-Feel-Do cones,<br>walk through this situation:            |
|--|---|
| What would you say to a<br>friend who believed that<br>they did something wrong to<br>cause a trauma to happen in<br>their family? | Maria walks into math class<br>and realizes that she forgot<br>to bring her homework back.<br>She knows her teacher is<br>going to collect them<br>when class starts. |
| How we <b>think</b> , what we <b>feel</b>  | How we <b>think</b> , what we <b>feel</b>   |
| and what we <b>do</b> are all  | and what we <b>do</b> are all   |
| connected. Using the   | connected. Using the  |
| Think-Feel-Do cones,   | Think-Feel-Do cones,  |
| walk through this situation:   | walk through this situation:  |
| After the trauma Georgia   | Charles is talking with a new   |
| went through, her alarm  | friend at school who asks   |
| system can go off when she   | Charles why he goes to  |
| is in noisy places. Her class  | counseling each week.   |
| today is really loud and she   | Charles doesn't want to talk  |
| feels her alarm system body  | about his trauma, but   |
| reactions starting to grow.  | doesn't know what to say.   |





| Aaron sometimes doesn't<br>want to go to counseling<br>because he has heavy<br>feelings when he talks<br>about his traumas.   | Peggy's feelings get very<br>heavy one day and she<br>begins having thoughts of<br>hurting herself.         |
|---|---|
| - Do you think talking in<br>counseling gets easier<br>over time?<br>- How can Aaron tell his   | Should Peggy keep these<br>thoughts to herself?<br>Why or why not?  |
| caregivers and counselor  | What is a helpful thing   |
| how he's feeling?   | Peggy can do if these   |
| - How can they help?  | thoughts happen again?  |
| A teacher at Angelica's<br>school looks like someone<br>in her past who hurt her.<br>Angelica's alarm system<br>starts going off just being<br>around this teacher. | What are two feelings you<br>had during your trauma and<br>what numbers were they<br>on the feelings scale? |
| What signs might tell<br>Angelica that her body's<br>alarm system has started?<br>What can she do once she<br>notices these reactions?                              | What is one feeling you<br>are having now and<br>what number is it on<br>the feelings scale?                |

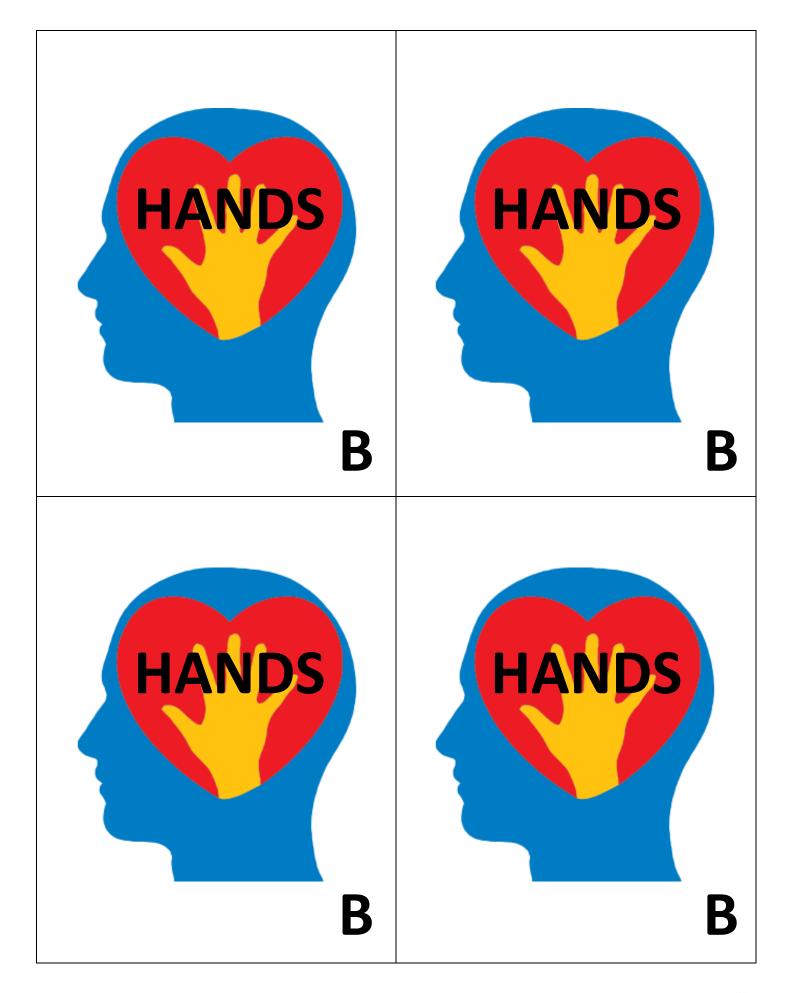






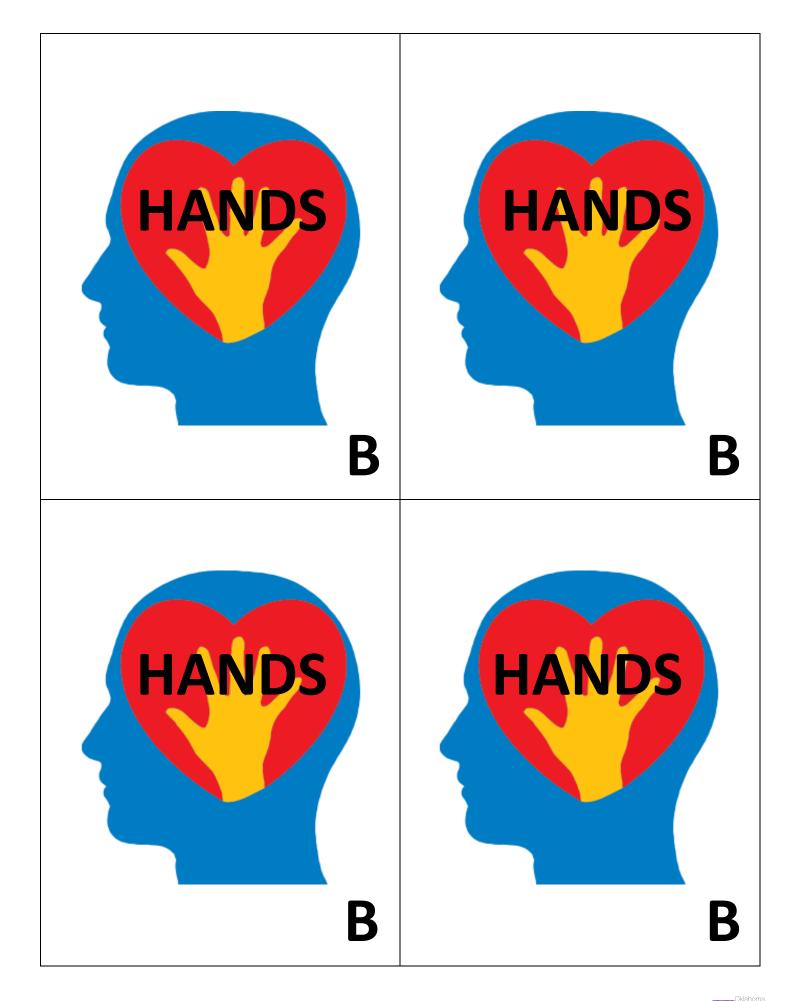
| Pick someone in the room<br>and ask them to take turns<br>saying light feelings<br>with you. | Pick someone in the room<br>and ask them to take turns<br>saying heavy feelings<br>with you. |
|--|--|
| How many can you come up with together in 1 minute?  | How many can you come up with together in 1 minute?  |
|  |  |
|  | After Manuel went  |
| Name 4 heavy feelings that   | through a trauma, he feels<br>worried or nervous   |
| youth might have after<br>going through a trauma.  | all the time.  |
|  | Is it common to feel this way  |
| Who are 3 trusted adults you can go to for support if  | after trauma happens?  |
| you are having heavy   | What are 3 things Manuel   |
| feelings?  | can do to lighten his  |
|  | heavy feelings?  |







| The <b>5 Senses</b> help lighten heavy thoughts and feelings. | Give an example of a time<br>when it's good that we have |
|---|--|
| neavy thoughts and reenings.                                  | an internal alarm system to<br>look out for danger and   |
| Lead the group in doing the 5 Senses.                         | protect ourselves.                                       |
|   | Does trauma sometimes                                    |
| 5 things you see.   | make our alarm systems go                                |
| 4 things you feel.  | off more quickly?  |
| 3 things you hear.  |  |
| 2 things you smell.   | How can daily use of                                     |
| 1 thing you taste.  | relaxers help our alarm                                  |
|   | systems work better?                                     |
| Defense the training  | After Drien wert three col                               |
| Before the trauma   | After Brian went through                                 |
| happened, Eliza used to love                                  | a trauma, he gets  |
| playing soccer. Now it feels<br>like her heart isn't in it.   | angered easily and gets                                  |
|   | in trouble more often.                                   |
| Should Eliza quit soccer or                                   | Is it common to feel                                     |
| will this feeling get better                                  | angry more often after                                   |
| as she goes through   | trauma happens? Can this                                 |
| counseling?   | get better over time?                                    |
|   | When Brian notices his                                   |
| How can soccer help Eliza                                     | anger increasing,  |
| cope after her trauma?  | what can he do?  |



Fun activities can help lighten our heavy thoughts, feelings and memories.

Let's play charades! Using no words, get others to guess 3 activities that are fun for you.

Some ideas: dancing, video games, writing in a journal, basketball, singing

Doing something fun with others can help lighten our heavy thoughts, feelings and memories.

Let's play reverse charades! You will be the guesser and everyone else will work together to try to get you to guess the fun activities.

(Therapist, write down 4 separate activities for participants to act out together. Don't show the guesser!)

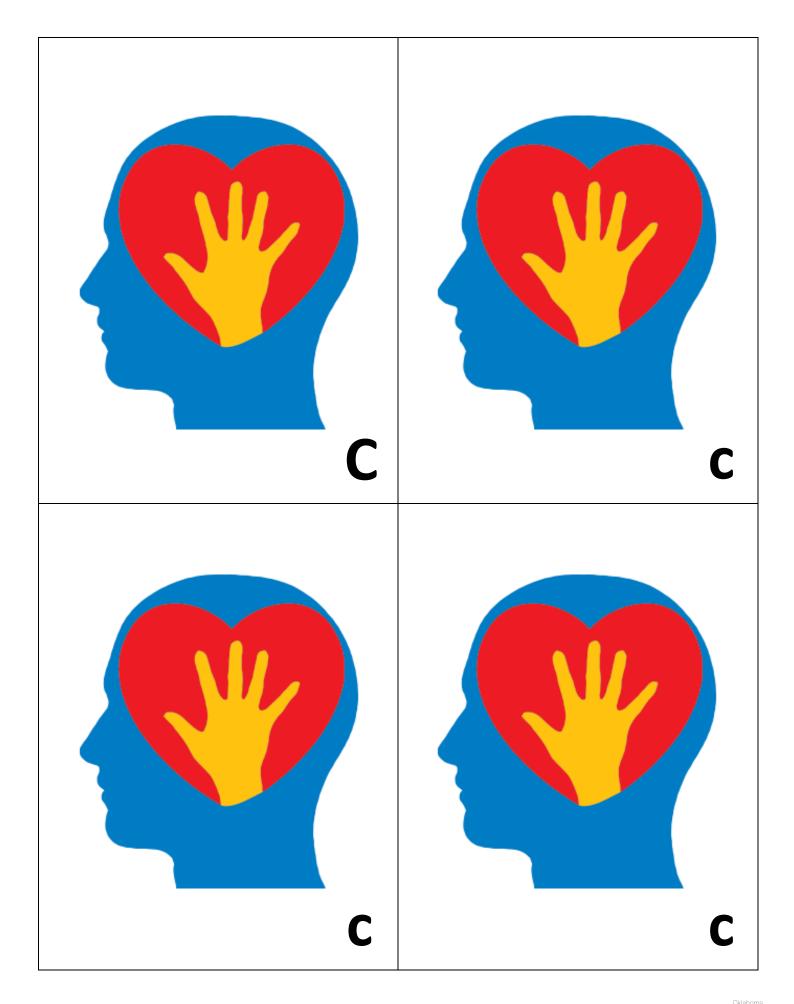
When our alarm system goes off, our body automatically prepares to protect itself.

Let's play charades! Using no words, get others to guess 3 alarm system body reactions.

Some ideas: heart beats faster, sweaty hands, faster breathing, jittery stomach Laughing with others can help lighten our heavy thoughts, feelings and memories.

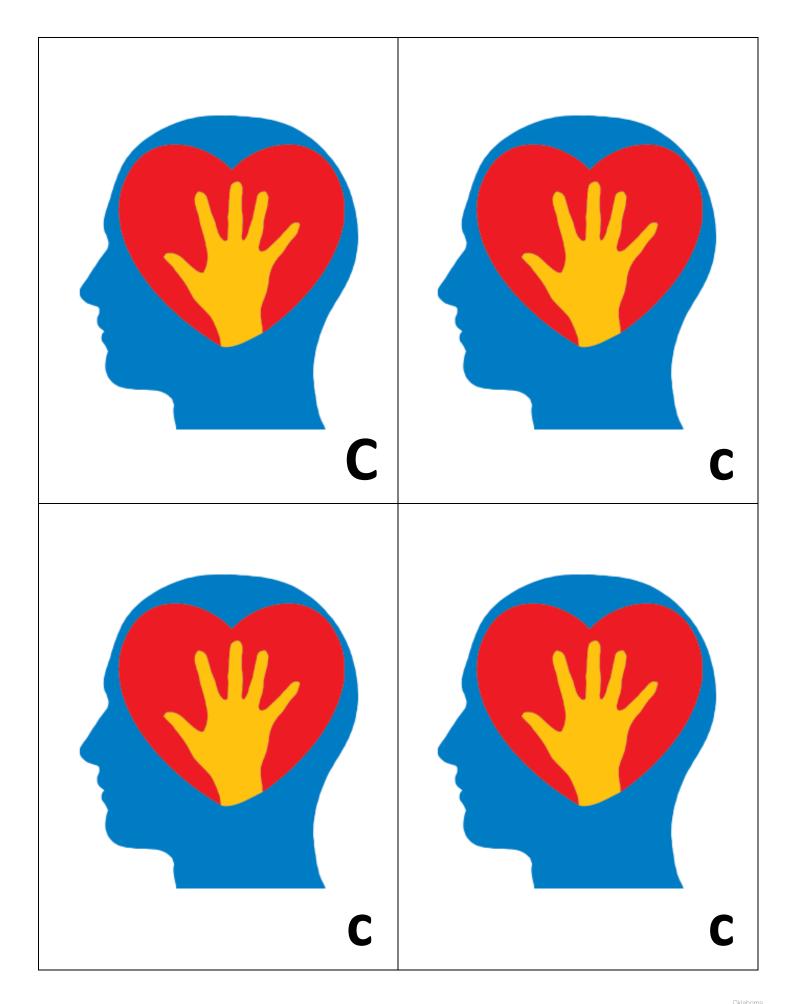
Pick someone in the room to have a staring contest! On the count of 3, make your weirdest faces at each other. Whoever gets the other person to laugh first wins the round. Make it the best of 3 rounds!





| Practicing relaxation is<br>important for keeping our<br>body alarms from going off<br>when there isn't danger.<br>Lead everyone in<br>3 deep breaths.<br><ul> <li>Inhale through your nose for 3.</li> <li>Exhale through your mouth for 3.</li> </ul> | When we are reminded of<br>an upsetting or scary<br>experience, our body alarm<br>may go off. To help our<br>body calm down, it is<br>helpful to do a relaxer.<br>Lead everyone in a<br>muscle relaxer of your<br>family's choice.                                 |
|---|--|
| When we sense danger, our<br>body alarm system activates<br>to protect us.<br>Act each of the body alarm's<br>3 F's and get the group to<br>guess them.   | How we think, what we feel<br>and what we do are all<br>connected.<br>Using the Think-Feel-Do<br>cones, walk through this<br>situation:<br>Xavier walks into the<br>lunch room and sees<br>his best friends.<br>They see him, whisper to<br>each other, and laugh. |





Show us how well your family knows feelings!

Using the wall board, write down as many feelings words your family knows in 1 minute. Show us how well your family knows your senses!

Have each member take turns saying one thing they can see, feel, hear, smell or taste.

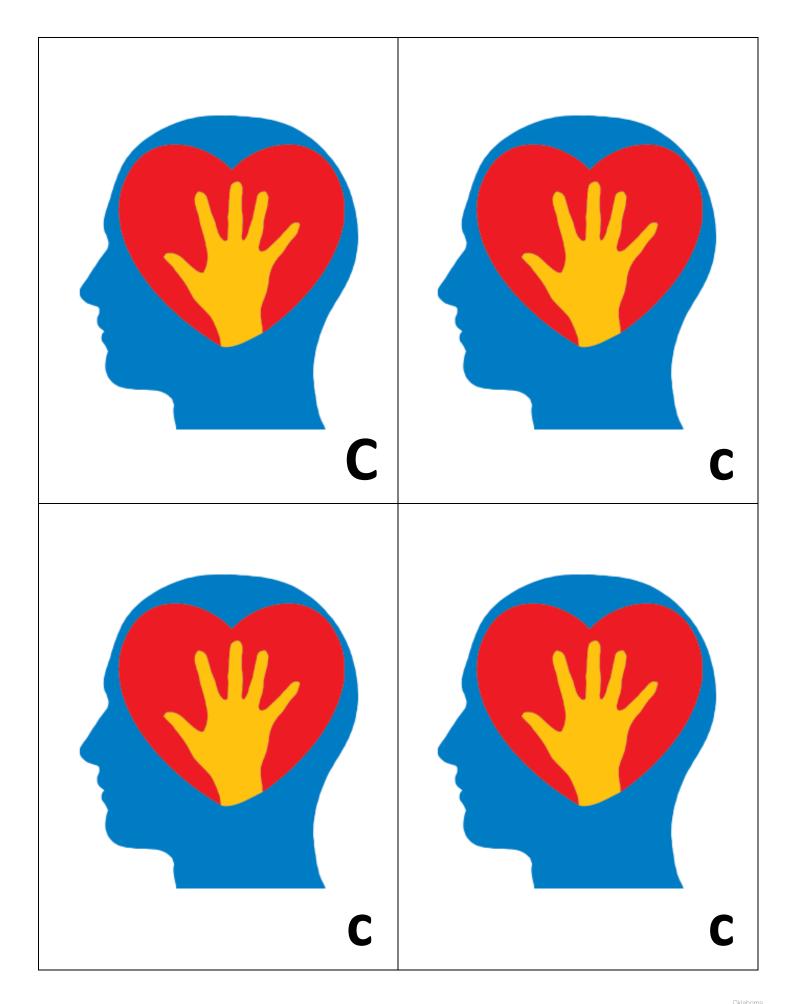
How well does your family show your feelings?

Using the feelings faces sheet, act out 5 feelings and get the group to guess them.

Remember, all family members should act out the feelings! How well does your family know the feelings scale?

Pick a feeling from the feelings faces sheet, act out what a little, a middle and a lot of that feeling looks like and get the group to guess.

Do this for 2 different feelings.



Kids might feel down on themselves after a trauma happens. They can lighten their heavy thoughts by remembering all the ways they're awesome!

Family, for the next 30 seconds, take turns telling each other how the members of your family are awesome!

Using the Think-Feel-Do cones, help Essence choose helpful thoughts and behaviors to lighten her heavy memories and turn off her body alarm:

Essence is reading a book during free time in class and a trauma memory comes into her mind. Essence feels like she's right back in the trauma.

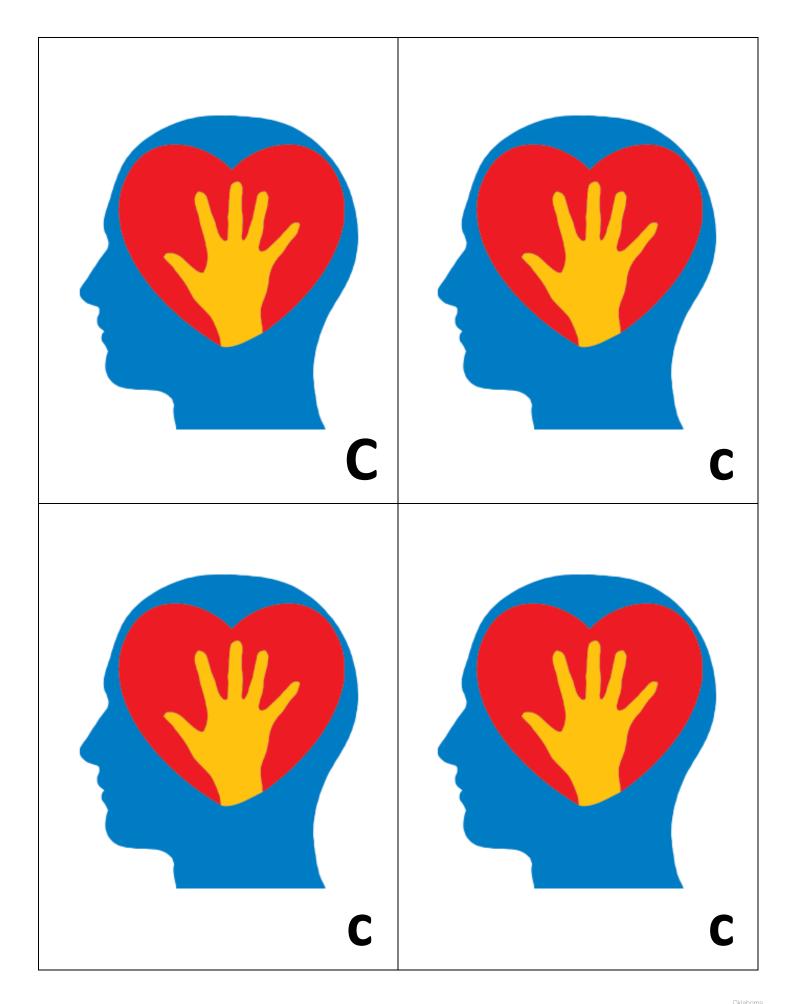
## Are these statements about trauma true or false?

| T/F | Trauma is something that doesn't      |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
|     | happen to many children.              |
| T/F | When trauma happens, it is            |
|     | probably the child's fault.           |
| T/F | Lots of children may have heavy       |
|     | thoughts, feelings and reactions      |
|     | after going through trauma.           |
| T/F | People can tell just by looking at a  |
|     | child that they have gone through a   |
|     | trauma.                               |
| T/F | Heavy trauma-related thoughts,        |
|     | feelings and reactions will never get |
|     | better for children.                  |
| T/F | Children and families can heal and    |
|     | grow stronger through counseling.     |
|     |                                       |

When we have heavy thoughts, feelings or memories, we can do something fun to feel better.

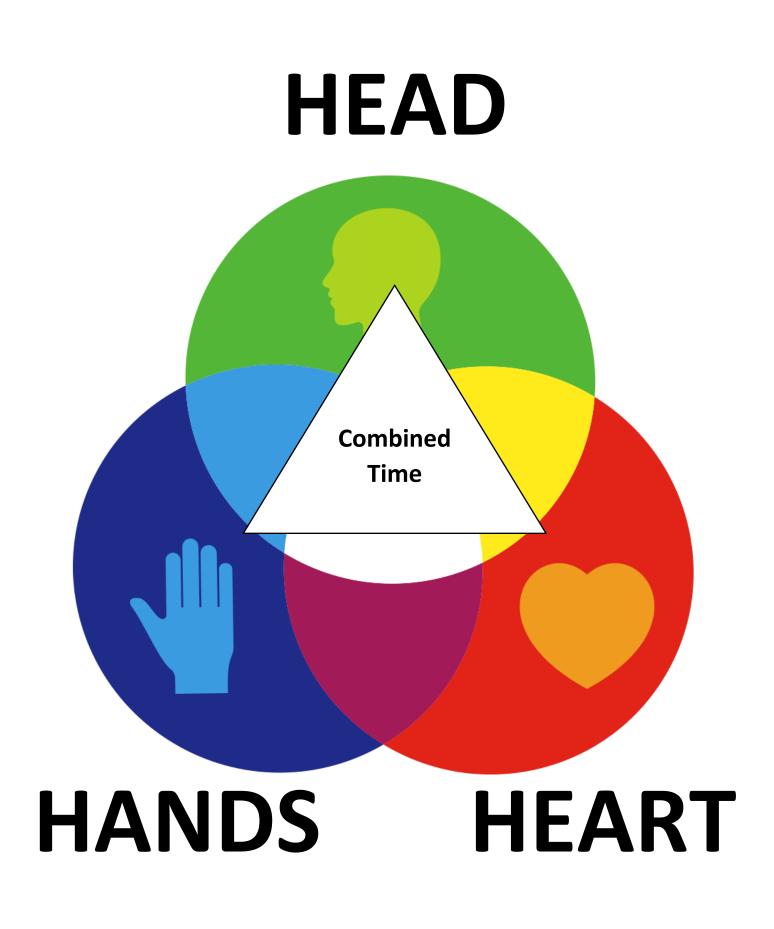
Family, for the next 30 seconds, take turns saying free fun things your family can do to relax together.





| Counselor's Choice | Counselor's Choice |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Counselor's Choice | Counselor's Choice |
|                    |                    |







### **Combined Time Instructions**

Your family has learned so much in counseling and now it's time to put it all together!

### There are 3 types of questions in this Activity:

**HEAD:** What has **YOUR FAMILY** learned so far in counseling?

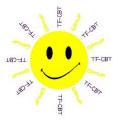
**HEART:** What does *YOUR FAMILY* know about feelings?

HANDS: How well does YOUR FAMILY know how thoughts,

feelings and behaviors connect?

# The goal for your family is to work together to earn HEAD, HEART, and HANDS Points.

# Family members can help each other when needed!



Child Name:

Caregiver Signature:

### Home Activity 4: Family Relaxation

### FAMILY MEMBER

WHAT I DID TO RELAX

| Friday    |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|
| Saturday  |  |  |
| Sunday    |  |  |
| Monday    |  |  |
| Tuesday   |  |  |
| Wednesday |  |  |
| Thursday  |  |  |



TF-CBT Group Session 5: Psychoeducation

#### Rationale

This session will serve to help children learn more accurate information about types of childhood trauma and normalize their experiences. This session is also designed to increase the level and specificity of discussion about trauma in order to facilitate the gradual exposure process for children and caregivers.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will learn normalizing facts on trauma types.
- 2. Caregivers will learn ways to communicate and support healthy beliefs about trauma
- 3. Caregivers will learn rationale for gradual exposure to trauma memories.
- 4. Caregivers will learn about the goals and process of gradual exposure.

#### **Child Objectives**

- 1. Children will learn facts about trauma types.
- 2. Children will engage in communication about trauma-related material with therapists and with caregivers.

#### **Materials**

| Children's Group: Littles, Middle                         | es, & Bigs  |
|---|---|
| Children's folders  | Feelings Gauge poster & Feelings Faces cutouts            |
| Group Rules poster  | Individual Feelings Gauges and Faces (one per child)      |
| Group Reward Chart supplies                               | Markers/Crayons/Pencils                                   |
| Tape/stick tack   | What is Trauma handouts                                   |
| Questions about Trauma Cards<br>OR What Do You Know Cards | Trauma Type Title Pages (with stickers on them)           |
| Blank paper pages for "Feel<br>Better Messages"           | Stickers (to newly place onto Trauma Type Title Pages)    |
| Caregivers' Group   |   |
| Tape/sticky tack  | Questions about Trauma Cards OR What Do You Know<br>Cards |
| Pens/Pencils  | Home Activity 5: Using My Feel Better Plan                |
| Name tags   |   |

| S  | Session 5 Children's Group – Littles, Middles, & Bigs  |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|----|--|---|--------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 1. |  |   | Time         | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist          |                       |  |  |
|    | Remind ch  | hildren of the group lo                         | gistics      |  |                         | ·                     |  |  |
|    |  | his is the fifth of 5 gro                       |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | groups will come togeth  | er at 6:30 for a com    | bined activity.       |  |  |
|    |  | esignate one child as<br>vite special helper to |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | demonstrate their favor  | ite relaxation technic  | que.                  |  |  |
|    |  | •   |              | ıp will meet together. Ne  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | e of their group therapis  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | two more t<br>sessions h   |   | nily will n  | neet individually with the   | eir therapist for the i | remainder of their    |  |  |
|    |  |   | the child    | -therapist pairings at this  | s time so that each (   | child knows who       |  |  |
|    |  | pist will be for the ren                        |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
| 2. |  |   | Time         | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist          |                       |  |  |
|    | •  | view that children have<br>eeling words         | e learneo    | d and practiced several i  | new skills.             |                       |  |  |
|    |  | ow much of a feeling t                          | they are     | having   |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  | ays to relax their bod                          |              | naving   |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | • <b>H</b> ¢   | ow thinking-feeling-do                          | oing are     |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | • W  | 'e can use skills to ch                         | ange ou      | r thoughts and feelings  | to feel better and m    | ake good choices      |  |  |
| 3. | What is Traun  | na?   | Time         | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist          |                       |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Explain the</li> </ul>  | meaning of the word                             | ı<br>"trauma | , n<br>  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | use to call scary and up   | osetting things that o  | children and adults   |  |  |
|    |  | n go through.                                   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   | has gor      | ne through a trauma, bu  | t not all children hav  | e gone through the    |  |  |
|    |  | ne type of trauma.<br>can be used to help c     | children d   | define different trauma t  | types                   |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | indouts to identify differe  |                         | Share that we are     |  |  |
|    | goii   | ng to talk about differ                         | ent type     | s of traumas that can ha   | appen to children.      |                       |  |  |
|    | o <b>De</b> s  | •   |              | r sensitive trauma types   |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Abuse: There are many different types of abuse:</li> <li>Physical abuse: when a parent or apather adult who is taking care of a shild</li> </ul>                                    |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Physical abuse: when a parent or another adult who is taking care of a child<br/>hurts or injures the child's body. It is against the law when an adult punishes a</li> </ul>       |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | child and the child gets red marks, bruises, cuts, burns, broken bones, or hurt in   |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | another way when an adult physically abuses them.  |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Emotional Abuse: when a parent or another adult who is taking care of a child</li> <li>but a the shild's facilities aver and ever again by calling them had names acuing</li> </ul> |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | hurts the child's feelings over and over again by calling them bad names, saying bad things about the child, or threatens to hurt the child or others.                                       |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Sexual abuse (breaking private parts rules): when an adult or someone much</li> </ul>   |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | • Sexual abuse (breaking private parts rules), when an adult of someone much older than a child touches or looks at a child's private parts or has the child touch                           |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | or look at others' private parts. Private parts are the parts of a child's body that   |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | are covered by a swimsuit. Sexual abuse can also include behaviors like when   |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    | an adult or someone much older than the child: talks about private parts, shows a child pictures or movies about private parts, takes pictures of a child's private                          |   |              |  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | a child do things with th  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  | parts.  |              | -  |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | or another adult doesn't   |                         |                       |  |  |
|    |  |   |              | a safe home, adult supe<br>o school regularly.   | ervision, or that thei  | r child sees a doctor |  |  |
|    |  |   | ก บบธิง เ    | o sonoon egularry.   |                         |                       |  |  |
| 1  |  | Family Fighting:                                | when o       | ne adult in a family hurts   | s another adult in th   | e family, Hitting.    |  |  |
|    |  | biting, pushing, o                              | choking      | ne adult in a family hurts<br>are all types of family fig<br>scary for children to see | ghting. This is also o  | called domestic       |  |  |



|  | uses too much ald<br>uses drugs that th<br>may have trouble<br>Moving to a new h<br>or brothers and si<br>Losing a loved on<br>Other trauma type<br>• When sca<br>• When sor<br>• Bullying<br>defines the different  | cohol (lik<br>nat are a<br>taking c<br>nome: w<br>sters.<br>e: when<br>es:<br>ary thing<br>meone h<br>trauma   | amily Member: When a<br>ke beer), uses more du<br>against the law. When<br>care of their children au<br>when kids have to move<br>a someone you love lea<br>is happen with the wea<br>is happen at school, in<br>has a scary doctor/mee<br>types, use the "Questi<br>ponline) to further facilit   | rugs than their docto<br>parents misuse drug<br>nd keeping them sa<br>e to a new home or<br>aves or dies<br>ather<br>n our community, or<br>dical visit or surgery<br>ons about Trauma (   | or tells them to, or<br>gs or alcohol, they<br>fe.<br>leave their grown-ups<br>with other youth<br>Cards" or What Do  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 4. Relaxation Br   | eak  | Time [   | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Remind group<br/>feelings about</li> <li>Select a brief</li> <li>Re-check eact</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Remind group members that they have learned different activities they can do to help lighten heavy feelings about trauma memories.</li> <li>Select a brief interactive activity for group members to engage in as a relaxation break.</li> <li>Re-check each member's current feeling(s) and level on the feelings gauge.</li> </ul>        |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 5. Identifying My  | Trauma   | Time   | 15 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Share that the create their or way for the characters to us memories.</li> <li>State that chi story that the story character is story that the story of the story of the super store and normalized the store and normalized the store of the super store and store as the store as the</li></ul> | e next sessions with<br>wn story about light<br>hild to share their sto<br>e to lighten any hea<br>dren will work with t<br>y want to with their of<br>he first step in prepa<br>on which types of tra<br>oup about what hap<br>nembers each of the<br>ng the number of ch<br>uma type posters to<br>or on the poster of ea<br>orting and reinforcin | their ind<br>and hea<br>ory and v<br>vy feelir<br>heir their<br>aregive<br>tring for<br>umas ea<br>opened.<br>the trauma<br>ildren in<br>the wall<br>ach trauma<br>g statem<br>nrougho | eople can help lighten<br>dividual therapists will<br>avy memories. The the<br>which memories to sha<br>ngs that may come up<br>rapist in later sessions<br>rs.<br>creating their stories i<br>ach group member have<br>a type posters (with sti<br>n past groups who have<br>ls throughout the room<br>ma type that they have<br>nents as children ident<br>out this activity and utili | give each child the<br>erapist and child will<br>are. They will also de<br>when telling about h<br>s to prepare to share<br>n the next sessions<br>s experienced. No o<br>ckers already prese<br>e gone through each<br>n. Then ask each gro<br>e experienced in the<br>tify their trauma type | opportunity to<br>decide the best<br>ecide on which<br>neavy trauma<br>e parts of their<br>is to identify in<br>ne will be asked to<br>nt), pointing out<br>n type of trauma.<br>oup member to<br>sir life.<br>s. |  |  |  |



| 6. | Group Celebration   | Time  | 15 minutes  | Lead Therapist   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|    | <ul> <li>Discuss with the children that p</li> <li>State that group members have together, sharing thoughts, feel</li> <li>Discuss that good-byes are a n</li> <li>Identify that, after today's group attend family sessions with one Some families may not see eac</li> <li>Acknowledge that children can hending. Some feelings and thou</li> <li>Solicit from the children their feel</li> <li>Distribute blank piece of paper group that this page is for sharin draw or write a special message may look back at this page to hworking on their trauma stories they want to have a happy men</li> <li>Allow time for the children to fill include a message for their group</li> </ul> | spent a<br>ngs and<br>ormal ar<br>, childre<br>of the g<br>h other<br>nave lots<br>nave | lot of time together over<br>a memories together, and<br>and natural part of life for<br>n and their caregiver(s) v<br>roup therapists. Some f<br>again.<br>s of different feelings and<br>ght be light and others r<br>and thoughts about this b<br>child to create their "Fee<br>sages with one another,<br>h group member. During<br>n feel better if they start<br>ir individual therapists.<br>n their time in group.<br>se messages for each of | r the last five session<br>of having fun togeth<br>everybody.<br>will come back to thi<br>families may stay in<br>d thoughts when a g<br>might be heavy.<br>being the last group.<br>el Better Messages'<br>and that everyone is<br>g the next treatment<br>having heavy thoug<br>They can look at thi | ns, learning<br>er.<br>s building to<br>touch after group.<br>group like this is<br>' page. Explain to the<br>is encouraged to<br>t sessions, children<br>ghts or feelings when<br>s page whenever |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. | 7. Check Out Time 5 minutes Lead Therapist  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | <ul><li>Review behavior chart progress</li><li>Prepare for the transition to the</li></ul>  |   | ed group.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Session 5 Caregivers' Group |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1.                          | Group Check-   | In  | Time   | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |  |  |  |  |
| •                           | <ul> <li>Welcome the caregivers to session 5.</li> <li>Remind caregivers of the group logistics.         <ul> <li>This is the fifth of 7 group sessions</li> <li>The children's and caregivers' groups will come together in an hour for a combined activity.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Lead caregivers in relaxation exercise (e.g. calm breathing)</li> </ul>   |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.                          | Trauma Type  | Psychoeducation   | Time   | 10 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |  |  |  |  |  |
| •                           | <ul> <li>discussion,<br/>to everyone</li> <li>Orient careg<br/>available for<br/>group.</li> <li>Prepare for</li> </ul>  | we remove the stigma<br>e, there are common<br>givers to the "Question<br>r purchase online), pu<br>this discussion to be   | a and sha<br>message<br>ns about<br>ulling out<br>brief. Pro   | on providing informa<br>me that surrounds tra<br>s.<br>Trauma Cards" (or us<br>specific examples for<br>ovide caregivers with<br>should be spent on pr   | uma. While not all i<br>e What Do You Kno<br>types of trauma tha<br>information on wha  | nformation applies<br>ow Cards –<br>t make-up the<br>t their children are  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.                          | TN Preparatio  | n   | Time 3   | 0 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |  |  |  |  |  |
| •                           | <ul> <li>In g man men o Thran he o Thran he o Thran a he o Thran o Use anx o Expension o Expension o Chillo o The paulo o Rein and o Inform that norreased do o If ch will o Predict (and famo Discuss bout o Chillo o At the o The context o Chillo o At the context o Chillo o Chillo o At the context o Chillo o Chillo o Chillo o Chillo o Chillo o Chillo o At the context o Chillo o Chill</li></ul> | nage distress better;<br>mories ("take the hear<br>ough telling their stor<br>ealthy understanding<br>caregivers their thou<br>ormation on rationale<br>e metaphor of repeate<br>olain the therapist will<br>therapist is holding to<br>use and aid child in us<br>nforce that the skills<br>that the therapists will<br>that the therapists will<br>istress.<br>hild experiences incre-<br>caregivers aid child in<br>dict that some childred<br>d adults may feel it to<br>nilies are prepared.<br>undaries regarding shildren will not be shar | however,<br>at out").<br>y, childre<br>of the tra-<br>ights and<br>and proc<br>ed watchi<br>d exposur<br>guide ch<br>he remote<br>sing relax<br>the child<br><i>v</i> ill be righ<br>this part of<br>eased me<br>n using?<br>en may ei<br>o!). Emph<br>haring tra<br>ing detail<br>that all tr | n will reduce their fea<br>uma.<br>feelings related to the<br>ess of TN.<br>ng of a scary movie to<br>re (or other metaphor<br>ild through memory s<br>e, so if the child becar<br>er to calm, before ret<br>has mastered has eau<br>to there with them, if n<br>of treatment well; how<br>mories during next fea<br>to there anxiety or a<br>hasize that this is norm<br>uma events.<br>s with each other.<br>auma work be done i | ep is to reduce distr<br>ar related to the mer<br>eir child telling their<br>o explain the reduce<br>as suited for the gr<br>to it is done in a saf<br>me overwhelmed, th<br>urning to memory).<br>rned them the right<br>beeded to support co<br>vever, we will plan for<br>w weeks or is more<br>avoidance prior to n<br>nal/expected, but th | ess related to trauma<br>mory and develop<br>story.<br>tion in<br>oup).<br>e way. (e.g., It is like<br>ne therapist could<br>to face this memory<br>oping.<br>or possibility of<br>irritable, what skills<br>ext week's session<br>at we are confident |  |  |  |  |

| 4. | Combined Group Preparation   | Time | 10 minutes | Lead Therapist       |                   |  |  |  |
|----|--|------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
|    | <ul> <li>In children's group, they learned key trauma-related facts: they aren't alone, it wasn't their fault, lots of kids don't tell, and there are lots of changes after trauma—causing lots of mixed feelings.</li> <li>While it is helpful to hear this from therapists, it is most important for children to hear their caregivers support these healthy messages.</li> <li>This combined activity will be a fun way for caregivers and children to talk about what they learned together, showing that it is okay to talk about and allow their caregivers to support them.</li> <li>A talk show style game on the Facts of Trauma will be facilitated by a therapist. Caregivers and children will engage in question-answer talk show. Don't worry, if you forgot a specific fact, we will be there to help you out!</li> </ul> |      |            |                      |                   |  |  |  |
| 5. | Homework Preparation   | Time | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist       |                   |  |  |  |
|    | <ul> <li>Handout Homework E: Using N</li> <li>Encourage children to use their with their trauma.</li> </ul>  |      |            | iten thoughts and fe | elings associated |  |  |  |

| Session Review<br>Children are asked to share with their<br>Combined Psychoeducation Activity<br>Children and caregivers participate in<br>"Questions about Trauma Cards" (Co  | Time<br>caregivers<br>Time  | 5 min<br>s what the<br>20 min   |  | ion.  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Combined Psychoeducation Activity<br>Children and caregivers participate in  | 0   |   |  | ion.  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined Psychoeducation Activity<br>Children and caregivers participate in  | 0   |   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Children and caregivers participate in   | Time  | 20 min  | Lood Therepiet   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Family units should work together and remain on the same team during this activity. Coach caregivers in utilizing labeled praising and other techniques they have learned throughout group.</li> <li>Conduct feelings checks with group at a few time points and encourage use of a relaxation skill as needed.</li> </ul>  |   |   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Home Activity Introduction   | Time  | 2 min   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Share that some children and grownups who have been through a trauma will have heavy feelings and thoughts about what happened.</li> <li>State that when that happens to you, then you can use the coping skills learned in the group to help you lighten your thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>For this week's home activity, if you find yourself thinking about the scary or upsetting things that you have been through, choose a relaxer to practice. Then rate your feeling after to see if the feeling has come down. You might ask your caregiver to practice with you to help.</li> </ul> |   |   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Check Out  | Time  | 3 min   | Lead Therapist   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>caregivers in utilizing labeled praising<br/>Conduct feelings checks with group a<br/>needed.</li> <li>Home Activity Introduction</li> <li>Share that some children and grownu<br/>thoughts about what happened.</li> <li>State that when that happens to you,<br/>you lighten your thoughts and feeling:</li> <li>For this week's home activity, if you fi<br/>have been through, choose a relaxer</li> </ul> | caregivers in utilizing labeled praising and other         Conduct feelings checks with group at a few time         needed.         Home Activity Introduction       Time         Share that some children and grownups who has         thoughts about what happened.         State that when that happens to you, then you ca         you lighten your thoughts and feelings.         For this week's home activity, if you find yoursel         have been through, choose a relaxer to practice         come down. You might ask your caregiver to practice | caregivers in utilizing labeled praising and other technique         Conduct feelings checks with group at a few time points ar needed.         Home Activity Introduction       Time         Share that some children and grownups who have been th thoughts about what happened.         State that when that happens to you, then you can use the you lighten your thoughts and feelings.         For this week's home activity, if you find yourself thinking a have been through, choose a relaxer to practice. Then rat come down. You might ask your caregiver to practice with | Conduct feelings checks with group at a few time points and encourage use of needed.         Home Activity Introduction       Time       2 min       Lead Therapist         Share that some children and grownups who have been through a trauma will thoughts about what happened.       State that when that happens to you, then you can use the coping skills learned you lighten your thoughts and feelings.         For this week's home activity, if you find yourself thinking about the scary or u have been through, choose a relaxer to practice. Then rate your feeling after the come down. You might ask your caregiver to practice with you to help. |  |  |  |  |

• Therapists will follow up with caregivers, as needed.



### Abuse

Physical: When a grown-up hurts a youth's body.

Verbal: When a group-up hurts a youth with their words.



Sexual: When a person looks at or touches a youth's private body parts or makes them look at or touch another's private body parts.





## Neglect

When a youth doesn't have food, clothes, a safe place to live, medical care, supervision, schooling, or the love and support they need.





## **Family Fighting**

When grown-ups in the family hurt each other through their words or behaviors.





## Moving to a New Home

When kids have to move to a new home or leave their grownups or brothers and sisters.





### Substance Abuse by a Family Member

When an adult in the family uses too much alcohol (like beer), uses more drugs than their doctor tells them to, or uses drugs that are against the law.





## Losing a Loved One

When someone you love leaves or dies.





### **Other Traumas**

When scary things happen with the weather.



When scary things happen at school, in our community, or with our peers.

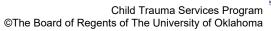


When someone has a scary doctor visit or surgery.















## Neglect



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## **Family Fighting**







### Substance Abuse by a Family Member





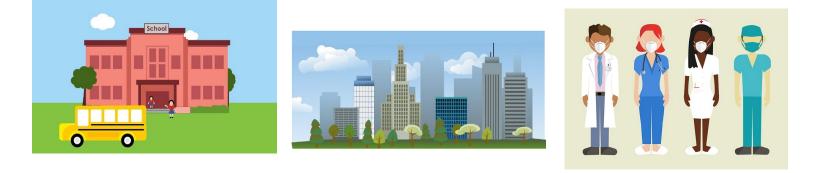


## Losing a Loved One





## **Other Traumas**





### **Questions about Trauma Cards – Littles, Middles, and Bigs Groups**

**Moving Homes** 

### How do youth feel when they can't live with their parents?

Confused, sad, worried, angry, lonely

Loss of a Loved One

### What are some reasons that a youth may not be able to live with a parent?

Parents may be separated or divorced, a parent may have trouble taking good care of their child's needs, a parent may have died

#### Loss of a Loved One

### How do people feel when a loved one dies?

May feel sad that they won't see their loved one again; May feel lonely; May feel mad that their loved one died; May be confused about why their loved one died; May feel worried about the health or safety of other loved ones

### Emotional and Physical Abuse

### What are some ways that an adult might hurt a youth using their words or actions?

Calling the youth hurtful names; Hitting or slapping; Using hurtful punishments or consequences

Sexual Abuse

How many youth experience sexual abuse before age 18?

1 in 4 or 5 girls 1 in 6 or 7 boys

Sexual Abuse

### True or False: Youth are usually abuse by strangers.

False: Youth are most often abused by someone they know, like a relative or family member.

#### Sexual Abuse

### Do most youth immediately tell an adult after being abused?

No. Most youth don't tell right away after abuse happens. There are lots of reasons for this, like: Fear that they or the other person may get in trouble; Worry that no one will believe it happened; The other person may have threatened that something bad might happen if the youth tells. It's a brave thing for a youth to tell at all!

### Neglect

### What are some ways a parent may not take care of their child's needs?

Not giving their child enough food; Having an unsafe home; Not taking care of their child's medical needs; Not making sure their child gets an education; Not providing their child with love



### **Family Fighting**

True or False: Family fighting (domestic violence) is something that happens in lots of families.

True. Up to 1 in 9 youth live in a family where domestic violence happens.

Family Member Drug or Alcohol Abuse

### How might a youth feel if their parent is abusing alcohol or drugs?

Worried about their parent's health; Sad that their parent isn't the same as they used to be before they started abusing drugs or alcohol; Confused about what is happening to their parent; Angry that their parent isn't caring for them as well as they were before starting to use drugs and alcohol.

#### Bullying

### What are some ways someone might be bullied?

Hurtful teasing; Name calling; Physically threatening or hurting; Peer pressuring the youth to do something they don't want to do

#### Bullying

### What is Cyber Bulling? How many youth experience cyberbullying?

Cyberbullying is bullying that takes place online.

Around 1 in 7 youth experience cyberbullying.



### **Questions about Trauma Cards – Combined Group**

**Moving Homes** 

When family members live apart, they may miss talking to and seeing each other.

What are 3 ways family members who live apart can still feel close to each other when they can't see or talk to each other?

Other: Weather

After someone has gone through a tornado, reminders of that day can feel scary and make the person worry that another tornado will happen.

Name 3 things that might remind someone of a tornado.

What can a family do to feel safer and more prepared for future bad weather?

Abuse

It can be tough for youth to talk in counseling about having been physically, emotionally, or sexually abused.

Caregivers, can you share how proud you are of youth in this group for talking in counseling about difficult trauma memories?

Family Member Drug or Alcohol Abuse

Alcohol and drug abuse affects many families. 1 in how many families have a family member who has struggled with alcohol or drugs?

1 in 5; Treatment can help family members recover from drug or alcohol abuse!

Neglect

After youth have gone through times when they didn't have enough food or other things they needed, they may still sometimes worry if it will happen again.

How could a caregiver help their child feel safer when they have these worries?

#### Family Fighting

When a youth has experienced family fighting (or domestic violence), their body alarm system may go off when they're reminded of these memories.

Name 3 examples of things that could remind a youth of family fighting.

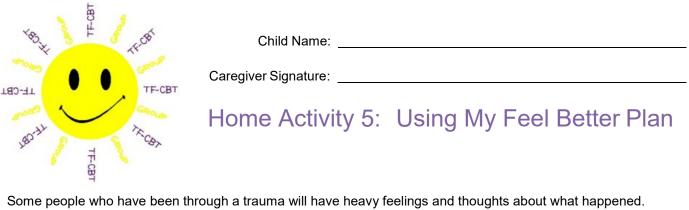
How could a youth let their caregiver or a trusted adult know when their body alarm system is going off inside? How could that adult help?

Loss of a Loved One

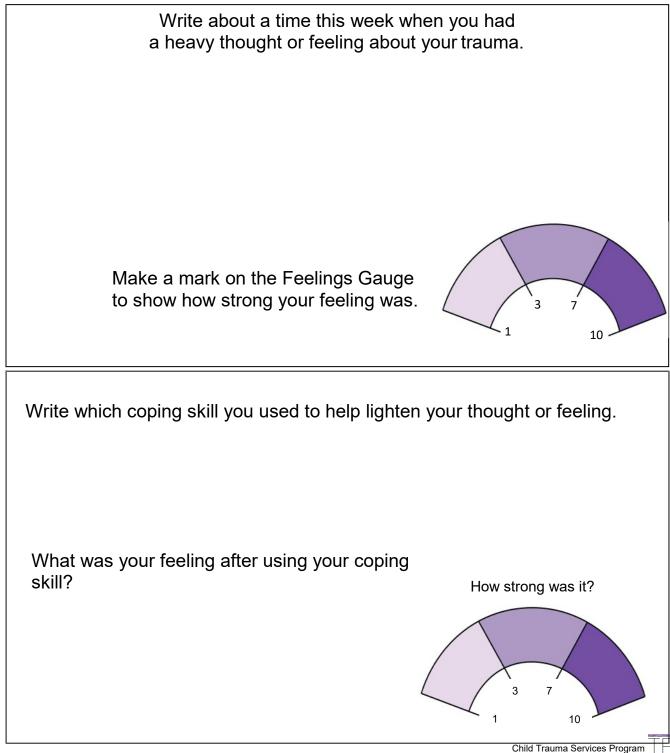
When a loved one dies, family members can feel especially sad around the loved one's birthday or on special holidays.

What are 3 ways families can remember their loved one in a good way during these special times?





Some people who have been through a trauma will have heavy feelings and thoughts about what happened. When that happens to you, then you can use the coping skills learned in the group to help you lighten your thoughts and feelings.



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TF-CBT Group Session 6: Conjoint Preparation

#### Rationale

This session will serve to prepare caregivers for gradual exposure through providing the rationale and explanation of the GE process and engaging the child in planning for their individual exposure work. Activities are designed to create a plan for gradual exposure to ensure this work is completed in a safe and effective way.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

- 1. Caregivers will share their expectations, thoughts and feelings about hearing their child's trauma narrative.
- 2. Caregivers will continue to apply cognitive triangle to any unbalanced thoughts regarding their child's trauma.

#### **Materials**

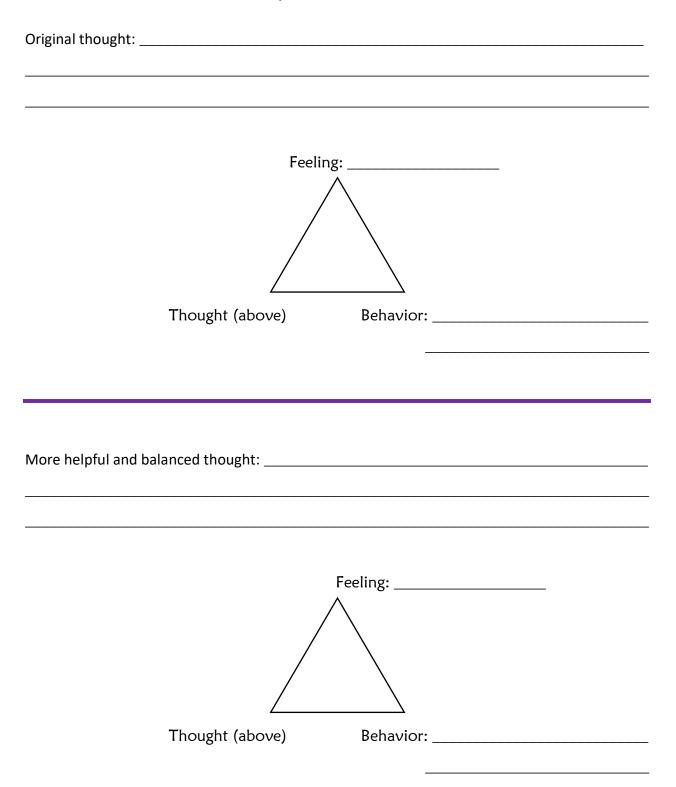
- Caregiver Thoughts Related to Child's Trauma History
- Test of Two
- Think-Feel-Do Connection



| Session 6   | Caregivers   | ' Gro   | ир  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Group Check  | -In  | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Welcome the caregivers to session 6.</li> <li>Remind caregivers of the group logistics.         <ul> <li>This is the sixth of 7 caregiver groups sessions</li> <li>There will be no more combined time as children are no longer meeting in a group setting.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Complete check-in. Consider having caregiver report on a positive behavior from the week and something that was challenging</li> </ul> |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Homework R   | eview  | Time  | 5 minutes   | Lead Therapist   |  |  |  |  |  |
| o <b>As</b>   | -  | any succe   |   | use and problem-so<br>Lead Therapist   | lve withcaregivers   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>however, ti</li> <li>Acknowled<br/>provide sup</li> <li>State that to<br/>child- carego<br/>information<br/>work can b</li> <li>Inquire what</li> <li>Normalize<br/>of treatment</li> <li>State that so<br/>as, "I shou<br/>child must</li> <li>Remind can<br/>on effects of<br/>Review Hat</li> <li>Review exthrough with<br/>from the pate</li> <li>Ask carego<br/>help in gent</li> <li>Reinforce to</li> </ul>       | he ultimate goal is for<br>ge that this process<br>opport needed.<br>their child's telling of<br>giver sharing. This v<br>is however, even if ca<br>e a new and differer<br>at expectations care<br>feelings of sadness,<br>not is not to erase tho<br>sometimes caregiver<br>ld have known/done<br>have done somethin<br>regivers of the think-<br>of trauma is importar<br>indout "Think-Feel-D<br>ample to explain te<br>th a group member thast, Nothing I do help<br>vers to identify/share<br>perating alternate, he | or childre<br>can be d<br>events v<br>aries fan<br>aregivers<br>at experie<br>givers ha<br>regret, o<br>se feelin<br>s have th<br>something<br>to cau<br>feel-do c<br>no Conne<br>sting ac<br>no Conne<br>sting ac<br>bo Conne<br>sting ac<br>no conne<br>sting ac<br>bo cau<br>feel-do c<br>no cau<br>feel-do c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>c<br>a<br>cau<br>feel-do c<br>cau<br>feel-do cau<br>feel-do cau | ave regarding their own nor anger related to their or<br>gs.<br>houghts or beliefs that lean<br>ng to prevent" or "My ch<br>se it").<br>connection and that payi<br>se it can impact their rel<br>ection".<br>curacy and helpfulness<br>om discussion) For ex. T<br>eling: Helpless; Overwhe<br>boughts that may be inacc | egivers.<br>d our goal is to prepared<br>giver by therapist inders have differing a<br>his from their child fr<br>reactions to hearing<br>child experiencing a<br>ead to particularly he<br>hild will never be the<br>ng attention to their<br>ationship with their<br>of thoughts. (if ap<br>Thought: My child has<br>elmed $\rightarrow$ Do: Hands<br>curate/unhelpful. As | are caregivers and<br>dividually, prior to<br>mounts of<br>om their therapeutic<br>their child's stories.<br>trauma and the goal<br>eavy feelings. (Such<br>e same" or even "My<br>own thoughts/beliefs<br>child.<br>propriate, may walk<br>as so many problems<br>off parenting<br>k group members to |  |  |  |  |



## What is a thought you have had about yourself related to your child's trauma?







| I Think:     |   | I Feel: |
|--------------|---|---------|
|              | The Test of Two:<br>Is my thought accurate?<br>Is my thought helpful? |         |
| New Thought: | I Feel:   |         |





TF-CBT Group Session 7: *Rules, Rewards, Consequences* 

#### **Rationale**

This session will serve to continue to prepare caregivers for conjoint sharing of their child's trauma narrative. Caregivers will also learn additional behavior management strategies.

#### **Caregiver Objectives**

1. Caregivers will learn ways to encourage positive child behaviors, specifically through developmentally appropriate rules and effective consequences and rewards.

#### **Materials**

- Behavior Charts and How-Tos
- Labeled Praise Handout
- Responding to Child Behavior
- Rewards and Consequences Menu
- Rewards and Consequences Planning



| <ul> <li>Welcome the caregivers to session 7.</li> <li>Remind caregivers of the group logistics.         <ul> <li>This is the seventh and final caregiver group session</li> <li>Remind caregivers that there will be no combined group.</li> <li>Caregivers will join their children in individual/family sessions next week.</li> <li>Review contact therapist assignments as needed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>TN Conjoint Preparation Time 15 minutes Lead Therapist</li> <li>Remind caregivers of children's work with their therapists on "telling their story."</li> <li>Reiterate the importance of supporting children between sessions, coaching their use of their coping skills and redirecting challenging behaviors.</li> <li>Complete a brief check-in related to caregivers' continued thoughts and feelings regarding gradual exposure. Consider checking in with caregivers regarding their child's behavior since beginning this phase of therapy.</li> <li>Rules, Rewards, Consequences Time 40 minutes Lead Therapist</li> <li>Ensure families have all necessary handouts</li> <li>Provide an overview on the impact of caregiver response on child behavior         <ul> <li>Caregivers have 3 basic choices in how to respond to a child's behavior: Reward it, Ignore it, or Punish it. The goal is to optimize use of these through plan-full responding.</li> <li>Taking time to plan responding is so important as "Heat of the Moment" approaches can backfire. For example, who has witnessed a parent (or done it themselves!) get onto a child or the suit in the child doing the behavior more?</li> <li>Effective rewards – Desirable; Explicit; Contingent on behavior; Change/Vary</li> <li>Ignoring – Only use with behavior syou want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |    | Group Check-In  | Caregive  | Time  | 5 minutes  | Lead Therapist  |   |
|---|----|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>Remind caregivers of children's work with their therapists on "telling their story."</li> <li>Reiterate the importance of supporting children between sessions, coaching their use of their coping skills and redirecting challenging behaviors.</li> <li>Complete a brief check-in related to caregivers' continued thoughts and feelings regarding gradual exposure. Consider checking in with caregivers regarding their child's behavior since beginning this phase of therapy.</li> <li>Rules, Rewards, Consequences Time 40 minutes Lead Therapist</li> <li>Ensure families have all necessary handouts</li> <li>Provide an overview on the impact of caregiver response on child behavior         <ul> <li>Caregivers have 3 basic choices in how to respond to a child's behavior: Reward it, Ignore it, or Punish it. The goal is to optimize use of these through plan-full responding.</li> <li>Taking time to plan responding is so important as "Heat of the Moment" approaches can backfire. For example, who has witnessed a parent (or done it themselves!) get onto a child only to result in the child doing the behavior more?</li> <li>Effective rewards – Desirable; Explicit; Contingent on behavior; Change/Vary</li> <li>Ignoring – Only use with behaviors you want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior as the child attempts to test the parent's ability to continue ignoring; Consistency is the key to effective planned ignoring.</li> <li>Punishment – Only use when rewards and praise are in place; Punishment is immediate &amp; Shortterm; Undesirable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Guide caregivers through creating a child behavior plan.         <ul> <li>State rule explicitly. (Exactly what will they see to know their child is following the rule?)</li> <li>What is the consequence for breaking the rule? (Provide immediate praise if there is a delayedreward)</li> <li>What is the co</li></ul></li></ul>  |    | Welcome the careg<br>Remind caregivers<br>o This is the s<br>o Remind car<br>o Caregivers   | of the group logis<br>seventh and final<br>regivers that there<br>will join their child   | tics.<br>caregiver gr<br>will be no d<br>Iren in indiv  | oup session<br>combined group.<br>ridual/family sessic   | · · · ·   |   |
| <ul> <li>Reiterate the importance of supporting children between sessions, coaching their use of their coping skills and redirecting challenging behaviors.</li> <li>Complete a brief check-in related to caregivers' continued thoughts and feelings regarding gradual exposure. Consider checking in with caregivers regarding their child's behavior since beginning this phase of therapy.</li> <li>Rules, Rewards, Consequences Time 40 minutes Lead Therapist</li> <li>Ensure families have all necessary handouts</li> <li>Provide an overview on the impact of caregiver response on child behavior         <ul> <li>Caregivers have 3 basic choices in how to respond to a child's behavior: Reward it, Ignore it, or Punish it. The goal is to optimize use of these through plan-full responding.</li> <li>Taking time to plan responding is so important as "Heat of the Moment" approaches can backfire. For example, who has witnessed a parent (or done it themselves!) get onto a child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior syou want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior syou want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior sa the child attempts to test the parent's ability to continue ignoring; Consistency is the key to effective planned ignoring.</li> <li>Punishment - Only use when rewards and praise are in place; Punishment is immediate &amp; Shortterm; Undesirable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Guide caregivers through creating a child behavior plan.         <ul> <li>State rule explicitly. (Exactly what will they see to know their child is following the rule?)</li> <li>What is the consequence for breaking the rule?</li> <li>Plan for introducing the behavior plan to their child (Role play this conversation with a caregiver)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Inform that expectations, rewards, consequences change as their child grows. While time-out is a</li></ul> | 2. | TN Conjoint Prepa   | ration  | Time  | 15 minutes   | Lead Therapist  |   |
| <ul> <li>Ensure families have all necessary handouts</li> <li>Provide an overview on the impact of caregiver response on child behavior         <ul> <li>Caregivers have 3 basic choices in how to respond to a child's behavior: Reward it, Ignore it, or Punish it. The goal is to optimize use of these through plan-full responding.</li> <li>Taking time to plan responding is so important as "Heat of the Moment" approaches can backfire. For example, who has witnessed a parent (or done it themselves!) get onto a child only to result in the child doing the behavior more?</li> <li>Effective rewards – Desirable; Explicit; Contingent on behavior; Change/Vary</li> <li>Ignoring – Only use with behaviors you want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior as the child attempts to test the parent's ability to continue ignoring; Consistency is the key to effective planned ignoring.</li> <li>Punishment – Only use when rewards and praise are in place; Punishment is immediate &amp; Shortterm; Undesirable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Guide caregivers through creating a child behavior plan.         <ul> <li>State rule explicitly. (Exactly what will they see to know their child is following the rule?)</li> <li>What is the reward for following the rule? (Provide immediate praise if there is a delayed reward)</li> <li>What is the consequence for breaking the rule?</li> <li>Plan for introducing the behavior plan to their child (Role play this conversation with a caregiver)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Inform that expectations, rewards, &amp; consequences change as their child grows. While time-out is a great consequence for young children, removing privileges works better for older children.</li> </ul>   |    | and redirecting char<br>Complete a brief ch<br>exposure. Consider<br>phase of therapy.  | llenging behaviors<br>eck-in related to c<br>checking in with   | s.<br>caregivers' (<br>caregivers r   | continued thoughts<br>regarding their chil   | s and feelings regarding<br>d's behavior since begin  | gradual   |
| <ul> <li>Provide an overview on the impact of caregiver response on child behavior         <ul> <li>Caregivers have 3 basic choices in how to respond to a child's behavior: Reward it, Ignore it, or Punish it. The goal is to optimize use of these through plan-full responding.</li> <li>Taking time to plan responding is so important as "Heat of the Moment" approaches can backfire. For example, who has witnessed a parent (or done it themselves!) get onto a child only to result in the child doing the behavior more?</li> <li>Effective rewards – Desirable; Explicit; Contingent on behavior; Change/Vary</li> <li>Ignoring – Only use with behaviors you want to decrease that are not harmful to the child or others; Expect a burst in misbehavior as the child attempts to test the parent's ability to continue ignoring; Consistency is the key to effective planned ignoring.</li> <li>Punishment – Only use when rewards and praise are in place; Punishment is immediate &amp; Short-term; Undesirable</li> </ul> </li> <li>Guide caregivers through creating a child behavior plan.         <ul> <li>State rule explicitly. (Exactly what will they see to know their child is following the rule?)</li> <li>What is the reward for following the rule? (Provide immediate praise if there is a delayed reward)</li> <li>What is the consequence for breaking the rule?</li> <li>Plan for introducing the behavior plan to their child (Role play this conversation with a caregiver)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Inform that expectations, rewards, &amp; consequences change as their child grows. While time-out is a great consequence for young children, removing privileges works better for older children.</li> </ul>   | 5. | Rules, Rewards, Co  | onsequences   | Time  | 40 minutes   | Leau Therapist  |   |
|   | •  | <ul> <li>Caregivers<br/>Punish it. T</li> <li>Taking time<br/>For exampl<br/>the child do</li> <li>Effective re</li> <li>Ignoring – C</li> <li>Expect a bu<br/>Consistenc</li> <li>Punishmen<br/>term; Under</li> </ul> | have 3 basic choi<br>he goal is to optin<br>e to plan respondir<br>e, who has witnes<br>ing the behavior r<br>wards – Desirable<br>Only use with beha<br>urst in misbehavio<br>y is the key to effe<br>t – Only use when<br>sirable | ces in how<br>nize use of<br>ng is so imp<br>sed a paren<br>more?<br>e; Explicit; C<br>aviors you v<br>r as the chi<br>ective plann<br>rewards ar | to respond to a chi<br>these through plar<br>portant as "Heat of<br>nt (or done it them<br>Contingent on beha<br>vant to decrease th<br>Id attempts to test<br>red ignoring.<br>nd praise are in pla | Id's behavior: Reward it,<br>h-full responding.<br>the Moment" approache<br>selves!) get onto a child<br>avior; Change/Vary<br>hat are not harmful to the<br>the parent's ability to co | es can backfire.<br>only to result in<br>child or others;<br>ntinue ignoring; |



### **RESPONDING TO CHILD BEHAVIOR**

Parents can use three types of responses to improve their child's behavior: Rewarding, Ignoring, and Punishing

Tips on when and how to use each technique are provided below.

### Reward (aka Reinforcement)

- The general rule is that **any behavior that is rewarded will increase**. For example, if you tell your child, "I love how you're sharing with your brother," your child will share more often with his/her brother.
- Rewards are the *most effective* way to change a child's behavior! Use of either of the other two methods (ignoring or punishment) MUST also involve rewarding the child or they will not work.
- As a parent, your job is to "Catch your child being good." When your child's negative behavior is taking all of your attention, take time to sit down and come up with the opposite of the negative behavior that you can reward. For example, if your child is always yelling in the house, provide a reward for the opposite talking in a calm, inside voice.
- A reward can be anything that is positive and desired by your child. Often the best reward is your attention and praise. Rewards can be extra privileges (e.g., staying up late one night), extra time with a parent (e.g., one on one play time with mom), or other fun activities.
- Rewards need to change every few weeks so that children do not lose interest. For example, after getting your favorite dessert every day for a week, it's not quite as desirable anymore!
- Rewards must be dependent on the child showing the target behavior. If a movie is a reward for a week of room cleaning, the child must complete the chore each day to earn the movie night. If the child doesn't complete the chore but still gets to go, room cleaning is not reinforced and the reward loses its value.
- **Praise is often the best reward**. "Labeled praise" is verbally letting the child know exactly what they did that you liked, such as "I am so proud of you for staying in your seat at the dinner table" or "You did a great job staying calm when your sister got to play the video game first."



### Ignore (aka Selective Attention)

- Kids do things like rolling eyes, arguing, having temper tantrums, and whining to get their way. These undesirable behaviors will often decrease or go away completely if ignored. By engaging with kids (such as arguing back) when they do these behaviors, you are giving attention (which is what they want) and keeps the behaviors going.
- Ignoring should only be used for behaviors that are not physically harmful to the child, others, or property. If a behavior is harmful, you must immediately address it!
- You must ignore 100% by your actions and words. When ignoring the negative behavior, make no response to the child. No more warnings, comforting, scolding, laughing, reminding, etc. or it's back to square one.
- It can be helpful to direct your attention elsewhere and wait for the child to return to you in an appropriate manner. For example, if you are engaged in a game with your child and he or she begins throwing a temper tantrum, return to playing with the toys and wait for the child to return. When they do, give a lot of praise for their appropriate behaviors (I'm so glad you came back to sit at the table and play with me.)
- When you first ignore a behavior (such as whining), you can expect the child to "up the volume" at first. If you continue ignoring and do not give in to the child's attempts to get your attention, they will stop the behavior...although they may test you a few more times! However, if you do respond to the child at this louder volume, you've just taught them that, if they whine loud enough, you will give in---not what you want them to do!

### **Punishment**

- Punishment is any disliked, unwanted consequence given to a child (e.g., extra housework) or positive privilege taken away (e.g., videogames) in order to decrease the child's negative behavior.
- Punishment is best used for behaviors that cannot be ignored (e.g., harm to others) or the more frequent and severe behavior problems that a child shows. Hitting a sibling, for example, is a harmful behavior that should not be ignored.



- Punishment must ALWAYS be paired with rewards for positive or appropriate behavior. If there is not an equal balance with praise, punishment won't work.
- Avoid banning pro-social activities (e.g., involvement in boy scouts, sports or band). Do remove privileges such as a trip to the movie, videogame time, or internet use.
- Punishment is most effective when it is:
  - ✓ Consistent
    - The same consequence should be given every time the rule is broken.
       If a child *sometimes* gets away with the behavior, they will learn to try their luck.
  - ✓ Immediate
    - Punishment should be given as soon after the misbehavior as possible.
    - For example, placing a child immediately in time-out after they hit a sibling is more effective than having them wait until another parent comes home for a lecture.
  - ✓ Strongly disliked
    - It must be something that the child really, really wants to avoid. The punishment needs to be something that the child will choose to avoid in the future by following your rules.
    - If a child is grounded from TV, but can still play with friends or play videogames, then he or she may not even notice that they're grounded...and then it isn't going to work as a punishment.
  - ✓ Short-term
    - The child needs to soon have another chance to earn privileges by showing good behavior.
    - Usually several hours to two days is long enough for punishment, and this depends on the child's age and severity of the offense.
    - Avoid punishing a child for long periods because this decreases motivation to do good, and the child may forget what they were even grounded for in the first place!



### **BEHAVIOR CHARTS**

- Start with only one behavior and goal.
  - Select one target behavior that is most distressing to the caregiver (e.g., if a child is arguing often and hitting others, hitting would be chosen as a target behavior as it is more harmful).
- Be specific and descript!!
  - Clearly identify the target behavior and goal. "Be good this week and you'll get a prize" is too vague for a child.
- Set a realistic goal -- Start low and raise the bar.
  - The first week's goal should be either where the child is at currently or slightly improved. We want them to learn the system and see success early on. Don't set the child up for failure by setting the goal to high.
  - For a child who is hitting almost every day, set the first week's goal as 1-2 days with no hitting.
- Explain the behavior chart plan to child.
  - This can be done in session with the family.
  - Keep a positive focus: "We want to work as a family to help you (<u>not hit</u>). We know there are lots of times when you play nicely and don't hit others, so we want to reward you for those times. You'll get a sticker for each day you go without hitting. When you earn 7 stickers, you get (<u>to pick a movie to rent on Friday</u>). We are so excited because we know you can do this!"
- Let the child help choose rewards.
  - Rewards should have minimal cost. Examples:
    - Extra TV/computer/video game time
    - Choosing what's for dinner
    - Book/game time with a parent
    - Staying up 20 extra minutes
    - Helping cook dinner
- Change rewards frequently.
  - One way to do this is to come up with several rewards and place them in a 'grab bag' from which the child gets to choose.
- Add stars daily and give rewards weekly.
  - Give attention throughout the week for the child's progress. Post the chart where the child can see it. Make a big deal of awarding the stickers each day.
  - For times that a child does NOT earn a sticker, refocus on earning the next one. "I'm sad that you chose to hit and didn't earn a sticker, but I bet this afternoon you can earn a sticker. You need 3 more this week to get the prize!"



### 's REWARD CHART

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

|         | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|
|         |        |        |         |           |          |        |          |
| Morning |        |        |         |           |          |        |          |
| Fvening |        |        |         |           |          |        |          |

Goal: \_\_\_\_\_

Reward: \_\_\_\_\_



#### 's CHART

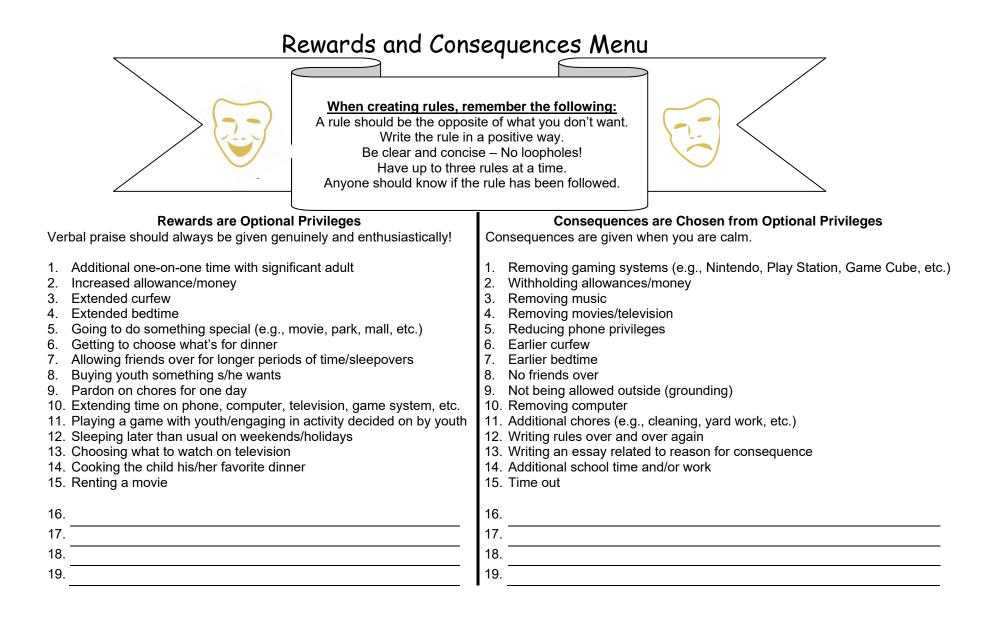
| WILL: | MONDAY | TUESDAY | WEDNESDAY | THURSDAY | FRIDAY | SATURDAY | SUNDAY |
|-------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |
|       |        |         |           |          |        |          |        |

**REWARD** 

=

STICKERS/STARS

ЗH





#### **Behavior Management Planning Worksheet**

- 1. What is the problem behavior?
- 2. What is the opposite of the problem behavior?
- 3. Write the rule positively using the answer from #2.
- 4. What reward will the child get if the rule is followed?
- 5. What consequence will the child get if the rule is not followed?

| If you answered "no" to any of the above questions,<br>then rewrite the rule so you can answer "yes" to these questions. |       |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Are there any loopholes?   | 🗌 Yes | 🗌 No |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Is the rule specific?  | 🗌 Yes | Νο   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Is what you want the child to do stated very clearly?  | 🗌 Yes | Νο   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Is the rule enforceable 100% of the time?  | Yes   | Νο   |  |  |  |  |  |  |









